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# TESTS IN ENGLISH

**WORD-FORMATION** 



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## INTRODUCTION

#### AIM OF THE BOOK

This is the third book in the series TESTS IN ENGLISH, following Thematic Vocabulary and Structural Conversion. This book has the aim of testing and, by testing, of teaching English word-formation. By mastering the ability to form new words, one can create from a single root word a family of, sometimes, more than twenty lexical items! It's been shown that ten Latin and two Greek stems (facio, duco, tendo, plico, specio, pono, teneo, fero, mitto, capio; logos, grapho) enter in some form or other into the composition of 2500 English words! Knowing prefixes and suffixes helps one quess the meaning of completely new words, also.

Word-formation is tested in most of the recognised examinations but it is given hardly any attention in the well-known coursebooks. This book is an attempt to fill the gap.

#### TESTS AS TEACHING MATERIAL

Both testing and teaching are so closely interrelated that it is virtually impossible to work in either field without being constantly concerned with the other. Tests may be constructed primarily as devices to reinforce learning and to motivate the student. They may develop and increase the student's awareness, as well as his stock, of English structures. A well-constructed test will provide the student with an opportunity to show his ability to recognise or to produce the correct forms of the language. Provided that details of his performance are given as soon as possible after the test, the student should be able to learn from his errors and consolidate the pattern taught. In this way a test can be used as a valuable teaching device. (Heaton, 1975:1-2)

#### LEVEL AND THE CHOICE OF STRUCTURES

The book is intended for intermediate and advanced students. It will, it is hoped, also be useful to teachers of English, if only as a source of test material.

The choice of prefixes and suffixes is based on Hans Marchand, *The Categories and Types of Present-Day English Word-Formation* (1960, 1969), the most comprehensive review of English Word-formation, and their division into groups on Randolph Quirk et al. *A Grammar of Contemporary English* (1992).

## ORGANISATION

A comprehensive index shows where each field of word-formation can be found. All the prefixes, suffixes and main parts of compounds tested are indexed, so it is usually not difficult to locate quickly the material you need.

The more difficult tests are marked with an asterisk (\*). Answers to the tests are given in the Key. The pages with exercises which can be used as photocopiable material are marked on the margin with a "COPY" sign.

## TO THE STUDENT

How many words are you able to create with the stem logos? There are at least 156 English words in the formation of which logos plays a part! If you can't think of at least twenty words with logos and are not able to define all of them, you should make friends with this book. Despite its title, this book will not just test your knowledge of word-formation, but will provide you with practice which will help you to learn how to build words.

If you intend to work with this book seriously, I suggest that you give yourself every advantage by carefully following the laws of learning:

#### 1. Space your learning

Do not attempt too many tests at a time. Do one or two exercises at a time – three if you're doing well and are very involved. Spaced studying is far more efficient and far more productive than doing a lot in a very short period of time.

Come back to the book every day, or as close to every day as the circumstances of your life permit. Find a schedule that is comfortable for you, and then stick to it. I know it may be hard for a week or so, but after this period you will actually miss your few minutes with the English word-formation tests.

#### 2. Do not rush - go at your own comfortable speed

Everyone learns at a different pace. Fast learners are no better than slow learners – it's the end result that counts, not the time it takes you to finish.

#### 3. Review

In order for the prefixes, suffixes and words to become "fixed" in your mind, you need to test yourself again and again. When you start a new session, go back to the exercises of the previous session, and try to do them again; or at least do again the items that you were not able to answer or gave wrong answers to.

#### 4. Use reference books

Use your reference books often. Don't just use them when you meet a completely new word. Even when you already know the tested prefix/suffix, check in a reference book how and when it can be used – the notes given in the book are not enough. Don't just learn new prefixes/suffixes or compounds; you also need to know how to use them.

#### 5. Test yourself

When doing the exercises you are not aiming for a grade, or putting your worth on the line – rather you are discovering your weaknesses, if any; deciding where repairs have to be made; and, especially, experiencing a feeling of success at work well done.

## HOW TO WORK WITH THIS BOOK

One important thing to remember is this: DO NOT MARK the correct answer with ink in the book. If you do this, you are ruining the book for any future use either by yourself or by anyone else.

Here are some of the ways in which the book may be used. You yourself will be able to think of many more.

#### 1. Straightforward self testing

- a. Begin with the sections that most interest you.
- b. Read the tests and exercises and try to choose the right answer.
  Write down in a notebook only those answers you are certain are correct. Do not guess.
  Try to avoid the temptation of referring to the Key until you have finished! No cheating!
- c. Check your answers and, with a coloured pencil, correct from the Key any mistakes you have made.
- d. Read through the test again, paying special attention to the words you didn't know or got wrong. Using a reference book, learn more about the compound, prefix or suffix you didn't know. Try the test again fifteen minutes later.
- After a few days try the same test again. You should be able to give many more, if not all, the
  answers correctly.

#### 2. Trying the tests with a friend

- a. Try a test together with a friend, but each of you should mark answers on separate sheets of paper.
- Compare his answers with yours. If your answers are different try to give your reasons for choosing the answers in question.
- c. Correct both sets of answers from the Key.
- d. Discuss, with the help of reference book explanations, the right answers.
- e. Try the test again.

I hope you will find working with this book both a stimulating and a fruitful experience. Good luck!

## REFERENCE BOOKS

The book was prepared not to lecture on the theory of word building, but to test the ability to form new words. *Tests in English: Word-Formation*, while giving the right answers to the tests, does not give full explanations of the usage of the prefixes/suffixes or the choice between them.

Therefore, in order to learn more about the underlying rules of word-formation, the more academic handbooks should be consulted. The best outline of English word-formation is Hans Marchand, The Categories and Types of Present-Day English Word-Formation (1960, 1969), but as it might not be easily available and as it is quite academic, the simpler, if much less comprehensive, Slownictwo i slowotwórstwo angielskie by Tadeusz Grzebieniowski (1995) may be recommended, especially for its discussion of compounds. Collins Cobuild's Word Formation (1991) is useful for the explanations and the lists of vocabulary, but the latter may sometimes be somewhat misleading, especially the ones of words with "other meaning".

An English-English dictionary is indispensable while using Word-Formation. Remembering that very often, especially in case of the compounds, the meaning of the word created cannot be guessed from the meanings of its elements, a dictionary must be consulted, when in doubt, to check the exact meaning and usage of each new creation.

#### A NOTE ON THE HYPHEN

The hyphen (-) is used to make a compound word out of two or more words which are intended to be read as a single unit. The inclusion or otherwise of hyphens in complex words is often inconsistent by English users: some may use it in a given word and some not.

Orthographically, compounds are written:

- 1) as one word, e.g. schoolboy
- 2) hyphenated, e.g. nineteenth-century poetry
- 3) as two words, e.g. army officer

There are no safe rules that will help in the choice between these three possibilities, and some words may even occur in three different compound forms, for example, flowerpot, flowerpot,

In well-established compounds using prefixes, the tendency is not to use a hyphen, but it is always used with ex- and self- and to prevent ambiguity where words are similar (e.g. resign = auit and re-sign = sign again).

## Prefixes

## 1. NEGATIVE and REVERSATIVE PREFIXES

#### EXERCISE 1

Which of the following verbs do not form their negatives with DIS-? Form correct negatives of the odd verbs.

agree	appear	approve	believe
continue	do	dress	infect
inherit	like	obey	organise
place	please	prove	satisfy
trust			

#### **EXERCISE 2\***

DE- can be used with different meanings.

Divide the following verbs formed with DE- into two groups:

- 1) when it means to remove or remove from the stated thing, e.g. defrost,
- 2) when it means reversing the process described by the original word, e.g. deactivate.

decentralise	declassify	decode	decolonise
decompress	dehumanise	dehydrate	deindustrialise
delouse	dematerialise	demilitarise	demist
depoliticise	depopulate	deregulate	destabilise

#### EXERCISE 3

Divide the following verbs into two groups:

- 1) the ones forming their negative with DE-,
- 2) the ones forming their negative with DIS-.

activate	agree	appear	approve
arm	believe	classify	colonise
connect	continue	frost	infect
inherit	like	louse	militarise
mist	mobilise	obey	organise

please place possess stabilise qualify satisfy trust

prove throne.

EXERCISE 4

Divide the following adjectives and nouns into two groups:

1) the ones forming their negative with DE-,

2) the ones forming their negative with DIS-.

activation classification congestion favour honour militarisation proportionate advantage colonisation contamination hydration industrialisation

mobilisation

reputable

belief comfort content harmony loyal obedience

respect

centralisation compression courteous honest materialisation order

similar

stabilisation

EXERCISE 5

Divide the following nouns into three groups:

1) the ones forming their negatives with IL-,

2) the ones forming their negatives with IR-,

3) the ones forming their negatives with IM-.

legality literacy modesty patience possibility propriety responsibility

legibility maturity morality perfection potency

purity

legitimacy mobility mortality piety practicability rationality

liberality moderation partiality politeness probability regularity

EXERCISE 6

Divide the following adjectives into three groups:

1) the ones forming their negative with IL-.

2) the ones forming their negatives with IR-,

3) the ones forming their negatives with IM-.

legal limitable mature modest

legible literate measurable

moral

legitimate logical memorial mortal

material moderate movable

liberal

perfect mutable partial patient perishable pious placeable personal potent practical polite possible probable proper pure rational regular relevant replaceable resistible responsible

EXERCISE 7

Which of the following adjectives do not form their negatives with IN-? Form correct negatives of the odd adjectives.

adequate advisable appropriate attractive capable comparable considerable curable direct discreet edible edited flexible frequent loval mutable replaceable reputable

ambiauous audible compatible definite disputable estimable hospitable offensive

responsible

transitive

applicable calculable. conclusive destructible distinctive finite human political sanitary

EXERCISE 8

sensual

Which of the following nouns do not form their negatives with IN-? Form correct negatives of the odd nouns.

ability adequacy consistency fallibility maturity service visibility

accessibility attractiveness convenience gratitude mortality sincerity

social

accuracy believer dependence justice respect

tolerance

activity compatibility effectiveness liberality security validity

EXERCISE 9

Which of the following adjectives form their negatives with IN- and which with UN-?

accessible adaptable ambiguous apt

accurate adequate answerable

attempted

accustomed admissible applicable attractive

active affected appropriate audible

authorised	avoidable	aware	bearable
beatable	believable	biased	calculable
capable	censored	ceremonious	certain
charitable	civilised	classified	clear
comfortable	communicative	comparable	compatible
comprehensible	conceivable	conclusive	conditional
connected	conscious	considerable	consistent
constant	constitutional	convenient	conventional
countable	credulous	critical	curable

# Which of the following adjectives form their negatives with IN- and which with UN-?

disciplined discreet disputable distinctive distinguished edited edited educated effective eligible equal estimable even expected explored fair faithful fallible familiar fashionable formal fortunate friendly fulfilled grammat grateful discrete disputable disputable discrete disputable formal fortunate friendly fulfilled grammat disputable disputable formal formal fortunate friendly identified disputable disputable formal for	le ical
grateful healthy identified idiomatic imaginable important intentional just	

## **EXERCISE 11**

# Which of the following adjectives form their negatives with $\emph{IN}\text{-}$ and which with $\emph{UN}\text{-}?$

known mixed offensive popular punctual reliable separable sure tangible trustworthy	likely necessary official practical questionable ripe sincere suspected tidy usual	tolerant valid	merciful obtainable polluted profitable recognisable sensible sufficient sympathetic transitive visible
welcome	willing	worthy	wise

## EXERCISE 12

# Which of the following adjectives do not form their negatives with NON-? Form correct negatives of the odd adjectives.

academic	accurate	aggressive	alcoholic
economic	essential	existent	fatal
human	literate	logical	modest
movable	reputable	verbal	violent
willing			

## EXERCISE 13

# Which of the following nouns do not form their negatives with NON-? Form correct negatives of the odd nouns.

advantage	aggression	believer	change
conformist	fiction	legitimacy	morality
order	patience	payment	politeness
profit	reader	resident	smoker
specialist	symmetry	violence	

## EXERCISE 14

# Look at these examples and add more of your own, using the root words below with one of the negative prefixes in this list.

DIS- disagree IN- indirect				immature uncomfortable
accurate expected legible moral popular relevant visible	approve familiar like obey possible satisfied	convenien kind literate patient probable tidy	t	decent known lucky personal regular tolerant

## EXERCISE 15

## Use prefixes to form the opposites of the following nouns.

ability	accuracy	action	advantage
comfort	co-operation	efficiency	happiness
legibility	possibility	responsibility	reverence
Sincerity			

Use prefixes to form the opposite of the following adjectives and adverbs.

agreeable	owore	complete	correct
courteously	-existent	explicably	fair
important	interesting	legal	legible
literate	logical	mobile	moral
mature	natural	necessary	patient
possible	practical	productive	-profit making
proper	pure	rational	reliable
remarkable	replaceable	responsible	reverent
sincere	sufficient	sure	

#### EXERCISE 17

## Use prefixes to form the opposite of the following verbs:

agree	appear	approve	classify
code	connect	continue	do
-escalate	fuse	obey	please
sensitise	stick	tie	·

## EXERCISE 18

Use the word in capitals at the end of each of the following sentences to form a word that fits the blank space. Fill each blank in this way.

- 1. The result was very strange! In fact it was ... . BELIEVABLE
- 2. He has an unfortunate ... to understand other people's feelings. ABILITY
- 3. After losing her job she was .... for a month. EMPLOYED
- 4. The villages in the mountains are quite ... during winter. ACCESSIBLE
- His arguments are so ... that it is almost impossible to have a sensible discussion with him. LOGICAL
- 6. It was a terrible game. Our team played very ... . IMAGINATIVELY
- 7. After I had got to know him better, I... him intensely. LIKED
- 8. The young girl's fine performance was completely ... . EXPECTED
- 9. Browning had another violent ... with the boss. AGREEMENT
- 10. It's very hot. Why don't you ... your collar, BUTTON
- 11. Wear casual clothes, It's a(n) ... occasion, FORMAL
- 12. I can't eat it! It's completely ... . EDIBLE
- 13. In some places the weather changes so quickly that it's very ... . PREDICTABLE
- 14. You do have some good ideas but your work is very .... ORGANISED
- 15. "This is not a good essay" said the lecturer. "I find your arguments....." CONVINCING

#### EXERCISE 19\*

Use the word in capitals at the end of each of the following sentences to form a word that fits the blank space. Fill each blank in this way.

- 1. Marge ... quickly and got into the warm bath. DRESS
- 2. We had a marvellous holiday and our trip to the mountains was ... , FORGET
- 3. Pete's parents decided that his scorpion was an ... pet. SUIT
- 4. The pain became ... so we had to call the ambulance, ENDURE
- 5. She got very anary but later she apologised for her ... . PATIENT
- 6. She divorced him because of his ... to the children. KIND
- 7. The thing I hate about Mary is her ... . RELIABLE
- 8. I couldn't help it, the accident was ... . AVOID
- 9. This small car is ... for long journeys. SUIT
- 10. Nobody wears clothes like that any more they are terribly .... FASHION
- 11. Water came through our roof but luckily my books were ... . DAMAGE
- 12. Pushing into a queue is considered extremely ... . POLITE
- The factory was ... so the management tried to cut costs by making some workers redundant. COMPETE
- 14. This is good quality leather, but actually very ... . EXPENSE
- 15. His boss told him off because he had behaved .... RESPONSIBLE

## 2. PEJORATIVE PREFIXES

#### EXERCISE 20

Add to the following either DI5- or MIS-, remembering that:

- DIS- means that the action, state, or characteristic has the opposite effect or is the opposite of the original word;
- 2) MIS- means that the action has been inadequately performed.

Can any of the following be used to form words with both DIS- and MIS-?

advantage	agree	appear	belief
continue	connect	credit	hear
honest	infect	information	judge
like	obey	place	please
pronunciation	quote	read	representation
respect	trust	use	understand

Complete each of the following sentences with the appropriate word beginning with MIS-.

e.g. I'm afraid you MISunderstood what I said.

- 1. I seem to have MIS - d my keys.
- 2. The little boy MIS - - ed in class so he was sent out.
- 3. It was a case of MIS - en identity,
- 4. Your name has been MIS - It on that document; there should be double L at the end.
- While calling the next patient, the nurse MISp - - ed my name so badly that I didn't know that it was my turn to see the doctor.
- The directions given to us by the passer-by were MISI - ing and we ended in the wrong part of the town.

## EXERCISE 22

Divide the following verbs into two groups:

- 1) the ones taking MAL-,
- 2) the ones taking MIS-.

adjust direct	behave friend	calculate inform	construe interpret
judge	manage	nourish	place
print	quote	read	religious
treat	trust	understand	use

#### EXERCISE 23

Divide the following nouns into three groups:

- 1) the ones taking MAL-,
- 2) the ones taking MIS-,
- 3) the ones taking PSEUDO-.

absorption	adjustment calculation distribution information nutrition quotation	administration	apprehension
behaviour		conception	conduct
democracy		fortune	friend
function		judgement	management
marble		parent	practice
pronunciation		representation	science
treatment	understanding	use	

#### EXERCISE 24

Use the word in capitals at the end of each of the following sentences to form a word that fits the blank space. Fill each blank in this way.

- 1. They've ... my name on this form the first letter is M not N. SPELL
- The big bellies of these African children are the result not of overfeeding but of ... . NUTRIENT
- 3. The idea that the sun "rises" is a popular ... . CONCEIVE
- 4. Sorry about the mistake, I ... the instructions you gave me. UNDERSTAND
- 5. They aren't really clever although they pretend to be, they are simply ... . INTELLECT
- The experts believe that the accident was caused by a ... of the aircraft computer. FUNCTION
- 7. John turned up on the wrong day because of a ... . UNDERSTAND
- 8. For me, astrology is not a real science but simply ... . SCIENCE
- 9. This medicine can cause pregnant women to give birth to ... babies. FORM
- 10. Newspapers blamed the chaos after the flood on the ... of the local officials. ADMINISTER

## 3. CONVERSION PREFIXES

### EXERCISE 25\*

BE-can be used with different meanings.

Divide the following words formed with BE- into three groups:

- 1) when it forms transitive verbs, e.g. befriend,
- 2) when it means to cause to become, e.g. bewitched,
- 3) when it means wearing something, e.g. bespectacled.

becalmed	behold	bejewelled	belie
belittle	beloved	bemoan	bemused
bequeath	bereaved	beseech	beset
besiege	besotted	bestow	betray
betrothal	bewail	bewigged	bewildered

#### EXERCISE 26\*

Fill in the sentences with the right word starting with BE- prefix. If you find this task too difficult, choose the needed words from the list below the sentences.

- 1. The castle was BE... for a few months but it was never conquered.
- 2. We BE... the stray dog by giving him some milk and patting his head.

- 3. You shouldn't BE... him his success, because it's quite deserved,
- 4. His smile BE... his true feelings of hatred.
- Our sailing ship was BE... in the middle of the sea and we had to wait for two days for the wind.
- 6. Don't BE... your achievements, we all realise how much you have done.
- 7. Dearly BE..., we have gathered here to join the two young souls in holy matrimony.
- 8. He couldn't speak the language well, so he was BE... by all the sudden questions.
- 9. When the professor died his collection of old books was BE... to the University library.
- 10. She is a widow now; she was BE... of her husband two months ago.
- 11. She was BE... by the stranger's BE... smile and flattery into trusting him.

BECALMED	BEFRIENDED	BEGRUDGE	BEGUILED
BELIED	BELITTLE	BELOVED	BEMUSED
BEQUEATHED	BEREAVED	BESIEGED	BEWITCHING

## EXERCISE 27\*

## Make the following stems into verbs using prefix BE- or EN- or EM-.

-able	-bark	-bed	-bitter	-calm
-case	-circle	-close	-code	-courage
-danger	-force	-hold	-large	-lie
-little	-moan	-muse	-power	-queath
-reave	-rich	-seech	-set	-siege
-slave	-throne	-tomb	-tray	-wail

## 4. PREFIXES OF ATTITUDE

#### **EXERCISE 28**

Which of the following words do not take prefix A-?
Add correct attitude or negative prefixes to the odd words.

connect	dependent	ice	measure
moral	political	sensual	septic
sexual	social	symmetry	tie
typical		***************************************	

#### EXERCISE 29"

Prefix ANTI- can be used with different meanings.

Divide the following words formed with ANTI- into two groups:

- when it means opposed to a particular system or practice or to a particular group of people or their policies, culture, or power;
- when it means intended to prevent something from happening or to destroy something harmful.

anti-abortion	anti-apartheid	antibacterial	anti-British
anti-burglar	anti-cancer	anticommunist	antidemocratic
antifascist	anti-freeze	antifungal	anti~government
anti-infection	anti-marriage	anti-racist	antireligious
anti-rust	anti-seasickness	anti-submarine	anti -tank
anti-war			

## EXERCISE 30

Which of the following words do not take prefix ANTI-?
Add correct attitude or negative prefixes to the odd words.

abortion	aggression	agree	balance
behaviour	burglar	cancer	capitalist
freeze	fungal	government	happiness
infection	intelligent	nuclear	pollution
practice	trust	usual	-

#### **EXERCISE 31**

Which of the following words do not take prefix COUNTER-? Add correct attitude or negative prefixes to the odd words.

accusation belief	argument comfort	attack espionage	balance force
move	plot	reform	stability
symmetry	tidiness	willingness	

#### EXERCISE 32

Divide the following words into two groups:

- 1) the ones taking ANTI-,
- 2) the ones taking COUNTER-.

-abortion	accusation	act	-aggression
-American	-apartheid	argument	attack

balance	bacterial	blow	-burglar
-cancer	claim	communist	espionage
example	-freeze	-government	-infection
measure	-missile	move	nuclear
plot	-pollution	proposal	reaction
-reform	religious	revolution	-seasickness
-submarine	-war-		

## 5. PREFIXES of DEGREE or SIZE

#### EXERCISE 33\*

ARCH- can be used with different meanings.

Divide the following words formed with ARCH- into two groups:

- 1) when it means most important; higher rank, e.g. archbishop
- 2) when it means greater or (especially) worse than others of the same type, e.g. arch-enemy

angel	capitalist	communist	criminal
deacon	duchess	duke	fiend
manipulator	opponent	rebel	rival
traiter	villain		

#### EXERCISE 34

Choose six words from the list to complete the sentences below. The form of words can be changed to fit into the sentence.

archangel	Archbishop	arch-capitalist
arch-communist	archdeacon	Archduke
arch-enemy	arch-manipulator	arch-opponent
arch-royalist	arch-traitor	arch-villain

- 1. The assassination of ... Ferdinand was the immediate reason for the break-out of WWI.
- 2. Mary and Eve hate each other; they are real ....
- 3. The ... of Canterbury is the most important person in the Church of England.
- 4. Although today he is only an ... he hopes to become soon a bishop.
- According to St Dionysius, the Areopagite heaven is crowded with nine orders of heavenly spirits, with scraphs, ..., cherubs and angels.
- 6. She has always been an ... of our plans, and never misses an opportunity to criticise them.

#### EXERCISE 35\*

HALF- can be used with different meanings.

Divide the following words formed with HALF- into four groups:

- 1) when it means partly, almost, e.g. half-asleep,
- 2) when it means part of something, e.g. half-bottle,
- 3) when it refers to nationality, e.g. half-English,
- 4) when it refers to family relationship, e.g. half-bother.

half-acre	half-buried	half-century	half-circle
half-cooked	half-cup	half-dead	half-distance
half-dozen	half-dressed	half-eaten	half-empty
half-finished	half-forgotten	half-German	half-grown
half-Indian	half-length	half-measure	half-melted
half-mile	half-million	half-moon	half-open
half-page	half-pay	half-pint	half-Polish
half-pound	half-price	half-realise	half-sister
half-smiling	half-starved	half-strength	half-truth
half-wild	half-year		

## EXERCISE 36\*

MEGA- can be used with different meanings.

Divide the following words formed with MEGA- into two groups:

- 1) when it means a million times bigger,
- 2) when it means very large or important.

mega-acquisition	mega-bid	megablock
mega-bureaucracy	megabyte	megacycle
mega-documentary	mega-fantasy	megaloss
megahertz	mega-production	megastar
megaton	megawatt	

## EXERCISE 37

Complete the following sentences with a word which combines with OUT-. Sometimes more than one answer is possible.

Look for prompts under the exercise.

- We bought a four-bedroom house, but our rich neighbours, not to be OUT-...., bought a seven-bedroom one.
- At the auction we very badly wanted to buy the painting but we were OUT..., and it was purchased by a Frenchman.

- 3. Have you seen how this eight-year-old OUT... your teenage son? Aren't kids cleverer nowadays than we were at their age?
- 4. Can you imagine that this oak desk OUT... five generations of students and it is still in a pretty good shape?
- During the tennis championships she OUT... all her competitors so she easily won the first prize.
- 6. Although he OUT... his wife by thirty years, he never married again.

OUTLIVED

OUTCLASSED OUTSMARTED OUTDONE OUT-TALKED OUTLASTED

#### **EXERCISE 38\***

OVER- can be used with different meanings.

Divide the following words formed with OVER- into five groups:

- 1) when it means too much; excess of, e.g. overpaid,
- 2) when it means power, e.g. overcome,
- 3) when it means above, beyond, across, e.g. overseas,
- 4) when it means outer; covering, e.g. overalls,
- 5) when it means groups of people older than the given age, e.g. over-sevens.

Note: words formed with OVER- are sometimes written with a hyphen and sometimes as one word.

overabundance	overanxious	overburden	overcautious
overcharge	overcoat	overconfident	overcook
overcrowded	overdemanding	overdeveloped	overdo
overdose	overdue	over-eager	overeat
over-eighteens	overestimate	overfed	over-fives
overflow	overhanging	overheat	overindulgence
overland	overload	overpopulated	overprotective
overpower	overreact	override	overrule
overrun	overseas	overshadow	overshoot
oversleep	oversized	over-sixties	overtake
overthrow	overturn	over-twenty-ones	overweight
overwork	overworried	overwhelm	

#### **EXERCISE 39\***

5UB- can be used with different meanings.

Divide the following words formed with SUB- into four groups:

- 1) when it means smaller part of a larger whole: secondary, e.g. sub-branch,
- 2) when it means beneath; lower down, e.g. subway,
- 3) when it means lesser, smaller, inferior, e.g. substandard,
- 4) when it means control or exert power, e.g. subdue.

sub-basement	sub-class	sub-committee	subcontinent
sub-contractor	subculture	subcurrent	subdivision
sub-editor	sub-freezing	sub-heading	subhuman
sub-humid	subjugation	sub-literacy	submarine
submerge	submissive	subnormal	suboceanic
subordinate	sub-paragraph	sub-plot	subseq
subsection	subservient	subsonic	sub-species
sub-station	substructure	sub-surface	sub-system
subtenant	subtitle	sub-total	sub-zero

#### EXERCISE 40\*

SUR- means over, above, excess of.

Choose a word from the list to complete the sentences below.

surcharge surfeit surmount surpass surplus surreal

- 1. The castle was ... by three tall turrets.
- 2. Poland has a large ... of coal, so we send it abroad.
- 3. Some of Malczewski's paintings, with all their dreamlike figures, have a really ... quality.
- I think that there has been a ... of violence and bloodshed on TV nowadays.
- 5. We were ... on the telephone call because it lasted over 3 minutes.
- The results of the benefit concert ... all our expectations.

#### **EXERCISE 41\***

SUPER- can be used with different meanings.

Divide the following words formed with SUPER- into three groups:

- 1) when it means very or more than usually, e.g. super-active,
- when it means larger or more effective, more powerful, more successful than usual, e.g. superman,
- 3) when it means beyond, e.g. supersonic.

Note: words formed with SUPER- can be written with a hyphen or as one word.

superabundant super-clever super-efficient super-hero superintense supernational superpower super-sensitive	super-athlete super-computer superfine superhuman super-leader supernatural super-quick superstar	superbrain super-conscious super-friendly super-hygienic supermarket supernormal super-rich superstore	super-cheap super-dominant superheated super-intelligent supermodern super-organism super-secure supertanker
super-union	superwoman	Super Stor S	Dapar rantor

#### EXERCISE 42\*

UNDER- can be used with different meanings.

Divide the following words formed with UNDER- into five groups:

- 1) when it means too little; insufficient; not enough or not done as well or as much as is necessary, e.g. underpaid,
- 2) when it means going underneath, e.g. undersea,
- 3) when it means inner, beneath others, e.g. underwear,
- 4) when it means less important or lower in rank, e.g. under-gardener,
- 5) when it means groups of people younger than the given age, e.g., under-sevens.

Note: words formed with UNDER- are sometimes written with a hyphen and sometimes as one word.

underarm underclothes under-equipped under-financed underfoot undergrown underline underpass undersea undersigned understaffed undersurface undervalue	underblanket underdeveloped underestimate under-fives undergraduate undergrowth under-manned underpriced undersecretary understatement under-trained underwater	undercarriage under-eighteens under-exercised underfloor underground under-librarian undernourished underprepared under-seventies under-soil undersubscribed under-twenty-twos underweight
--	---	--

## EXRCISE 43

Which of the following words can we use:

- 1) both with OVER- and UNDER-?
- 2) only with OVER-?
- 3) only with UNDER-?

abundance	anxious	clothes	developed
do	-eighteens	estimate	fed
ground	seas	secretary	sized
weight	worried	-	

#### EXERCISE 44

Look at these examples and add more of your own, using the root words with one of the following prefixes of degree and size.

MICRO- microbiology, microsurgery, SUR- surcharge,		OVER- overcook, overwhelm, ULTRA - ultra-clean, ultra-light,	
biology come eat estimate land night power seas take	-cautious computer -economics film -light -orthodox protective second	charge -conservative electronics hanging -modern pass react sleep	coat crowded -environment -intelligent mount plus rule structure

## EXERCISE 45

Look at these examples and add more of your own, using the root words with one of the following prefixes of degree and size.

ARCH- archangel, a MEGA- mega-ton, UNDER- undersize, u	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	HYPER- hyperactive, l SUB- subdue, sub-pl	, ,
byte	-cautious	clothes	-committee
continent	-contractor	creative	critical
culture	cycle	deacon	developed
division	duke	-enemy	-equipped
estimate	-freezing	garments	graduate
ground	hertz	human	

#### EXERCISE 46

Look at these examples and add more of your own, using the root words with one of the prefixes of degree and size in this list.

ARCH- archang MEGA- mega-to UNDER- undersi		HYPER- hyperact SUB- subdue, su	ive, hyper-modern, ıb-plot,
line	loss	merge	natural
normal	nourished	-opponent	pay
-production	-rebel	-rival	section
sensitive	size	standard	statement

structure	tenant	title	-total
-villain	water	watt	way
weight			

Look at these examples and add more of your own, using the root words with one of the prefixes of degree and size in this list.

HYPO - hypothermia,		MACRO- macro-biotic,	
MINI- minibus, mini		OUT- outgrow, out	smart,
SUPER- super-clever	, supernational,		
-active	bid	brain	-budget
-camera	-computer	conductor	dermic
-documentary	economics	-expedition	fine
-friendly	-hero	human	-hygienic
-golf	-graph	-intelligent	jump
last	-lecture	live	-market
man	manoeuvre	market	modern
molecular	natural	power	run
-scale	sell	-series	-skirt
star	-structure	swim	-talk
wit			

#### EXERCISE 48\*

Fill the gaps in the following sentences using a prefix of degree or size with the correct form of the root word in capitals.

- 1. He isn't happy with his job, because he feels that he is ... . PAY
- 2. For the last few weeks we have had ... temperatures every night. ZERO
- 3. I just loved the place with all the cliffs ... the stream. HANG
- 4. Energy production for the world is one of the problems dealt with by ... . ECONOMY
- Don't worry! With the helping hand of your friends you will soon ... all your problems.
- 6. She has such beautiful legs that she should always wear ... . SKIRT
- Jeremy is ... on this issue so better not mention it unless you want to offend him or get him annoyed. SENSE
- I like their house but I am not too fond of all this ... furniture; I'd rather have something more old-fashioned. MODERN
- Michael Jackson is one of the few ... of pop-music; indeed, he's called the "Pope of pop".STAR
- 10. We were late because we ... how much time we'd need to get here. ESTIMATE
- One ... equals one million cycles per second. HERTZ
- 12. Spies often use ... for small-scale reproduction of documents. FILM

- 13. I know that your English is very good, but you shouldn't be ... . CONFIDENT
- 14. There were only eight tourists so they hired a ... instead of a coach. BUS
- 15. The champion ... his opponents and defended his title. FIGHT

## EXERCISE 49\*

Fill the gaps in the following sentences using a prefix of degree or size with the correct form of the root word in capitals.

- 1. If you want to get to the other side of this busy street, you must cross by the .... WAY
- 2. We were ... for the eggs in that little shop on the corner; don't ever go there to buy anythingl CHARGE
- I think your professor is ..., but by paying too much attention to the small faults he seems not to notice all the ingenious ideas present in your project. CRITIC
- 4. You would need the ... to do this; ordinary human power is not enough. MAN
- 5. The baby is three weeks ... so we are getting seriously worried. DUE
- 6. There is much more in common between the ... of the human body and the ... of nature than meets the eye. COSMOS
- 7. I love doing my shopping in this ... where I can buy everything under one roof. MARKET
- 8. It was so cold that I was glad I had obeyed my mother and put on warm ... . WEAR
- 9. These toys could be swallowed so they shouldn't be given to the ... FIVE
- Angels and devils are spiritual or ... beings, because they are not controlled by physical laws. NATURE
- 11. Since we still have an hour left, let me give you a ... tour of our city. TOUR
- 12. I love swimming and I love taking pictures, so I bought an ... camera to combine the two.

  WATER
- 13. On one sheet of this ... you can store more than 35 pages of printed word. FICHE
- 14. When I watch a movie in English I try to understand the actors and not to read the ... . TITLE
- 15. Poland had a ... of potatoes last year so over five hundred thousand tons were exported. PLUS

## EXERCISE 50\*

Fill the gaps in the following sentences using a prefix of degree or size with the correct form of the root word in capitals.

- He isn't a very successful businessman because he is ... and he never takes any risks.
   CAUTION
- 2. That criminal, ladies and gentlemen, can't be called a man; he is less than human, he is ..., he is more like an animal. HUMAN
- 3. The old lady died of ..., because she spent the whole night in the cold without any warm clothes. THERMIA

- 4. While painting you should wear an ..., not an apron. ALL
- 5. His ambition ... his ability so he was very disappointed when he failed the exam. RUN
- 6. You are really ... and you need to take a holiday to rest for at least a few days. WORK
- 7. After our return from France we found our beautiful garden ... with weeds. GROW
- 8. If only the ... are allowed to make political decisions, the right to make mistakes should be reserved to the ... . EIGHTEEN / EIGHTEEN
- 9. Although this rural region is richly endowed it is ... because people prefer to live in cities which soon become .... POPULATION / POPULATION
- 10. The manager tried to explain the delay in his department by saying that they were ..., ..., and ... . STAFF / PAY / WORK
- 11. The committee was ... into four ... which were to deal with particular problems. DIVIDE/COMMITTEE
- 12. Don't ... or you will become ... . EAT/WEIGH

## 6. PREFIXES of TIME and ORDER

## EXERCISE 51

PRE- can be used with different meanings.

Divide the following words formed with PRE- into two groups:

1) when it means before, e.g. pre-Christian,

preset

2) when it means already, e.g. pre-paid.

pre-arranged	
pre-cooked	
predestination	
prefabricated	
pre-industrial	
pre-planned	
pre-retirement	
pre-selection	
pre-1950	

pre-birth pre-cut pre-digested pre-heated

premarital pre-prepared pre-revolution

pre-packed pre-Roman

pre-booked pre-dawn pre-election prehuman pre-recorded

pre-sixteenth century

pre-Christmas pre-delivery pre-examination pre-independence pre-payment

pre-Reformation

pre-school

prewar

postcode post-Impressionism postmaster postoffice

postbag

post-medieval post-Renaissance

post-election

postbox

post-independence

post-liberation post-modernism post-1930s

post-examination

postcard

post-Shakespearean postmark

post-natal

post-ceremony

post-eighteenth-century

## EXERCISE 52

Which of the following verbs take FORE- and which PRE-?

cast see

-date shadow decease tell

determine view

judge warn

## EXERCISE 53\*

FORE- can be used with different meanings.

Divide the following words formed with FORE- into two groups:

- 1) when it means before, e.g. foretell,
- 2) when it means the front, e.g. forearm.

forearm	forecast
forefoot	forehead
forelimb	forepart
foreshore	foresight

foredoomed foreknowledge foresee foreskin

## foreshadow forewarn

-Christian

natal

tell

examination

forefathers

foreleg

#### EXERCISE 54

Not only PRE- and FORE- but also ANTE- have before as part of their meaning. Divide the following words into three groups: those taking PRE-, ANTE-, or FORE-. Are there any which can take more than one of the prefixes?

chamber -birth cast doomed date -decease marital fathers knowledge -school see room -1900-war warn

## **EXERCISE 55**

Prefix POST- can be used with different meanings. Divide the following words formed with POST- into two groups:

1) when it means after, e.g. post-election,

2) when it means connected with postal services, e.g. postman.

## EXERCISE 56

Divide the following words into three groups:

- 1) those which can take only PRE-,
- 2) those which can take only POST-,

3) those which can take both PRE- and POST-.

-booked -arranged bag code conception -cooked -date decease destination determine -election -examination fabricated -Impressionism human -independence meditation -modernism -natal -planned -Reformation -Renaissance -retirement -revolution -Roman -school -Shakespearean -sixteenth-century view -1950s -war

## EXERCISE 57\*

Prefix RE- added to a verb indicates that an action is done or happens a second time. In which of the following words RE- may have a different meaning? What is the meaning of the odd word?

reappear	rebuild	reconsider	reconstruct
recover	recreate	redefine	rediscover
redistribute	re-examine	release	remarry
remove	rename	reopen	reprint
re-read	research	reserve	resolve
restart	restrain	reunite	rewrite

## 7. NUMBER PREFIXES

#### EXERCISE 58\*

BI- can be used with different meanings.

Divide the following words formed with BI- into two groups:

- 1) when it means two, e.g. bicycle,
- 2) when it means twice, e.g. biweekly.

biannual bilateral bicarbonate bilingual

bicentenary bimonthly

bigamy binary

binoculars

bisect

What are the two possible meanings of the following sentence:

"The film festival takes place BIyearly"?

#### EXERCISE 59\*

Words with both DEMI- and SEMI- have half as part of their meaning. Divide the following into two groups:

- 1) those which take DEMI-,
- 2) those which take SEMI-.

-annual

circle

-detached

-aod

-monde

-tone

-world

## EXERCISE 60\*

SEMI- can be used with different meanings.

Divide the following words formed with SEMI- into two groups:

- 1) when it means half, e.g. semicircular,
- 2) when it means partly, e.g. semi-official.

semi-annual

semi-automatic

semicircle

semi-detached

semi-retired

semi-skilled

semi-tone

#### **EXERCISE 61\***

Words with both MULTI- and POLY- have many as part of their meaning. Choose which of the given prefixes can be used with the given word or stem:

MULTI / POLY-coloured MULTI / POLY-dimensional MULTI / POLYglot MULTI / POLYgraph MULTI / POL Mingual MULTI / POLYphony MULTI / POLYstorey MULTI / POLYtalented MULTI / POLYtheism

MULTI / POLY cultural MULTI / POLY-flavoured MULTI / POLYgram

MULTI / POLYlateral MULTI / POLYnational MULTI / POLYracial

MULTI / POLYsyllabic MULTI / POLYtechnic

## EXERCISE 62\*

Which of the following can take:

- 1) POLY- (meaning many),
- 2) MONO- (meaning one, single),
- 3) either prefix?

MONO/POLYculture MONO/POLYgon

MONO/POLYgamy MONO/POLYgraph MONO/POLYglot MONO/POLYgram MONO/POLYphonic MONO/POLYtechnic MONO/POLYxide

MONO/POLYplane MONO/POLYtheism MONO/POLYsyllabic MONO/POLYtone

## **EXERCISE 63**

Both UNI- and MONO- have one, single as part of their meaning.

Divide the following into two groups:

1) those which take UNI-,

2) those which take MONO-.

form culture.

lateral syllabic sex theism

chrome tone

## **EXERCISE 64\***

Give the defined words. If you find this task too difficult, match the definitions with the right words given under the exercise.

Note that sometimes there are more words than definitions!

A. Note: words with OMNI-have all as part of their meaning.

OMNI..... — having complete power to do anything that is desired

OMNI.... - having unlimited knowledge

OMNI .... - present everywhere at the same time

OMNI .... - able to eat all kinds of food

A. omniscient omnivorous

omnipotent omnipresent

B. Note: words with UNI- have one or single as part of their meaning.

UNI .... - being the only existing one of its type

UNI .... - the same, not varying in any way

UNI.... — believing that God is one person and rejecting the dogma of the Trinity

UNI .... - to bring together

UNI.... - a horse-like creature with a single horn

UNT ..... - involving only one group or country

UNI .... - intended for use by both men and women

unicorn unify

uniform unilateral unisex

unique Unitarian

C. Note: words with TRI-have three as part of their meaning.

TRI.... — a painting consisting of three parts

TRI.... - of which three copies are made

TRI.... - lasting for, happening or done every three hundred years

TRI .... - a group of three

TRI .... - three children born at one birth

TRI....- a series of three books

TRI.... - a geometrical figure with three straight sides

triangle tricentennial triennial trilogy trio triplet triplex triplicate triptych triumvirate

#### EXERCISE 65\*

Match the number prefixes with their explanations.

BIlateral, BIcentennial = eight CENTigrade, CENTimetre = five DECAgon, DECAlitre = four KILOcalorie, KILOwatt = a hundred MEGAbyte, MEGAhertz = many OCTAgon, OCTAve = a million PENTAgon, PENTAmeter = single POLYtheism, POLYsyllabism = ten QUADrangle, QUADrilateral = a thousand TRIangle, TRIlogy = three UNIlateral, UNIsex = two, twice

## EXERCISE 66\*

Look at these examples and add more of your own, using the root words with one of the prefixes in this list. It is often possible to use the same root more than once. You should be able to add 40 words.

BI - binary, ... DECA - decalitre, decathlon, ... DECI - decilitre, ... DEMI - demi-world, ... DI - diphthong, ... MILLI- millilitre, ... MONO - monochrome, ... MULTI- multi-flavoured, ... OMNI - omnivorous .... POLY - polyglot, ... SEMI - semi-tone, ... TRI - trilogy .... UNI - unique, ...

-bel -centennial -circle -cycle -dearee -detached -devil -ennial -gamy -god -qon -lateral -lingual -metre -monthly -pede -potent -present -second -sex -theism -xide.

# 8. OTHER PREFIXES

## EXERCISE 67\*

AFTER- can be used with different meanings. Divide the following words formed with AFTER- into two groups:

1) when it means result, e.g. after-care,

2) when it means timing, e.g. after-breakfast.

after-dinner ofter-image aftershock

after-work

after-effects after-lunch after-school

after-glow after-pain after-smell

after-hours after-sales aftertaste.

## EXERCISE 68"

AUTO- can be used with different meanings.

Divide the following words formed with AUTO- into three groups:

1) when it means automatic, e.g. autodial,

2) when it means cars, e.g. autoworker,

3) when it means oneself, e.g. autonomy.

autobiography auto-play auto-rotate

auto-defrost auto-record auto-timer

autograph autoredial auto-industry auto-reverse

autosport

auto-suggestion

## EXERCISE 69\*

EVER- can be used with different meanings.

Divide the following words formed with EVER- into two groups:

1) when it means increasingly, e.g. ever-closer,

2) when it means always, e.g. ever-helpful.

ever-changing ever-faster ever-increasing ever-shorter

ever-closer ever-greater everlasting

ever-smiling

ever-colder ever-growing ever-popular ever-stronger

ever-faithful ever-higher ever-present ever-willing

EXERCISE 70°

UP- can be used with different meanings. Divide the following words formed with UP- into two groups:

- 1) when it means position or direction, e.g. uphill,
- 2) when it means disturbance, e.g. uprising.

up-current upriver upside upwards

update uproar upstage updraught uproot upstairs

## 9 GENERAL PREFIX EXERCISES

## EXERCISE 71\*

up-country

upstream

upland

upset

Complete the given stems with the prefix the meaning of which is given next to it.

PREFIX	MEANING	STEMS	
UNDER	not enough	UNDERcooked	
200077 2001000 200100 200100 200100 200100 200100 200100 200100 200100 2001000 200100 200100 200100 200100 200100 200100 200100 200100 2001000 200100 200100 200100 200100 200100 200100 200100 200100 2001000 200100 200100 200100 200100 200100 200100 200100 200100 2001000 200100 200100 200100 200100 200100 200100 200100 200100 2001000 200100 200100 200100 200100 200100 200100 200100 200100 2001000 200100 200100 200100 200100 200100 200100 200100 200100 2001000 200100 200100 200100 200100 200100 200100 200100 200100 2001000 200100 200100 200100 200100 200100 200100 200100 200100 2001000 200100 200100 200100 200100 200100 200100 200100 200100 2001000 200100 200100 200100 200100 200100 200100 200100 200100 20010	before against first, chief of or by oneself two, twice with down; negative do the opposite of out of before/in front of between badly small badly/wrongly	roomwarbishopgraphcyclepilotcreaseownporttellnationalformedwaveunderstand	datebioticenemypilotlingualoperatescribeconnectcommunicategroundposetreatcomputerinform

## EXERCISE 72\*

Complete the given stems with the prefix the meaning of which is given next to it.

PREFIX	MEANING	UNDERcooked	
UNDER	not enough one/single	tonous	syllabic purpose
100,000	many	racial	

notnumbersleep too muchsleep	smoker live eat graduate
ofterfoce	war
beforegovernr	mentabortion
in favour of intellec	Figure 1.
Johns Color	
false ogain or backwritecircular	wind detached
half	marine
wdy	
acrossatlantic	plant

## EXERCISE 73"

# What do the following prefixes in bold mean?

# e.g. SUBway - SUB- means under.

antivirus co-operate impossible microcosm pseudo-intellectual transcontinental	antitoxic disbelief impolite monograph postmortem transatlantic	bilingual disconnect irresponsible monologue postgraduate underweight	biweekly ex-wife irrational overcrowded replay undercook	co-pilot ex-President microchip overcharge rewrite
--	--	--	---	--

## EXERCISE 74"

Complete the given stems with the prefix the meaning of which is given next to it. If you find the exercise too difficult, look for help in the list of prefixes below.

PREFIX UNDER	MEANINIG not enough	STEMS UNDERcooked	
A. A. A. B. B. C. C. C. C.	not, without air water people star, space soil (agriculture) sound, hearing two, twice life good time film heart	sexualdynamicriumologyologynomyvisuallateralgraphyficialologicalmatographyograph	politicalplanelungomorphismophysicschemicalcassettecentenniallogyfactorometermaologist
10			moregis!

C C D D D	around conceale hundred ten skin across half abnorm		cisecommunistigradegonatologistgonalgodfunction	navigatefascistimetrelitreatitismeterworldlexia
A- ASTR- CARDI- CRYPTO- DYS-	AERO- AUDIO- CENT- DECA-	AGRO- BENE- CHRON- DEMI-	ANTHROP- BI- CINE- DERM-	AQUA- BIO- CIRCUM- DIA-

## EXERCISE 75\*

Complete the given stems with the prefix the meaning of which is given next to it. If you find the exercise too difficult, look for help in the list of prefixes below.

PREFIX	MEANIN	16	STEMS	
E	earth		graphy	politics
E	equal		valent	nox
H	differen	t, another	sexual	geneous
H	below, lo	wer	dermic	thermia
H	blood		atology	ophilia
Har	water		ology	othermal
H	too much		critical	sensitive
H	the same		sexual	genous
I	within		venous	cellular
I	below, be	eneath	structure	red
I	equal, id		bar	tope
K	thousand		calorie	watt
M	tiny		scope	biology
M	huge		block	star
M	large		cosm	economics
M	million		byte	hertz
M	mother		archal	_cide
N	nerve		biology	psychiatry
0	eight		gon	_ve
0	all		potent	present
			HETERO-	номо-
EQUI-	GEO-	HAEM-	INFRA-	INTRA-
HYDRO-	HYPER-	НУРО-	MATRI-	MEGA-
I50-	KILO-	MACRO-	OMNI-	
MICRO-	NEURO-	OCTA-		

## ERCISE 76"

Complete the given stems with the prefix the meaning of which is given next to it. If you find the exercise too difficult, look for help in the list of prefixes below.

		STEMS		
PREFIX	MEAN!		-American	continental
P	similar		military	meter
P	five		gon	etics
P	sound		ology	sensitive
P	light		graph	syllabic
P	many		theism	coalition
P	in the e	arly stage	type	
P	mind		logy	analyst
P	four		angle	ilateral
Q	not quit		academic	official
Q	back(wa		spective	gressive
R.	partly		divine	automatic
5	over, above		charge	plus
5,	with, to		metrical	biosis
5	distant	, circi	vision	scope
T			cracy	logy
I	god		meter	nuclear
In	heat		angle	logy
T	three		The state of the s	
U.	extreme	y	rich	modern
U	single		lateral	sex
PAN-	PARA-	PENTA-	PHON-	РНОТО-
POLY-	PROTO-	PSYCHO-	QUADR-	QUASI-
RETRO-	SEMI-	SUR-	SYM-	TELE-
THEO-	THERMO-	TRI-	ULTRA-	UNI-

## ERCLSE TT

# What do the prefixes in capital letters mean?

AEROdynamic, AEROplane = AGROnomy, AGROchemical = ANTHROPology, ANTHROPomorphism = AQUArium, AQUAlung = ASTROlogy ASTROphysics = AUDIO-visual, AUDIO-cassette = BENEficial BENEfactor = BIOgraphy, BIOlogy = CARDIOgraph CARDIOlogist : CHRONOlogical, CHRONOmeter = CINEmatography, CINEma =

CTRCUMcise, CIRCUMnavigate = DEMI-god, DEMI-world = DERMAtologist, DERMAtitis = GEOgraphy, GEOpolitics =

## EXERCISE 78\*

## What do the prefixes in capital letters mean?

HAEMAtology, HAEMOphilia = HETEROsexual, HETEROgeneous = HOMOsexual, HOMOgenous = HYDROlogy, HYDROthermal = HYPOdermic, HYPOthermia = MATRIarchal, MATRIcide = MEGAblock, MEGAstar = NEURObiology, NEUROpsychiatry = PARAmilitary, PARA-professional = PHOTOgraph, PHOTOsensitive = PSYCHOlogy, PSYCHOanalyst = RETROspective, RETROgressive = TELEvision, TELEscope = THEOcracy, THEOlogy = THERMOmeter, THERMOnuclear =

## EXERCISE 79\*

# Fill in the blanks with words formed from the given stems.

- 1. It was a terrible game. Our team played very ... . IMAGINE
- 2. A list of ... meetings will be posted on the noticeboard in the corridor. COME
- 3. The pain became ... so we had to call the ambulance ENDURE
- 4. You look rather ... . Are you worried about something? OCCUPY
- 5. We had a marvellous holiday and our trip to the mountains was .... FORGET
- 6. The judge told him it was ... to drink and drive, and banned him for a year RESPOND
- 7. You do have some good ideas but your work is very .... ORGANISE
- 8. The result was very strangel In fact it was .... BELIEF
- 9. Living conditions in some poor African countries are very .... HEALTH
- 10. The traffic problem has improved .... EXPECT
- 11. When Mark made up for the play he was ... . RECOGNISE
- 12. Leisure habits won't change much in the ... future SEE
- 13. The government's ... approach has bought criticism. COMPROMISE
- 14. Jim is one of the most ... members of the committee. SPEAK
- 15. The old train station was filthy and ... ORGANISE

#### EXERCISE 80\*

Sometimes to the same root word it is possible to add different prefixes. Fill in the following sentences with the right words. Be certain you understand the difference between the given words.

- A. DÉFORMITIES
- DEFORMATION
- MALFORMATION
- 1. When I saw her after that accident I was terrified by the ... of her face.
- 2. Her child was born with terrible ... of his legs and hands.
- 3. Although the baby was born with a severe ... of the lungs, the doctors said she would live.
- B. DISINFORMATION
- MISINFORMATION
- 1. I'm positive that all the misunderstanding was caused by ... .
- 2. The ... spread abroad was to confuse the enemy as to the real plans of the government.
- C. EMIGRATION
- IMMIGRATION
- 1. The largest ... of Poles to the United States took place in the nineteenth century.
- 2. ... rules forbid the bringing of any fruit or food into this country.
- D. INFLAMMABLE
- NON-FLAMMABLE/NON-INFLAMMABLE
- 1. The firemen's uniforms are made of ... material.
- 2. You can't smoke in here because those barrels contain a highly ... liquid,
- E. AMORAL

- IMMORAL
- 1. He is accused of living off ... earnings, having forced five young girls to prostitute themselves.
- 2. His hero is an ... person guided not by any sense of morality but by a sheer instinct of survival.

## **EXERCISE 81\***

Sometimes to the same root word it is possible to add different prefixes. Fill in the following sentences with the right words. Be certain you understand the difference between the given words.

- A. DEMOBILISED
- IMMOBILISED
- 1. After the accident she was ... for two months and could not leave her bed.
- As soon as he was ... he returned home and tried to forget about the war.
- B. INSENSIBLE
- INSENSITIVE
- SENSELESS
- 1. We've just been shown another example of ... killing and violence.
- 2. After a few hours it was obvious that he is not ... to her charms and people started gossiping.
- 3. How can you be so ... to the feelings of this poor widow.
- C. BISEXUAL
- HETEROSEXUAL
- HOMOSEXUAL
- 1. John and Peter are ... and they have been lovers for over fifteen years.
- It's often claimed that many of the Arab men are ... as they like having sex with both men and women.
- 3. Although he is  $\,\dots$  and is happily married, he has many gay friends.
- D. ANTI-SOCIAL
- UNSOCIAL
- 1. He decided to work ... hours to earn some more money for the holidays.
- 2. Do you think that smoking in a room full of non-smokers is ... behaviour?

# Suffixes

## 1. NOUN SUFFIXES

# 1.1. ADJECTIVE - NOUN SUFFIXES

## EXERCISE 82

Suffix -ANCE can be used with verbs and adjectives to form nouns. Give the adjective or verb from which each of the following nouns was formed.

e.g. accept ANCE — accept

arrogANCE — arrogant

appearance	assistance
attendance	brilliance
elegance	endurance
extravagance	fragrance
insurance	observance

brilliance clearance endurance entrance fragrance importance observance performance

reluctance resistance

performance significance

arrogant

assurance

## EXERCISE 83

Use either -ANCE, -ENCE or -CY with the following adjectives to form nouns.

absent	accurate
confident	consistent
efficient	elegant
frequent	ignorant
indifferent	innocent
patient	permanent
proficient	redundant
silent	violent

sistent delicate
pant expectant
orant illiterate
ocent intimate
manent pregnant
undant reluctant

brilliant diligent fluent inconsistent obedient private secret

## EXERCISE 84

Form nouns by adding -ITY or -NESS to the following adjectives.

absurd blind authentic

aware clever bitter conscious

familiar foolish creative equal gentle helpless friendly generous kind lonely hostile popular productive original mad selfish sensitive secure sad weak superior

## EXERCISE 85

Form abstract nouns from the following adjectives, by adding -TH or -T. Make any necessary spelling changes.

broad	dead	deep	dry
high	hot	long	strong
true	warm	wide	young

## EXERCISE 86

Form abstract nouns from the following adjectives. In some cases it is possible to form more than one noun. Make any necessary spelling changes.

anxious	broad	candid	cheap
confident	conservative	crude	damp
dry	elegant	false	gallant
general	high	hollow	humid
illiterate	independent	jealous	lovely
mean			iotely

## EXERCISE 87

Form abstract nouns from the following adjectives. In some cases it is possible to form more than one noun.

patient poor relevant secure splendid timid vast	peculiar proud rich short sudden tolerant wise	perfect quiet savage sober suspicious tranquil	pleasant real scarce solid sweet vain
--	--	---	--

## 1 2. NOUN - NOUN SUFFIXES

## **EXERCISE 88**

Fill in the blanks with nouns formed from the given adjectives.

- 1. This poem shows the wonderful ... of the poet. SENSITIVE
- 2 My sister's ... makes her social life difficult SHY
- 3 I'm not sure at all: I really can't say with a CERTAIN
- 4. There is always a traffic jam here. The road needs ... WIDE
- 5 Due to the clerk's ..., we missed the train STUBBORN
- 6. Thousands of people are living in ... after the earthquake. MISERABLE
- 7 I find operas a terrible ... . They always send me to sleep, BORING
- 8 He's been interested in art ever since he was a ... YOUNG
- 9. The hoppy beggar thanked the passer-by for his .... GENEROUS
- 10. We don't have any avocados. There's a ... at the moment. SHORT.
- 11. They all passed their exams without the slightest ... DIFFICULT
- 12 This knife is very blunt. It needs ... SHARP
- 13 What old people fear most is ... according to this Social Services report LONELY
- 14. The main ... of the book was the predictable ending. WEAK
- 15. In winter it is important for farmers to provide food and ... for their animals. WARM

## EXERCISE 89\*

Sometimes from the same adjective it is possible to form different nouns. Fill in the following sentences with the right nouns. Be certain you understand the difference between the given nouns.

- CONSCIOUSNESS e.g. CONSCIENCE
  - 1. She died two weeks after the accident, never regaining
  - 2. His ... told him it's necessary to tell the police the truth.
- 2. CONSCIENCE 1 CONSCIOUSNESS answer:
- EXPECTATION EXPECTANCY
- 1. You could actually feel the air of ... in the audience.
- 2. What we saw was beyond all ....
- HARDSHIPS HARDNESS
- 2. The long rainy journey on a hot day was but the first of the many \_ that awaited her
- HUMANETY HUMANITIES C.
  - HUMANISM
- 2. "Homo sum et nil humanum no me alienum esse puto" is the motta of the belief system
- 3. The monuments belong to the heritage of the whole of

- D. IDEALISATION IDEALISM
- 1. It's hard not to lose our youthful ... seeing all the reality of everyday life,
- 2. The movie is only an ... of life in the Renaissance and has little to do with historical truth.
- LENGTH LONGEVITY LONGITUDE
- 1. The people in the mountains, many of them over 95 years of age, attributed their  $\dots$  to fresh air and hard work.
- 2. Poland is at a ... east of the Greenwich meridian.
- 3. What is the ... of the Vistula River?
- F. MECHANIC MECHANICS MECHANISATION MECHANISM
- 1. The ... of this clock is too complicated for me to repair it.
- 2. My father is a car ... .
- 3. Do you have any idea of the ... of running a restaurant?
- 4. The ... of our agriculture is crucial if we want to produce more food.
- QUIETISM QUIETNESS QUIET
- 1. After the rush and noisiness of the city, he appreciated the ... and slow pace of the country
- 2. She's an ardent believer in ... and never tries to change what life brings her. "Che sera, sera," she says.
- 3. We've decided to buy this washing machine because of its price and  $\dots$  .
- PRESENCE PRESENTATION REPRESENTATION
- 1. This famous sculpture is the ... of Apollo and Cupid.
- 2. She is always very well behaved in my ... .
- 3. The ... of the Academy Awards is scheduled for next Monday.
- SECRECY SECRET SECRETIVENESS
- 1. But remember, it's a ..., so keep it to yourself.
- 2. All his ... is not needed anymore everyone knows that she accepted your proposal and agreed to marry you.
- 3. I've been sworn to ... so I can't say a word about it.
- SIMPLETON SIMPLICITY SIMPLIFICATION
- 1. For the sake of ..., let's use Polish in our discussion of Shakespeare.
- 2. Only after the professor's ... of the process was I able to understand its usefulness for industry.
- 3. Pete, you sometimes behave like a ...! I told you a hundred times not to touch my camera.

SPECIALITY

- SPECIALISATION SPECIAL TSM
- 1. What's your ...: British or American literature?
- 2. Potato pancakes are a ... of the house.
- 3. My ... is the history of the Elizabethan period.

## EXERCISE 90\*

Diminutive suffixes. In order to form a diminutive you can use either -ETTE, -LING or -LET. Divide the following words into three groups:

- 1) those forming diminutives with -ETTE,
- 2) those forming diminutives (often with a depreciative nuance) with -LING,
- 3) those forming diminutives with -LET.

Note: it may be necessary to make changes in spelling.

book	cigar	cover	drop
duck	eagle	isle	kitchen
laundry	nest	pig	seed
star	suck	weak	

## EXERCISE 91\*

Diminutive suffixes. Suffix -LET can be used with different meanings.

Divide the following words formed with -LET into two groups:

- 1) when it means a smaller thing, e.g. islet,
- 2) when it means a piece of jewellery, e.g. anklet.

armlet	bracelet	booklet	circlet
coverlet	cutlet	droplet	eaglet .
froglet	owlet	piglet	rivulet
starlet	streamlet	wristlet	

## **EXERCISE 92\***

Diminutive suffixes. Suffix -ETTE can be used with different meanings. Divide the following words formed with -ETTE into three groups:

- 1) when it means a smaller thing, e.g. cigarette,
- 2) when it means female, e.g. usherette,
- 3) when it means imitation, e.g. flannelette.

cashmerette	kitchenette	launderette
leatherette	maisonette	majorette
muslinette	satinette	suffragette

## EXERCISE 93

Diminutive suffixes. Suffix -IE[-Y] is used to form pet forms of some proper names.

Make pet forms from the following names.

e.g. Elizabeth — Bessy

Anne	Dorothy	Frances	George
Henry	Jack	James	Juliet
Margaret	Robert	Thomas	William

Diminutive suffixes. Suffix -IE [-Y] is used to form pet forms of some words. Make pet forms from the following.

bird — birdie

dark dad dog mother lass smart grandmother soft

lad sweet

## EXERCISE 95\*

Gender suffixes. Usually we form nouns referring to a woman by adding suffix -ESS to the male form of the noun. Which of the following would be exceptions to this rule?

Give correct female forms of the odd nouns.

bachelor actor bridegroom god emperor hero lord king major nephew prince steward usher waiter widower

## **EXERCISE 96\***

Gender suffixes. Since we most often form nouns referring to a woman by adding suffix -E55 to the male form of the noun, it seems that we would form nouns referring to a female animal in the same way. Which of the following would follow this rule?

Give correct female forms of the odd nouns.

cock

stallion

bull gander

dog lion duck ram

fox tiger

duke

host

monk

uncle

wizard

## EXERCISE 97

Give adjectives which are used as nouns to refer to people from the following countries.

e.g. England - English

Argentina Belgium Brazil Burma Chile China Egypt Cyprus Greece Hungary India Iraq Israel Italy Japan Korea Kuwait Malaya Mexico Malta Nepal Norway Pakistan Peru Portugal Russia Switzerland Thailand

## EXERCISE 98

Give adjectives and the nouns used - often in addition to the adjectives - to refer to people of the following countries.

Ireland

Sweden

Yugoslavia

the Philippines

England — English — Englishman/Englishwoman/Englishmen e.g. Denmark

Croatia Bangladesh Afghanistan Holland France Finland Mongolia Luxemb(o)urg Laos Scotland Spain Poland Wales United Kingdom

## EXERCISE 99

Turkey

Personal noun suffixes. Change each of the words below to mean a person or one who.

chemistry biology assistance accounting drunk drug drama comedy fire essay engine electric humour humanity quard grammar library

## EXERCISE 100

Personal noun suffixes. Change each of the words below to mean a person or one who.

parliament novel mathematics magic piano philosophy physics pharmacy senate science police poetry surgery simple shoe serving type

## EXERCISE 101\*

Personal noun suffixes. -IST can be used with different meanings. Divide the following nouns formed with -IST into three groups:

- 1) when they mean someone who is skilled in ..., e.g. artist,
- 2) when they mean someone who is a supporter of ...ism, e.g. humanist,
- 3) when they mean someone who plays a musical instrument, e.g. pianist.

biologist botanist bassoonist anarchist chemist cellist capitalist cartoonist

communist extremist industrialist novelist psychiatrist scientist	dentist	dramatist	economist
	feminist	guitarist	idealist
	journalist	Methodist	nationalist
	oboist	pharmacist	pianist
	realist	satirist	saxophonist
	socialist	trombonist	typist

Personal noun suffixes. Add to the following stems either -IST or -(I)AN to form names of professions. Are there any stems which can form names of professions with both suffixes? If so, what is the difference in meaning between the two professions?

beautic- comed- dramat- environmental- music- politic- technic-	botan- cycl- econom- librar- paediatric- psychiatr- theolog-	biolog- dent- educational- magic- pharmac- satir-	column- dietic- electric- mathematic- physic- scient-
---	--	--	--

## EXERCISE 103\*

Sometimes from the same root word it is possible to form different nouns. Fill in the following sentences with the right nouns. Be certain you understand the difference between the given nouns.

- CRITIC CRITIQUE
- 1. Have you read the ... of that laudatory review of his latest book? It must have been written by his personal enemy.
- 2. My father is a literary ... .
- IDEALIST IDEOLOGUE
- 1. If anything she is an ... rather than a realist.
- 2. He is an ... believing strongly in his principles and trying to follow them carefully.
- INFORMANT INFORMER
- 1. The police were told by their ... where to find the criminal.
- 2. Our ... tells us that the prices of sugar will rise again.
- PARENTAGE PARENTHOOD PARENTING
- 1. The pregnant woman talked with her husband about the responsibilities of their future  $\dots$
- 2. Since the beginning of her pregnancy she's been reading books on good ... .
- 3. Her skin is dark because she is of mixed Indian and African ....
- PERSONAGES PERSONNEL.
- $1. \ \, \text{During her wedding you could meet several ... you'd read about in newspapers or see them on TV.}$
- 2. If you are interested in our job offer, please contact our ... officer.

- RELATION
- RELATIONSHIP
- RELATIVE
- 1, Is she your ...? Yes, she's my sister.
- 2. What's the ... between his experiences and his book?
- 3. What's the ... between this young lady and yourself?

## EXERCISE 104

Which of the following nouns would not take -DOM to create a new noun? Make as many correct nouns as you can from the odd men out.

aristocrat	citizen	duke	gangster
hippie	jewel	king	martyr
official	prince	terror	

## **EXERCISE 105\***

Suffix -SHIP can be used with different meanings. Divide the following nouns formed with -SHIP into four groups:

- 1) when it means a vehicle or boat, e.g. steamship,
- 2) when it means position or occupation, e.g. directorship,
- 3) when it means ability or skill, e.g. craftsmanship,
- 4) when it means relationship.

ambassadorship citizenship gunship musicianship spaceship workmanship	authorship companionship horsemanship partnership sportsmanship	battleship comradeship kinship salesmanship statesmanship	chairmanship friendship membership seamanship warship
--	---	---	---

## EXERCISE 106

Add to the following nouns either -DOM, or -ERY, or -HOOD, or -ISM, or -SHIP to form as many new nouns as you can.

adult	ambassador	battle	boy
chief	companion	comrade	cream
duke	earl	father	fool
friend	girl	gun	horseman
kin	king	machine	man

communist extremist industrialist novelist psychiatrist scientist	dentist feminist journalist oboist realist socialist	dramatist guitarist Methodist pharmacist satirist trombonist	economist idealist nationalist pianist saxophonist typist
---	---	---	---

Personal noun suffixes. Add to the following stems either -IST or -(I)AN to form names of professions. Are there any stems which can form names of professions with both suffixes? If so, what is the difference in meaning between the two professions?

beautic- comed- dramat- environmental- music- politic- technic-	botan- cycl- econom- librar- paediatric- psychiatr- theolog-	biolog- dent- educational- magic- pharmac- satir-	column- dietic- electric- mathematic- physic- scient-
---	--	--	--

## **EXERCISE 103\***

Sometimes from the same root word it is possible to form different nouns. Fill in the following sentences with the right nouns. Be certain you understand the difference between the given nouns.

- CRITIQUE CRITIC
- 1. Have you read the ... of that laudatory review of his latest book? It must have been written by his personal enemy.
- 2. My father is a literary ....
- TDFOLOGUE IDEALIST
- 1. If anything she is an ... rather than a realist.
- 2. He is an ... believing strongly in his principles and trying to follow them carefully.
- INFORMER INFORMANT
- 1. The police were told by their ... where to find the criminal.
- 2. Our ... tells us that the prices of sugar will rise again.
- PARENTING PARENTHOOD PARENTAGE
- 1. The pregnant woman talked with her husband about the responsibilities of their future ... .
- 2. Since the beginning of her pregnancy she's been reading books on good  $\dots$  .
- 3. Her skin is dark because she is of mixed Indian and African ... .
- PERSONNEL PERSONAGES
- During her wedding you could meet several ... you'd read about in newspapers or see them on TV.
- 2. If you are interested in our job offer, please contact our ... officer.

- RELATION RELATIONSHIP RELATIVE
- 1. Is she your ...? Yes, she's my sister.
- 2. What's the ... between his experiences and his book?
- 3. What's the ... between this young lady and yourself?

Which of the following nouns would not take -DOM to create a new noun? Make as many correct nouns as you can from the odd men out.

aristocrat	citizen	duke	gangster
hippie	jewel	king	martyr
official	prince	terror	

Suffix -SHIP can be used with different meanings. Divide the following nouns formed with -SHIP into four groups:

- 1) when it means a vehicle or boat, e.g. steamship,
- 2) when it means position or occupation, e.g. directorship,
- 3) when it means ability or skill, e.g. craftsmanship,
- 4) when it means relationship.

ambassadorship citizenship gunship musicianship spaceship workmanship	authorship companionship horsemanship partnership sportsmanship	battleship comradeship kinship salesmanship statesmanship	chairmanship friendship membership seamanship warship
--	---	---	---

## EXERCISE 106

Add to the following nouns either -DOM, or -ERY, or -HOOD, or -ISM, or -SHIP to form as many new nouns as you can.

adult	ambassador	battle	bay
chief	companion	comrade	cream
duke	ear	father	fool
friend	girl	gun	horseman
kin	king	machine	man

Add to the following nouns either -DOM, or -ERY, or -HOOD, or -ISM, or -SHIP to form as many new nouns as you can.

martyr	member	mother	musician
nurse	orange	owner	parent
prince	professor	salesman	seaman
snob	space	sportsman	star
statesman	symbol	war	widower
wife	wine	woman	workman

#### **EXERCISE 108**

Suffix -AGE can be used with different meanings.

Divide the following nouns formed with -AGE into two groups:

1) when it means an action or state of, e.g. wreckage,

2) when it means measurement, e.g. mileage.

acreage	blockage	breakage	coverage
drainage	leakage	marriage	percentage
shortage	storage	tonnage	voltage

## EXERCISE 109\*

Suffix -ERY can be used with different meanings.

Divide the following nouns formed with -ERY into three groups:

1) when it means an action or behaviour, e.g. delivery, bravery,

2) when it means a place, e.g. bakery,

3) when it means a collection of, e.g. pottery.

artillery	brewery	bribery	cookery
creamery	crockery	discovery	distillery
drapery	embroidery	flattery	forgery
greenery	ironmongery	jewellery	machinery
mockery	nunnery	nursery	recovery
refinery	robbery	savagery	snobbery

## EXERCISE 110

Form abstract nouns from the following nouns.

boy	brother	coward	craftsman
earl	hero	infant	leader

monarch snob partner star

patriot

slave

## **EXERCISE 111\***

Sometimes from the same root word it is possible to form different nouns. Fill in the following sentences with the right nouns. Be certain you understand the difference between the given nouns.

- A. ANARCHISM ANARCHY
- 1. The revolution led to ....
- He is a strong believer in ... and would like to reduce laws to a minimum to allow everybody maximum liberty.
- B. CONSCIENCE CONSCIOUSNESS
- 1. His ... told him it's necessary to tell the police the truth.
- 2. She died two weeks after the accident, never regaining ... .
- C. FRUITINESS FRUITION
- He had many grand projects but none has ever come to .....
- 2. I love this sorbet because of its refreshing mandarin ... .
- D. GRADATION GRADIENT
- 1. The mountain is high but it's easy to reach by car because the ... of the road is very gentle.
- 2. The smallest ... marks on this thermometer shows differences of 0.1 degree.
- E. HEROICS HEROISM
- 1. He received several medals for his acts of ... during the war.
- 2. He was very fond of ... until he broke his leg in one of his foolish actions.
- F. RESIDENCE RESIDENCY
- 1. Have you already seen the Prime Minister's official ...?
- 2. Our family took up permanent ... in England five years ago.
- G. MEDIC MEDICATION MEDICINE
- 1. My son is studying ... to become a doctor.
- 2. M.A.S.H. is a comedy showing everyday life of a ... in Vietnam.
- 3. What kind of ... am I to take to cure my liver problems?
- H. MEMOIRS MEMORABILIA MEMORANDUM MEMORIAL
- 1. He collects war ... and his house is full of uniforms, medals and guns.
- 2. The ... was signed by all the parties aiming at the reduction of arm races.
- 3. Hundreds of friends came to John Lennox's ... service.
- 4. They have just published the ... of Barbra Streisand.
- I. MORALE MORALS
- 1. Although she's a person of loose ..., she is till admired by the public.
- 2. The general was happy to see the ... was high among the soldiers.

PRACTICABILITY J.

PRACTICALITY

PRACTICE

- 1. ... makes perfect.
- 2. Your ideas sound interesting but I doubt their ....
- 3. I don't buy these clothes for their fashionable looks, but for their ....

PRESENCE

PRESENTATION

REPRESENTATION

- 1. This famous sculpture is the ... of Apollo and Cupid.
- 2. She is always very well behaved in my ....
- 3. The ... of the Academy Awards is scheduled for next Monday.
- PRETENCE PRETENSION
- 1. They were afraid of their neighbours' gossip so they kept up a ... of normality as long as it was possible.
- 2. She has the ... to being the spokesman for the young generation.

SECRECY

SECRET

SECRETIVENESS

- 1. But remember, it's a ..., so keep it to yourself.
- 2, All his ... is not needed anymore everyone knows that she accepted your proposal and agreed to marry you.
- 3. I've been sworn to ... so I can't say a word about it.

N SELE SELFISHNESS

SELFLESSNESS

- 1. You'll be happy if you are true to your own ... .
- 2. Whatever they claim I'm positive they were motivated by ... and greed.
- 3. Her ... in helping the poor earned her admiration in the neighbourhood.
- SENSIBILITY

SENSITIVITY

SENSUALITY

SENSUOUSNESS

- 1. You need more ... to deal with such delicate matter as people's feelings.
- 2. "Sense and ..." is one of the most popular books of Austen.
- 3. Her ... permeated the whole room and they couldn't help staring at her.
- 4. MM was famous for the ... of her performances.
- TECHNICALITIES TECHNIQUE
- 1. Her ... in playing is amazing, but she doesn't have the imagination of a great pianist.
- 2. Let's leave all the ... to the specialists and tell me simply how to turn this machine on.

## 1.3. VERB — NOUN SUFFIXES

## EXERCISE 112

Personal noun suffixes. By adding suffix -ER or -OR change each of the verbs below to nouns meaning a person or one who.

buy act fight farm print play

clean inspect profess

sail

direct edit paint plant

swim

#### EXERCISE 113\*

Personal noun suffixes. Suffix -EE can be used with different meanings.

Divide the following nouns formed with -EE into two groups:

- 1) when they mean someone who is affected by an action, e.g. trainee,
- when they mean someone who performs an action, e.g. absentee.

addressee detainee evacuee licensee

trustee

appointee devotee examinee nominee

cohabitee divorcee internee payee

deportee employee interviewee retiree

EXERCISE 114

Personal noun suffixes. Which of the following stems do not form nouns naming people with suffix -EE? Add proper suffixes to the odd stems.

addresscombatemigrinterviewlicenspay-

appointdeportemploy-

assignauctiondetaindrunkexamingangmodernmountaincolumnelitintern nomin-

trustresidtrain-

## **EXERCISE 115**

Personal noun suffixes. Which of the following verbs do not form nouns naming people with suffix -ANT? Add proper suffixes to the odd verbs.

account brag contest diet pay

appoint claim correspond fight respond

assail combat defend inform

train

assist conform depend inhabit

attend consult descend inspect

EXERCISE 116

Personal noun suffixes. Make personal nouns by adding either -ANT or -ENT or -EE or -ER or -ARD to the following verbs. From some verbs it is possible to form more than one noun; explain the difference (if any) between the pairs.

absent bake conduct defend drive

address clean consult

advise cohabit compose

employ

apply collaborate correspond assist command create

<u>Personal noun suffixes.</u> Make personal nouns by adding either -ANT, or -ENT, or -EE, or -ER to the following verbs. From some verbs it is possible to form more than one noun; explain the difference (if any) between the pairs.

examine	farm	inform	inspect	instruct
interview	invent	lead	lecture	occupy
pay	reside	run	sail	study
train	visit	win	write	

## EXERCISE 118

Which of the following verbs do not form nouns by adding to them suffix -URE? Add correct suffixes to the odd men out.

approve	block	close	compose	deform
depart	disclose	enclose	expose	fail
forfeit	manage	marry	please	portrait
proceed	sculpt	seize	survive	waste

#### EXERCISE 119

-ION combines with verbs to form nouns, but there are some variations of spelling of -ION, e.g. -ATION, -ITION, -SION, or -TION.

Make nouns from the following verbs by adding -ION or its variation.

act	add	collect	combine
conclude	connect	contribute	create
decide	educate	examine	explain
imagine	operate	organise	produce
protect	react	realise	reduce.

## EXERCISE 120

Form nouns from the following verbs using either -MENT, or -AGE, or any spelling variation of -ION. Make any necessary spelling changes.

achieve	acknowledge	act	add
adjust	agree	amuse	announce
argue	arrange	assess	assign
attach	black	break	collect
combine	commit	conclude	connect
contribute	cover	create	decide
contribute	cover	create	decide
develop	drain	educate	

## EXERCISE 121

Form nouns from the following verbs using -MENT, or -AGE, or any spelling variation of -ION. Make any necessary spelling changes.

examine	explain	imagine	improve
manage	marry	operate	organise
produce	protect	react	realise
reduce	replace	require	retire
reduce	replace	require	retire
store	waste	wreck	

#### EXERCISE 122\*

Form abstract nouns from the following verbs, by adding -TH or -T. Make any necessary spelling changes.

e.g.	to warm — warmth		
dry	fly	foul	freeze
give	grow	see	weigh

#### EXERCISE 123\*

Form nouns from the following verbs. Do not use suffixes -ING or -ER (-OR). In some cases it is possible to form more than one noun.

advise	appear	approve	believe	betray
bury	commit	complain	conspire	deceive
decrease discover	deform dismiss	deliver enclose	deny	depart

#### EXERCISE 124\*

Form nouns from the following verbs. Do not use suffixes -ING or -ER (-OR). In some cases it is possible to form more than one noun.

expand	expend	expose	fail	feel
grow	hate	hope	know	mix
oblige	paint	please	portrait	proceed
prosper	receive	renew	survive	withdraw

Fill in the blanks with nouns formed from the given verbs.

- 1. He campleted the report with the ... of his secretary. ASSIST
- 2. The ... party was to be in a week's time. ENGAGE
- 3. They had a most interesting ... about pop music, DISCUSS
- 4. Mary isn't really a friend, only an ... . ACQUAINT
- 5. Very few countries have corporal ... in schools, PUNISH
- 6. She found a good job working in an ... agency. ADVERTISE
- 7. Look at this picture of Sue and her father you can see the ... clearly, can't you? LIKE
- 8. This company treats all its ... equally. EMPLOY
- 9. After her ... she wrote a novel. RETIRE
- 10. Include details of all your ... for last year. EARN
- 11. Last week he offered the boss his ... . RESIGN
- 12. Write all the details on this ... form, APPLY

#### EXERCISE 126\*

Sometimes from the same verb it is possible to form different nouns. Fill in the following sentences with the right nouns. Be certain you understand the difference between the given nouns.

- A. ADVANCE ADVANCEMENT
- 1. The broadcast is to help the ... of new methods of agricultural production.
- 2. With the ... of spring the days grew longer and warmer.
- B. EXPANSE EXPANSION EXPANSIONISM
- 1. I like the book although it is but an ... of the short-story I read earlier.
- 2. It is so romantic to be surrounded by nothing but the vast ... of the desert.
- 3. The ... of the Coca-Cola company is said to be dangerous to the smaller firms.
- C. FALLACY FALLIBILITY
- 1. It is a common ... that margarine is healthier than butter.
- 2. The Sacco and Vanzetti case is a clear example of the ... of the American legal system.
- D. OBSERVANCE OBSERVATION
- I might have an operation on my heart in the future but for the time being I'm going to the hospital for a few days' ....
- 2. What is the traditional ... of Christmas like in your family?
- E. IMPERSONATION PERSONIFICATION
- 1. For all of us MM was the ... of beauty.
- 2. Have you seen his ... of Lech Walcsa? Wonderful.
- F. PROVIDENCE PROVISIONS
- 1. Being an ardent believer in divine ... she did nothing herself to solve her problems.
- 2. The whole journey started by obtaining ... for all the people and horses.
- G. RELIABILITY RELIANCE
- I can guarantee the ... of our new product.
- 2. I'm afraid you place too much ... on statistical data.

## 1.4. GENERAL NOUN SUFFIX EXERCISES

#### EXERCISE 127

Fill in the blanks with nouns formed from the given words.

- On leaving school, Eve started a ... course in a city bank, but left after three months. TRAIN
- 2. I have decided to take up ... as a hobby. PHOTOGRAPH
- 3. I prefer living in a quiet ... . NEIGHBOUR
- 4. Everyone in the country believed in the mother's ... . INNOCENT
- 5. How can you account for so many ... ? ABSENT
- 6. The decision to stop the inquiry would have serious ... . IMPLY
- 7. The city council is searching for a ... to the problem. SOLVE
- 8. Some young people today have a very strange ... . APPEAR
- 9. The President claimed that the ... against him were unfounded. ALLEGE
- 10. The cost of ... to the show is quite reasonable, ADMIT
- 11. These trousers are filthy. Can you take them to the ... ? CLEAN
- 12. Nigel always does his hair with a ... in the middle. PART
- 13. Eve was given a medal in ... of her services, RECOGNISE
- 14. Barb can't stand washing and ironing and other ... HOUSE
- 15. I've read Hamlet but only in ... . TRANSLATE

#### EXERCISE 128\*

Fill in the blanks with nouns formed from the given words.

- 1. Mark should pay more ... in class. ATTEND
- 2. The ... of the car came as a shock to me. THIEF
- 3. How do you like my latest ... for my stamp collection? ACQUIRE
- 4. You need more confidence and ... in yourself, BELIEVE
- 5. My first attempt to climb the mountain ended in ... . FAIL
- 6. I am filled with ... for your work. ADMIRE
- 7. The storms caused widespread ... in the countryside, DESTROY
- 8. Please accept this book as a token of my ... . GRATEFUL
- 9. Some people think that men are better ... than women, COOK
- 10. There is a great ... of housing in Cracow. SHORT
- 11. Their best designer went to work for a ... . COMPETE
- 12. Three firms are in ... for the same contract. COMPETE
- 13. What are the entry ... at this university? REQUIRE
- 14. Our club has just purchased new sports ... . EQUIP
- 15. The meeting adopted a ... calling for the president to resign, RESOLVE

## EXERCISE 129\*

# Fill in the blanks with nouns formed from the given words.

- 1. Pat isn't really a friend, only an ... . ACQUAINT
- 2. I think that your ... about the cost are wrong. ASSUME
- 3. There was a head-on ... between two trains last week. COLLIDE
- 4. Now, we are safe at last! What a ... . RELIEVE
- 5. I expect she'll get the job, at least there's a fairly high ... PROBABLE
- 6. What is the exact ... of your garden? LONG
- 7. Rob made a large profit from the .... of his house, SELL
- 8. Ruth has gone  $\tilde{b}ack$  to college to get a teaching ... . QUALIFY
- 9. He is very generous and everyone admires his ... . SELF
- 10. The police car was in ... with a fire engine. COLLIDE
- 11. The passengers suffered only light ... in the crash. INJURE
- 12. There's no ... of the government calling an early election. LIKELY
- 13. As we approached the airport, the plane began its ... . DESCEND
- 14. The driver who gave us a lift refused to accept ... . PAY
- 15. The thick fog caused the ... of many trains, CANCEL

## EXERCISE 130\*

# Fill in the blanks with nouns formed from the given words.

- 1. We are expecting a ... of bananas from Africa this week, SHIP
- 2. I'd like to make a ... about this Walkman I bought here. COMPLAIN
- 3. In India in the wet season the average monthly ... is over 250mm. RAIN
- 4. There's a lovely ... of the author's early... . DESCRIBE/CHILD
- 5. I couldn't afford to buy a car so I took out a ... . LEND
- 6. Do you know the ... of the Eiffel Tower. HIGH
- 7. The soldier was accused of ... because he ran away. COWARD
- 8. There are some good ... in the sales, REDUCE
- 9. For such a young man, the prince showed great ... and concern for his people. WISE
- 10. Nobody reported the ... of the valuable painting. THIEF
- 11. Bert was charged with four motoring ... . OFFEND
- 12. The judge told him that he was a hardened ... . CRIME
- 13. ... in our factories is falling because of absenteeism. PRODUCT
- 14. Mike could say nothing in his ... . DEFEND
- 15. The ... of Germany happened over 150 years ago. UNION

## EXERCISE 131\*

# Fill in the blanks with nouns formed from the given words.

- 1. The government is encouraging ... in heavy industry. INVEST
- 2. Please give details of your present ... . OCCUPY
- 3. My sister gave a brilliant ... as Lady Macbeth in the school play. PERFORM
- 4. The book contains some delightful ... . ILLUSTRATE

- 5. The audience gave the violinist a long round of ... . APPLAUD
- Watching videos is becoming a popular form of .... ENTERTAIN
- 7. We would like details of your ... on his form. QUALIFY
- 8. Drug ... is a problem causing great concern. ADDICT
- 9. Police arrested well-known ... before the match. TROUBLE
- 10. I think there are too many ... on television. ADVERTISE
- 11. Most people enjoyed the new .... of "The Tempest". PRODUCE
- 12. The actors all helped with the painting of the ... . SCENE
- 13. Dr Brown, a ..., has published two books about murder. CRIME
- 14. George and I have been friends since ...: he used to live next door. CHILD
- 15. People who suffer from ... should buy a pet. LONELY

## EXERCISE 132\*

## Fill in the blanks with nouns formed from the given words.

- 1. Everyone is worried about the ... of the rain forests. DESTROY
- 2. Some people are afraid of spiders from early ... . CHILD
- 3. The two brothers were accused of robbery with ... . VIOLENT
- 4. Some MPs are calling for the introduction of ... without trial to combat terrorism. DETAIN
- 5. The duty of the police is the ... of law and order, MAINTAIN
- 6. My grandpa was given a medal for ... . BRAVE
- 7. My father takes great ... in his work. PROUD
- 8. This bag contains all my photographic ... . EQUIP
- 9. This company's ... include VCRs and TVs. PRODUCE
- 10. This knife won't cut. It needs ... . SHARP
- 11. My father studies civil ... at the polytechnical university. ENGINE
- 12. ... is probably the most useful form of energy. ELECTRIC
- 13. My son has always wanted to be a ... . SCIENCE
- 14. People living in cities often suffer from ... . LONE
- 15. Lisa has taken up ... as a hobby. CARPENTER

## EXERCISE 133\*

## Add a prefix and a suffix forming a correct noun to fill in the blank.

- 1. John turned up on the wrong day because of a ... . UNDERSTAND
- 2. Browning had another violent ... with the boss. AGREE
- 3. Water is coming through the ceiling! What's happening ... ? STAIRS
- 4. She divorced him because of his ... to the children. KIND
- 5. Jackie suffered as a child from a very strict ... . BRING
- 6. She got very angry but later she apologised for her ... . PATIENT
- 7. Mary suddenly fell sick, so we urgently need a ... for her part in the play. PLACE
- 8. The idea that the sun "rises" is a popular .... CONCEIVE
- 9. The thing I hate about Mary is her ... . RELIABLE
- 10. I read a very sad article about ... among school-leavers. EMPLOY
- 11. The bank robbers were sentenced to twelve years' ... . PRISON

- 12. In many countries the ... get the dole. EMPLOY
- 13. He has an unfortunate ... to understand other people's feelings. ABLE
- 14. Failure to apply in time may result in ... of benefit. LOSE
- 15. The inquiry was set up after the ... of a train near Warsaw, the third accident on the line this year, RAIL

# 2. ADJECTIVE AND ADVERB SUFFIXES

# 2. 1. NOUN - ADJECTIVE SUFFIXES

## EXERCISE 134\*

There are some adjectives ending in -ARY that are formed from stems which are not current words in English. Can you find them in the following list? From which stems were the rest of the adjectives formed?

arbitrary contemporary dietary honorary necessary rudimentary temporary	auxiliary	complementary	complimentary
	contrary	culinary	customary
	disciplinary	extraordinary	fragmentary
	legendary	literary	momentary
	parliamentary	planetary	preliminary
	secondary	solitary	supplementary

## EXERCISE 135

Which of the following nouns would take -EN to form adjectives? Using various suffixes (but not -ING) make adjectives from the odd men out.

accident	diet	dust	gold	lead
silk	thirst	tire	wood	wool

## EXERCISE 136

Which of the following nouns would not take -FUL to form adjectives? Form adjectives from the odd men out.

cheer	deceit	delight	dirt	duty
fog	fashion	geography	gold	harm
knowledge	legend	mystery	pain	poet
power	success	thank	use	youth

## EXERCISE 137\*

Some adjectives ending in -IC combine with -AL to form adjectives. Which of the following can take -AL? What's the difference in meaning, if any, between the two forms?

acidic angelic comic enthusiastic idiotic pedagogic symbolic	acrobatic atomic democratic geographic linguistic photographic	alcoholic autocratic diplomatic heroic mythic poetic	analytic classic electric historic patriotic rhythmic
--	---	---	--

#### EXERCISE 138\*

Suffix -ISH can be used with different meanings. Form the adjectives from the following words by adding -ISH and then divide them into two groups:

- 1) where -ISH means having the (bad) qualities of, e.g. childish,
- 2) where -ISH means rather, e.g. greenish.

amateur dark	baby devil	blue dull	boy fool	brute hell
long	nightmare	small	snob	tall
warm	young			

## EXERCISE 139

Suffix -LESS can be used with different meanings. Divide the following adjectives into two groups:

- 1) where -LESS replaces the word without, e.g. brainless,
- 2) where -LE55 means exceeding a category, e.g. priceless.

ageless	characterless	childless	countless	endless
harmless	heartless	hopeless	meaningless	motherless
numberless	powerless	seedless	speechless	spotless
timologe	useless			

## EXERCISE 140

Complete the following sentences with the appropriate adjective ending in -LESS. The number of letters has been given. If you find the task too difficult, look for prompts below the exercise.

- 1. Their house burned down and ever since they have been ---- less.
- 2. Don't bother to keep those old coins they're w - less.

- 3. I couldn't understand his reaction it was  $\,m$  - - - less.
- 4. Throw away that old machine it's u - less.
- 5. When I finished the run I was quite b - - less.
- 6. The flowers you gave me are lovely I'm absolutely s - - less.
- 7. He slept very badly he was really r - less.
- 8. Don't worry about the dog he's h - less and will not bite you.
- 9. We can't put with your c ---- less complaining, Petel
- 10. He's a refugee. He's s - - less.
- 11. We've got no money. We're p - - less.
- 12. You have made a lot of mistakes. You are too c- -less
- 13. He's unemployed at present. He's j - less.
- 14. There are no clouds in the sky. It's c ---- less.
- 15. She upset him with a t---less remark about his big ears.

BREATHLESS JOBLESS PENNILESS TACTLESS	CARELESS HARMLESS RESTLESS USELESS	CEASELESS HOMELESS SPEECHLESS WORTHLESS	CLOUDLESS MEANINGLESS STATELESS
--	---	--	---------------------------------------

## Form adjectives from the following words using suffixes -LIKE, -SOME and -WORTHY.

adventure burden dream note trouble	animal cat fear praise trust	awe child lady quarrel weary	baby credit lone three	bird desert news tire
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## EXERCISE 142

Suffix -LY is characteristic not only of adverbs, but also of some adjectives. Divide the following words into two groups:

- 1) adjectives,
- 2) adverbs.

Note: some words may belong to both groups.

badly daily easterly finally heavenly leisurely manly	brotherly	costly	clearly
	deadly	directly	easily
	elderly	equally	exactly
	frequently	friendly	happily
	hourly	kindly	immediately
	lively	lonely	lovely
	monthly	obviously	orderly

perfectly quickly seriously shapely usually weekly worldly yearly	recently sickly westerly	saintly suddenly womanly
---	--------------------------------	--------------------------------

## EXERCISE 143

Give nouns corresponding to the following adjectives ending in -OUS (or its spelling variety). In some cases more than one noun can be given.

advantageous anonymous conspicuous courteous famous mysterious religious spontaneous virtuous	adventurous anxious contemptuous curious furious nervous righteous superstitious	ambiguous cautious continuous dangerous gracious nutritious serious suspicious	ambitious conscious courageous enormous marvellous previous spacious various
---	--	--	--

## EXERCISE 144

Using suffixes form adjectives from the following words. In some cases it is possible to form more than one adjective from the same word. Make any necessary spelling changes.

Note: some of the following words may already be adjectives.

accident	acid alcohol angel blood bush comfort	addition	advantage
air		amateur	ambiguity
ambition		anxiety	atom
beauty		brain	brother
bulk		character	child
cloud		compliment	continuity
convention	conversation		

## EXERCISE 145

Using suffixes form adjectives from the following words. In some cases it is possible to form more than one adjective from the same word. Make any necessary spelling changes.

Note: some of the following words may already be adjectives.

cost	courage	custom	danger
deceit	delight	democrat	devil

diet	dirt	discipline	dust
duty	east	education	effort
emotion	end	enthusiast	experimen
	fanatic	fashion	fat
fame	fever	fifty	flaw
father	16461	,,	

Using suffixes form adjectives from the following words. In some cases it is possible to form more than one adjective from the same word. Make any necessary spelling changes.

Note: some of the following words may already be adjectives.

flower	fog	fool	force	tragment
friend	fury	geography	globe	gold
government	grace	hair	harm	heart home
heaven	help	hero	history	inflation
honour	hope	humour	idiot	leaf
institution	joy	kind	knowledge	ieui
legend				

## EXERCISE 147

Using suffixes form adjectives from the following words. In some cases it is possible to form more than one adjective from the same noun. Make any necessary spelling changes.

leisure	linguist	life	logic
love	man	marvel	meaning
mechanic	mercy	moment	mother
motion	mud	music	mystery
name	nation	nerve	nutrition
occasion	order	pain	parent
parliament	patriot	peace	photograph
parliament planet power	patriot play profession	peace pleasure	photograph poet

## EXERCISE 148

Using suffixes form adjectives from the following words. In some cases it is possible to form more than one adjective from the same word. Make any necessary spelling changes.

Note: some of the following words may already be adjectives.

rain	region	religion	rest
rhythm	saint	sea	seed
sex	shame	shape	sister
snob	snow	space	speech
spontaneity	spot	success	sun
superstition	supplement	suspicion	thirst
thought	tradition	twenty	use
value	virtue	woman	wood
wool	world	worth	youth

## EXERCISE 149\*

You can use the noun in capitals at the end of each of the following sentences to form an adjective or adverb that fits the blank space.

Fill each blank in this way.

- 1. Pat was accused of stealing some ... documents from the safe. CONFIDENCE
- 2. A dog will always be ... if you treat it well, FAITH
- 3. She found a good job working in an ... agency. ADVERTISEMENT
- 4. She greeted us in a very ... way, FRIEND
- 5. They never discovered who the ... was. MURDER
- 6. Although he knew it was her busiest day, he ... asked her to help him on Sunday. THOUGHT
- 7. He is enthusiastic, but not well-... . QUALIFICATION
- 8. Her collection of old books is extremely ... . VALUE
- 9. We all thought what a ... pianist Barb was. SKILL
- 10. Many ... people sleep in the streets in New York, HOME
- 11. Mark and Markus are ... twins, IDENTITY
- 12. Most people agree that Christmas has become too, .... COMMERCE
- 13. This blouse is lovely, and very ... . FASHION
- 14. The princess lived in a ... palace, LUXURY
- 15. The evidence in my case is entirely ... , CIRCUMSTANCE

## 2. 2. VERB - ADJECTIVE SUFFIXES

#### EXERCISE 150

Make adjectives adding to the following verbs either -ABLE or -IBLE. Make any necessary changes in spelling.

accept	access	advise	compare	comprehend
convert	corrup†	deduct	defend	depend
desire	divide	enjoy	identify	imagine
irritate	manage	notice	permit	profit
recognise	remark	resist	understand	vary

#### EXERCISE 151\*

There are some adjectives ending in -IBLE that are formed from stems which are not current words in English. Can you find them in the following list? From which stems were the rest of the adjectives formed?

accessible	audible	compatible	convertible
corruptible	credible	deductible	defensible
destructible	digestible	discernible	divisible
edible	eligible	feasible	legible
negligible	permissible	perceptible	plausible
possible	resistible	sensible	visible

#### EXERCISE 152

Complete each word with either -ABLE or -IBLE. Make any necessary spelling changes.

- 1. Prof. Wise's new book is really remark....
- 2. I don't find your new colleague very like ... .
- 3. The pie looked very good, but it wasn't very digest ... .
- 4. That was a really contempt... way of getting the boss on your side!
- 5. I think that anything is prefer... to having to tell so many lies.
- 6. The disadvantage of these chairs is that they are collaps... .
- 7. I do hope that you find your room comfort....
- 8. Why don't you go to the police? It's the sens... thing to do.
- 9. Peter takes good care of the children and is very respons....
- 10. I find your aunt a very disagree... person I'm afraid.

#### EXERCISE 153\*

There are some adjectives ending in -IVE that are formed from stems which are not current words in English. Can you find them in the following list? From which stems were the rest of the adjectives formed?

active attractive	aggressive competitive	alternative comprehensive	apprehensive constructive
creative effective	decisive extensive offensive	defensive imaginative productive	destructive lucrative protective
negative	OLLEUZIAE	productive	protective

#### EXERCISE 154

Form adjectives by adding suffixes to the following verbs. Make any necessary spelling changes.

accept	access	act	admire	adore
advise	alternate	apprehend	attract	compare
compete	complement	compliment	comprehend	construct
corrupt	create	decide	deduct	defend
depend	desire	digest	discipline	dispose
divide	effect	enjoy	extend	

#### EXERCISE 155

Form adjectives by adding suffixes to the following verbs. Make any necessary spelling changes.

fragment	honour	imagine	irritate	manage
negate	notice	offend	permit	predict
prefer	produce	profit	protect	recognise
remark	resist	supplement :	tolerate	understand
wash	vary			

## EXERCISE 156\*

You can use the word in capitals at the end of each of the following sentences to form an adjective or adverb that fits the blank space. Fill each blank in this way.

- I hope you've brought some money the notice on the counter says that it is not ... to pay by credit card. ACCEPT
- 2. You can't get the loan without the ... documents. REQUIRE
- 3. Taxi-drivers are often very ... . TALK
- 4. The inquiry decided that the police were not entirely ... . BLAME
- 5. ... plates have to be developed in a darkroom. PHOTOGRAPH
- 6. You do not have to go. Your decision must be entirely ... . VOLUNTEER
- 7. The minister gave ... answers to the interviewer's questions, EVADE
- 8. The sale of the company buildings was very ... . PROFIT
- On leaving school, Eve started a ... course in a city bank, but left after three months. TRAIN
- 10. Luckily Mary's second jump was ... . SUCCEED
- 11. He says he can't put with his wife's ... complaining! CEASE
- 12. Sammy decided to buy a ... shirt. STRIPE
- 13. Don't wear that skirt. It isn't ... for a wedding. SUIT
- 14. That sweater is very ... You should buy a new one. WEAR
- 15. Can you tell me if this disease is ...? INFECT

#### EXERCISE 157\*

Sometimes from the same verb it is possible to form different adjectives. Fill in the following sentences with the right adjectives. Be certain you understand the difference between the given adjectives.

#### A. DEFENSIBLE DEFENSIVE

- 1. Our team didn't lose because they are known for ... football.
- Your behaviour is not really ..., although I can understand the reasons for some of your actions.

#### B. DEFINITE DEFINITIVE

- 1. I thought that my letter was ... enough to understand it correctly.
- 2. It is our ... proposal and you can take it or leave it.

#### C. EXPANDABLE EXPANSIVE

- 1. The swimming suit is made with ... material.
- 2. He has written an ... review of the play to prove how bad it was.

#### D. EXTENDABLE EXTENDED EXTENSIVE

- 1. I'm dreaming about an ... holiday.
- 2. I'm afraid that your loan is not ... and you have to pay it on time.
- 3. How ... is your knowledge of art history?

#### E. FALLACIOUS FALLIBLE

- 1. I can't accept his arguments because they are supported by ... data.
- 2. Let's buy this measuring equipment because it seems less ... than the one we have now.

## F. FAVOURABLE FAVOURITE

- 1. We are having ... reviews of our play.
- 2. Who's your ... pop-singer?

#### G. GRADABLE GRADUAL UNGRADABLE

- 1. "Tall" is a ... adjective, because you can add -er and -est to it, but "main" is ....
- 2. Visiting him every week, I could observe the ... improvement in his health condition.

#### H. IMAGINABLE IMAGINARY IMAGINATIVE

- 1. I voted for him because I liked the ... approach to the problems of our economy.
- 2. You can find in this bookshop every ... book printed recently.
- 3. Her fears are completely ..., having no basis in reality and existing only in her mind.

#### I. JUDGMENTAL JUDICIAL

- 1. He's so ..., always expressing his opinion about others.
- 2. I think that our ... system works better now than even a few years ago.

#### J. KNOWABLE KNOWN

- 1. Since the dawn of mankind, the wise men have tried to determine what is ... and what is not.
- 2. He is so popular his music is ... to any teenager.

- K PLEASANT PLEASED PLEASING PLEASURABLE
- 1. What a ... picture to see you happy together.
- 2. It was a really ... dinner. The food, the company all perfect.
- 3. What a ... evening! I'm glad we went for a walk.
- 4. I'm ... to hear that you have accepted my plans.

#### L. PRACTICABLE PRACTICAL

- 1. For this job ... experience is more important than theoretical knowledge.
- 2. I'm afraid it will not be ... to have your car repaired by Monday.

#### M. PREFERABLE PREFERENTIAL

- 1. It would be ... if we could start our dinner at a later hour.
- 2. Because I had worked here for over twenty years I get ... prices on any item I want to buy.

#### N. RELIABLE RELIANT

- 1. Trust him, he's a very ... person.
- 2. Being bed-ridden he's completely ... on his family.

#### O. RESPECTABLE RESPECTFUL RESPECTIVE

- 1. Japanese are very ... of the old,
- 2. He's a scion of the most ... family in our city.
- Mary came from London and John from Bristol, and after the party they returned to their ... towns.

## 2.3. GENERAL ADJECTIVE SUFFIX EXERCISES

#### EXERCISE 158

-AL

regional....

Look at these examples and fill the gaps with more adjectives, using the root words below and one of the suffixes in this list.

golden, ...

-ICAL

biological, ...

-ISH	acceptable, childish, hairy,		-FOLD -ORY	twofold, auditory,	-FUL -WARD	careful, eastward,
alphabet enjoy grey nation profession smell three white	nal	break fear home noise rain success tradition young	fo h o re si	olour ool ope btain est un wenty	comfort geography introduce old sleep tall wash	draught grammar mathematics pain small thought west

You can use the word in capitals at the end of each of the following sentences to form an adjective or adverb that fits the blank space.

Fill each blank in this way.

- 1. Our firm closed down because of the ... situation. ECONOMY
- 2. Don't touch my sore, it's very ... . PAIN
- 3. The dancer's movements were extremely ... . GRACE
- 4. You have made a lot of mistakes. You are too ... . CARE
- 5. You should be careful when using ... appliances. ELECTRIC
- 6. We thought that the little puppies were ... . ADORE
- 7. I didn't do it. You must be ... . MISTAKE
- 8. My sister is a very ... student and she gets straight As. GIFT
- I hope you've brought some money the notice on the counter says that it is not ... to pay by credit card. ACCEPT
- 10. I have decided to go on a ... course, SECRETARY
- 11. It was very ... of you to break that coffee cup. CARE
- 12. Thank you for your postcard, it was very ... of you to send it. THOUGHT
- 13. She's quite ...; she plays the flute and the piano. MUSIC
- 14. It was rather ... of him to cry when he did badly in the test. CHILD
- 15. We started our trip on a beautiful ... morning. SUN

#### EXERCISE 160

You can use the word in capitals at the end of each of the following sentences to form an adjective or adverb that fits the blank space. Fill each blank in this way.

- 1. Her boss accused her of being over-... . AMBITION
- 2. She upset him with a ... remark about his big ears. TACT
- 3. My new car has ... back seats. REMOVE
- 4. All the bikes we manufacture have ... saddles. ADJUST
- 5. The day she got married was a ... occasion. MEMORY
- 6. We think the exam was ... easy, actually. COMPARE
- 7. I prefer fresh food to ... food. FREEZE
- 8. Whoever designed this theatre was very ... . IMAGINE
- 9. Many pupils at ... school have already chosen career. SECOND
- 10. I thought this was an antique, but in fact it's ... . WORTH
- 11. This used to be a rural area but it has become ... . INDUSTRY
- 12. What old people fear most is being ..., according to this Social Services report. LONELINESS
- 13. The value of the ... coins was over 1 million pounds. STEAL
- 14. Jean said she had ... destroyed her ID. ACCIDENT
- 15. Jim is very disorganised and not very ... . BUSINESS

#### EXERCISE 161\*

You can use the word in capitals at the end of each of the following sentences to form an adjective or adverb that fits the blank space. Fill each blank in this way.

- 1. My flat consists of a ... living room, a kitchenette and a bathroom. SPACE
- Mrs Extravagant's behaviour left her husband absolutely ... . He just stood there looking at her. SPEECH
- 3. Two of these tablets should be taken ... , DAY
- 4. Going swimming every week would have very ... effects. BENEFIT
- 5. Pete's exam results turned out to be ... . DISASTER
- 6, It's much more ... to buy large size packets. ECONOMY
- 7. The evening was ... spent playing cards and talking. ENJOY
- 8. My ankle is really ... and I can't walk easily. SWELL
- 9. More than a thousand workers are ... here. EMPLOY
- 10. Our city has some open spaces, but they are not very ... . ACCESS
- 11. The keys were locked inside the car. ..., a side window was open, LUCK
- 12 He remembers every detail of it because he has a ... memory. PHOTOGRAPH
- 13. I thought the exam was ... easy, actually. COMPARE
- 14. Betsie has been a little ... today. TROUBLE
- 15. Nowadays ... numbers of people are taking up jogging. INCREASE

#### EXERCISE 162\*

Sometimes from the same root word it is possible to form different adjectives. Fill in the following sentences with the right adjectives. Be certain you understand the difference between the given adjectives.

- A. ADOPTED ADOPTIVE
- I am an (1) ... child, but my (2) ... parents are the best in the world.
- . ADVENTITIOUS ADVENTUROUS
- The (1) ... tourist would have frozen lost in the woods were it not for the (2) ... arrival of the hunters.
- C. ALTERNATE ALTERNATIVE
- 1. If you reject our ideas, propose ... solutions.
- 2. This course is offered in ... years.
- D. ARAB ARABIAN ARABIC
- 1. His grandfather was a famous ... warrior.
- 2. At school we use mostly ... numerals.
- 3. I love the smell of those strong ... perfumes.

#### E. AUTHORITARIAN AUTHORITATIVE

- 1. This is one of the most ... encyclopaedias I've ever seen.
- 2. My bass is very ... and demands absolute obedience.

#### F. CHILDISH CHILDLIKE

- 1. You wouldn't like this movie, it's too ... .
- 2. Although she is over 30 she still has a ... face.

#### 6. CIVIC CIVIL

- 1. Last week a new ... centre was open in our town.
- 2. He was one of the leaders of the ... rights movement.

#### H. CLASSIC CLASSICAL

- 1. I like modern dance but I dislike ... ballet.
- 2. I've just re-read all the ... novels of Jane Austen.

#### I. COMIC COMICAL

- 1. I have recently seen an excellent ... film.
- 2. His gestures are so ... that I can't stop myself from laughing.

#### J. CONSCIENTIOUS CONSCIOUS

- 1. My grandma is quite ... of her age but she still tries to be active and helpful.
- 2. My teacher is a very ... person, doing everything properly and with care.

#### K CONTEMPTIBLE CONTEMPTUOUS

- 1. He was very ... of my success.
- 2. I find it ... that some of the well-off do not try to help the very poor.

#### L CONTINUAL CONTINUOUS

- 1 After a few weeks of drought we got a few days of ... rain.
- 2 My boss's ... demands and criticism made it difficult to concentrate on the work.

#### M. CORPORAL CORPOREAL

- Angels do not have ... existence.
- 2. ... punishment was abolished in British schools only in the 1960s.

#### N CREDIBLE CREDITABLE CREDULOUS

- 1. She is a ... person, ready to believe anything you tell her.
- The witness presented the jury with quite a ... account of what had happened on the night of the murder.
- The ... achievement of Prof. Wise brings credit and honour to himself and makes our Institution famous.

#### O. DECEITFUL DECEPTIVE

- 1. I know that her fragile appearance was ... .
- The King was surrounded by ungrateful, cunning, ... traitors.

#### EXERCISE 163\*

Sometimes from the same root word it is possible to form different adjectives. Fill in the following sentences with the right adjectives. Be certain you understand the difference between the given adjectives.

#### A. FRUITFUL FRUITY

- 1. This chewing gum has a nice ... taste flavour.
- 2. It was a very ... meeting and we've managed to solve many problems.

#### B. HORRIBLE HORRID HORRIFIC HORRIFYING

- Her soup tasted ....
- 2. What a ... crime! Just imagine the whole family butchered with an axe.
- 3. After the operation she was left with a ... scar on her face.
- He spent his childhood in ... canditions: no water, no electricity, nothing but rats, filth and stench.

#### C. HUMAN HUMANE HUMANITARIAN

- 1. Cruel as he was to people, he treated his dogs in a ... way.
- 2. The situation in Uganda has become so bad that ... aid is being sent there.
- 3. He is a fighter for ... rights.

#### D. IMPRESSIONABLE IMPRESSIONISTIC IMPRESSIVE

- 1. His new house with its twenty-eight rooms is truly ... .
- 2. He is such an ... child, anybody can easily influence his behaviour.
- 3. The reporter gives you an ... view of life in modern Turkey.

#### E. INDUSTRIAL INDUSTRIOUS

- 1. I envy you such a competent and ... secretary.
- 2. She was born in an ... city and probably that's why she loves the countryside.

#### F. ENJOYABLE JOYFUL

- 1. The last time I saw her she was so ..., not expecting the tragedy to come.
- 2. It was a very ... evening. Thank you for inviting me.

#### G. LITERAL LITERARY LITERATE

- 1. Don't even dream about finding a good job if you are not computer ....
- 2. What's the ... meaning of the expression bon vivant'?
- 3. She specialises in ... criticism.

#### H. LENGTHY LONGISH

- Because of the snow storms the passengers may expect ... delays in the train departures and arrivals.
- 2. Her skirt was ... and reached just below her knee.

#### MEDICAL MEDICATED MEDICINAL

- 1. For your hair loss you need to use ... shampoo.
- 2. I can't understand any of this ... language.
- 3. Waters from many of the springs in Krynica have ... properties.

- J. MIGRANT MIGRATORY
- 1. The stark and nightingale are examples of ... birds.
- 2. ... workers arriving in tourist countries during the summer are often employed for less pay.
- K. OFFICIAL OFFICIOUS
- 1. It is easier to have your co-workers do what you want by being friendly than by being too ... .
- 2. I have just heard the ... announcement of the new government's policy.
- L. SENSIBLE SENSITIVE SENSUAL(/SENSUOUS)
- 1. Don't criticise her dress or her furniture because she's a very ... person.
- 2. When I called the agency a woman with a ... voice answered.
- 3. Be ..., stop arguing and start looking for a solution.
- M. SEXIST SEXLESS SEXUAL SEXY
- 1, I love my she-cat and I'm sorry she is ... and can't have kittens.
- 2. What a handsome and ... boyfriend you havel
- 3. He's not much liked by his female co-workers because of his ... remarks.
- He's a sexologist and he specialises in the ... behaviour of teenagers.
- N. UNSOCIABLE UNSOCIAL
- 1. Because of my headache I was in a rather ... mood so I decided not to go to the party.
- 2. He decided to work ... hours to earn some more money for the holidays.
- O. SUCCESSFUL SUCCESSIVE
- 1. This has been a very ... year for our company. Let's celebrate!
- 2. I've visited Tunisia for five ... years. And I am going there this year too.
- P. TECHNICAL TECHNOLOGICAL
- Our grandparents didn't even dream about the ... advances we are witnessing today.
- 2. It would be easier to read if the language were not so ... .

## 3. VERB SUFFIXES

## EXERCISE 164

Make verbs from the following words by adding -EN or -FY.

Note: make any necessary changes in the spelling.

beauty black dark digr horror inte person pure strength swe	ity false	fresh	hard
	nsity length	loose	note
	sharp	short	sign

#### EXERCISE 165

-EN can be used to form verbs and adjectives.

Divide the following words formed with -EN into verbs and adjectives.

blacken	brighten	broaden	darken	deepen
fatten	freshen	golden	leaden	lengthen
lessen	lighten	moisten	quicken	redden
sharpen	shorten	straighten	strengthen	sweeten
thicken	tighten	weaken	whiten	widen
wooden	woallen			

#### EXERCISE 166\*

- -ISE can be used with different meanings.
- Divide the following verbs formed with -ISE into two groups:
- 1) when it means bringing about a state or condition, e.g. modernise,
- 2) when it means an action, e.g. characterise.

apologise dramatise harmonise jeopardise modernise publicise standardise	colonise emphasise hospitalise legalise moralise rationalise sterilise	industrialise memorise neutralise revolutionise subsidise	democratise generalise institutionalise mobilise philosophise stabilise summarise visualise
symbolise	sympathise	terrorise	visualise

#### EXERCISE 167\*

Although in most cases -ISE is an alternative spelling of -IZE in British English, there are some verbs always spelled with -ISE. It is the case when -ISE is joined on to a word part which is not actually a word, as in *comprise*. Which of the following must always be spelled with -ISE?

advertise	advise	arise democratise dramatise harmonise industrialise neutralise	chastise
circumcise	compromise		despise
devise	disguise		exercise
excise	generalise		hospitalise
improvise	incise		egalise
merchandise	modernise		personalise
promise	publicise	rationalise	revise

sterilise

supervise

surmise

surprise televise

## EXERCISE 168

Verbs with both -ATE and -ISE have to make as part of their meaning. Divide the following adjectives into:

- 1) those taking -ISE to form verbs,
- 2) those taking -ATE to form verbs.

Note: make any necessary changes in the spelling.

active modern captive moral domestic neutral general public industrial regular

sterile

standard

visual

## 4. GENERAL SUFFIX EXERCISES

## EXERCISE 169

Fill in the table as shown in the example.

e.g.

SUBJECT art	PERSON artist	ADJECTIVE artistic
SUBJECT	PERSON	ADJECTIVE
analysis		
		biological
	economist	
electricity		*****
geography		****
	,	grammatical
history		*****
		linguistic
		logical
machine	****	****
		physical
science	****	

## EXERCISE 170\*

Complete the given stems with the suffix the meaning of which is given next to it. If you find the exercise too difficult, look for help in the list of suffixes below.

SUFFIX	MEANING			EXAMPLE	Es
****	vehicle			air	space
****	over of			Anglo	biblio
*****	surgical remo	val		append	tonsill
*****	device for me	easuring		baro	chrono
****	fear of			claustro	xeno
****	people			country	kins
****	speaking, disc	cussion		deca	mono
****	rule			dem	techn
*****	killing			fungi	regi
*****	inflammation			hepat	appendic
****	resemble			human	fung
*****	study of	study of			the
*****	device for tr	device for transmitting sound			ear
	angle	angle			deca
****	rule, governm			olig	an
*****	record, writin	1 <i>g</i>		photo	auto
*****	affected by	1		poverty	
*****	illness			tubercul	scler
-ARCHY	-CIDE	-CRAFT	-ECTO		FOLK
-GON	-GRAPH	-ITIS	-LOGUI		METER
-OCRACY	-OID	-OLOGY	-0515	-P	HILE
-PHOBIA	-PHONE	-STRICKEN			

#### EXERCISE 171\*

Suffixes can help you recognise the word class.

Try do decide which of the following suffixes are characteristic of nouns. Give examples.

-ABLE	-AGE	-AL	-AN	-ANCE
-ATTON	-EAN	-EE	-EN	-ENCE
-ER	-ESE	-FUL	-HOOD	-IAN
-IBLE	-IFY	-ION	-ITION	-ISE
-ISH	-ISION	-ISM	-IST	-ITY
-IVE	-LESS	-LY	-MENT	-NESS
-OR	-OUS	-SHIP	-WARD	-WARD(S)
-Y				, ,

## EXERCISE 172\*

Suffixes can help you recognise the word class.

Try do decide which of the following suffixes are characteristic of adjectives. Give examples.

-ABLE	-AGE	-AL	-AN	-ANCE
-ATION	-EAN	-EE	-EN	-ENCE
-ER	-ESE	-FUL	-HOOD	-IAN
-IBLE	-IFY	-ION	-ITION	-ISE
-ISH	-ISION	-ISM	-IST	-ITY
-IVE	-LESS	-LY	-MENT	-NE55
-OR	-OUS	-SHIP	-WARD	-WARD(S)

## EXERCISE 173\*

Suffixes can help you recognise the word class.

Try to decide which of the following suffixes are characteristic of verbs. Give examples.

-ABLE	-AGE	-AL	-AN	-ANCE
-ATION	-EAN	-EE	-EN	-ENCE
-ER	-ESE	-FUL	-HOOD	-IAN
-IBLE	-IFY	-ION	-ITION	-ISE
-ISH	-ISION	-ISM	-IST	-ITY
-IVE	-LESS	-LY	-MENT	-NESS
-IVE -OR	-LESS -OUS	-SHIP	-WARD	-WARD(5)

## EXERCISE 174\*

The following suffixes are characteristic of more than one word class. Decide which classes and give examples.

-AL

-AN

-EAN

-8

-FUL

-IAN

-IST

## EXERCISE 175\*

The following suffixes are characteristic of more than one word class. Decide which classes and give examples.

-EN

-LY

-WARD(S)

## EXERCISE 176

Add to the following stems as many of the suffixes above as you can.

act	arriv	beaut	child,	cloud
delici harm	drink hope	excite industri	flex modern	furi mother
partner	productiv	read	sail	scarc
terror	thirty	violin	wash	

#### EXERCISE 177

-FUL can be used with different meanings.

Divide the following words formed with -FUL into two groups:

- 1) nouns, referring to amounts and measurement, e.g. teaspoonful,
- 2) adjectives describing characteristics and qualities, e.g. beautiful.

armful	cheerful	cupful	deceitful	delightful
dutiful	glassful	graceful	handful	hopeful
houseful	joyful	merciful	mouthful	painful
peaceful	plateful	pockeful	powerful	spoonful
tablespoonful	thankful	useful	youthful	

## General Prefix and Suffix Exercises

### EXERCISE 178\*

Fill in the following table as shown in the examples. In case more than one form exists, explain the difference in meaning — if any — between the forms.

#### e.g.

ROOT	+ ADJECTIVE(S)	- ADJECTIVES	MEANING
help	1. helpful	1. helpless 2. unhelpful	in need of help not giving help
humour	1. humorous	1. humourless	

ROOT	+ ADJECTIVE(5)	MEANING	- ADJECTIVE(S)	MEANING
art	1.	1.	1.	
	2.	2.		
colour	1.	1.	1,	1.
	2.	2.	2.	2.
doubt	1.		1.	1.
			2.	2.
faith	1.		1.	1.
			2.	2.
fault	1.		1.	
fruit	1.		1.	1.
	2.		2.	2.
grace	1.		1.	1.
3			2.	2.
heart	1.		1.	4
law	1.		1,	1.
			2.	2.
sense	1.	1.	1.	1.
	2.	2.	2,	2.
	3.	3.	3.	3.
			4.	4.
			5.	5.
sleep	1.		1.	
spot	1.	1.	1.	
,	2.	2.		
taste	1,	1.	1.	
	2.	2.		
value	1.		1.	

#### EXERCISE 179

Fill in the blanks with words formed from the given stems.

- 1. He said "Hallo" in a most ... way. FRIEND
- 2. To be a good novelist you really have to be very ... . IMAGINE
- 3. I enjoyed the book very much because it was so ... . READ
- 4. Travelling in an aeroplane for the first time was a ... experience. MEMORY
- 5. Pete's parents decided that his scorpion was an ... pet. SUIT
- 6. Be carefull The floor has just been washed and is very ... . SLIP
- 7. His ... knowledge is very poor he thinks Paris is in Italy, GEOGRAPHY
- 8. He was turned down for the job because he wasn't ... . QUALIFY
- 9. The film was well made but not very ... . AMUSE
- 10. Many ... people sleep on the streets of the capital. HOME
- 11. Her hair is ..., not bright red. RED
- 12. In some places the weather changes so quickly that it's very ... . PREDICT
- 13. I was ... by my friends to take this exam. COURAGE
- 14. Alexis is really a very ... kind of person. ART
- 15. This is the restaurant where most of the town's rich and ... people dine, INFLUENCE

#### EXERCISE 180\*

## Fill in the blanks with words formed from the given stems.

- 1. My little son is always getting into trouble at school. He's not very ... . OBEY
- 2. Unfortunately, your illness is ... . CURE
- 3. Steve was bitten by a ... snake. POISON
- 4. He is completely ... . Not only is he lazy but he is dishonest too. EMPLOY
- 7. Don't leave any money lying around, He's ... . TRUST
- 6. There will be no pay rise in the ... future. SEE
- 7. Please don't tell lies. It is very ... . HONESTY
- 8. I asked for directions but people were rathe r... . HELP
- 9. My dog never does what it is told, it's very ... . OBEY
- 10. Of course it's a violet! It's colour and shape are ... . MISTAKE
- 11. The editor said my poems were so bad they were ... . PRINT
- 12. You won't be paid much as a/an ... worker. SKILL
- 13. The car in front braked ... and I ran into it. EXPECT
- 14. "This is not a good essay" said the lecturer, "I find your arguments ... ." CONVINCE
- The factory was ... so the management tried to cut costs by making some workers redundant. COMPETE

#### EXERCISE 181\*

Fill in the blanks with words formed from the given stems.

- 1. Pushing into a queue is considered extremely ... . POLITE
- 2. This is good quality leather, but actually very ... . EXPENSE

- 3. Don't depend on him, he's a very ... person RELY
- 4. Those shoes are not waterproof. They are ... for the fall. SUIT
- 5. Her parents ... her to apply for the job. COURAGE
- 6. Unfortunately Jim's bid for the 100 metre record was ... . SUCCEED
- 7. Even if you're good at a game, you shouldn't be ... . CONFIDE
- 8. Water came through our roof but luckily my books were ... . DAMAGE
- 9, 8:15 a.m. on Saturday is a rather ... time for an appointment. CONVENIENT
- 10. The world of computers is extremely ... . COMPETE
- 11. We feel that the laws against begging should not be ... . FORCE
- 12. Don't be so ..., we've only been waiting a few minutes. PATIENT
- 13. Most people who work feel that they are ... . PAY
- 14. People who suffer from ... should buy a pet. LONELY
- 15. Barb is a good employee, and is very ... . CONSCIENCE

#### EXERCISE 182\*

## Fill in the blanks with words formed from the given stems.

- 1. My sister never stops talking! She's a very ... person. TALK
- 2. Please don't be so ..., I can't do all the work by myself. REASON
- 3. The judge described Smith as a " ... criminal" who was a danger to members of the public. HARD
- 4. There are always mistakes because the firm is so ... . EFFICIENCY
- 5. Nabody wears clothes like that any more they are terribly ... .FASHION
- 6. I'll always remember that journey it was an ... experience. FORGET
- 7. The new professor gave a most ... lecture to the students. IMPRESS
- 8. When the miners were finally rescued they were ... . EXHAUST
- 9. Everyone was very ... by the good news. HEART
- 10. His boss told him off because he had behaved ... . RESPONSE
- 11. Arnold is very tall and ... . MUSCLE
- 12. Please make the cheque ... to M. Brown. PAY
- 13. I couldn't help it, the accident was ... . AVOID
- 14. This small car is ... for long journeys. SUIT
- 15. The villages in the mountains are quite ... during winter. ACCESS

## Compounds

## 1. COMPOUND NOUNS

Note: compound nouns are usually written either as two separate words or as one word; hyphens are very rarely used.

There are no precise rules as to the spelling of compound nouns, but the following should be remembered:

- when two short nouns are joined together, they form one word without a hyphen, e.g. a schoolbay;
- when we form compound nouns with the use of self- (self-education) or verb + particle (make-up) we usually use a hyphen;
- 3) when a compound is accepted as a single word, it can be written either as one word, two separate words or with the hyphen. The tendency, especially after a period of time when the word has been used, is to avoid hyphens where possible.

#### EXERCISE 183

Combine the words in capital letters with each word of the list below it, putting it either before or after according to the meaning. Explain the compound word you have formed in this way:

#### e.g.

POT	tea —	teapot	= a	pot	for tea	
-----	-------	--------	-----	-----	---------	--

LAND	MASTER	TABLE	TIME	WORK
father	bedroom	dressing	bomb	day
grazing	head	high	lag	social
mark	list	linen	limit	team
lord	key	manners	machine	permit
promised	school	tennis	table	shop
slide	piece	wine	prime	stone
Sildo	plan		question	
	old		zone	

Make as many compound nouns with HIGH, LOW and MIDDLE as you can, using the words below. If you are uncertain what each of the compounds means, check in the dictionary.

HIGH-	MIDDLE-		LOW-	
age heels rise tide	church jump school treason	class light season way	court name speed weight	finger noon street
HUE	11 545011	/	3	

## EXERCISE 185\*

## What do the following compound nouns mean?

A. short circuit short list	shortcoming shortbread	shortfall shorthand
B, double bass double-decker	doubles double-glazing	double bed

## EXERCISE 186\*

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Which of the following words can be used with both FIRST and SECOND to make compound nouns? And which form compound nouns only with FIRST or SECOND? Form all the compounds and explain their meaning.

best coming	born cousin	childhood floor	class lady
language	light	name thoughts	nature wind
prize	sight	inoughis	WILLIAM

## EXERCISE 187

Combine the adjectives from list A with nouns from list B to make compound nouns.

A. compact human polar	fairy instant public	general long safe	high open short	human personal solar
B. air computer race	bear deposit school	being disc sector	circuit jump system	coffee public tale

## EXERCISE 188

Match the verbal nouns in -ING from list A with the nouns from list B to make compound nouns.

Note: these compounds are usually written as two words, without a hyphen.

A. adding drinking hiding walking	baking driving living washing	cleaning firing sewing working	diving freezing spending wrapping	drawing frying typing writing
B. board machine paper powder	desk machine party room	cup money pin squad	license pan place stick	machine paper point woman

## EXERCISE 189

Combine the nouns from list A and list B to make compound nouns.

Note: these compounds are usually written as two words, without a hyphen.

A. alarm colour health sound tomato	assembly death intelligence space	bank film łabour tea	blood fire railway television	burglar generation recipe tennis
--	--	-------------------------------	--	---

B.				
account	age	alarm	bag	bar
barrier	book	brigade	centre	clock
court	donor	gap	line	market
penalty	set	soup	star	station
test				

Expressions like walking shoes may mean either:

- shoes for walking, and then we have a compound noun.
   In this case we stress the first word only, and sometimes use a hyphen.
- 2) shoes which are walking, and then we have a noun and an adjective. In this case we stress both words and never use a hyphen. Decide which of the following are compound nouns.
- 1. 100 degrees Centigrade is the boiling point.
- 2. Fetch some boiling water for our tea.
- 3. Could I borrow a frying pan.
- 4. Yesterday I bought a new pair of running shoes.
- 5. I often fish in that running stream.
- 6. My English professor is a walking dictionary.
- 7. After the volcanic eruption everything was covered with boiling lava.
- 8. I need some writing paper, please.
- 9. I spent the whole day writing a paper for my history class.
- Put it away, it is not <u>drinking water</u>.

## EXERCISE 191\*

# Combine the verbs with prepositions to form compound nouns. The meaning of the needed compound noun is given in brackets.

THE INCOM	mig of the theorem and promise the min	- 3		
break	(failure)		break	(escape)
break	(important discovery)		break	(finish)
check	(cash-desk)		crack	(action against)
cut	(reduction)		draw	(negative aspect)
drop	(person who rejects society)		fall	(radioactive dust)
feed	(comment)		lay	(parking at the side of a road)
print	(printed information)		set	(start)
shake	(change)		take	(purchase by another firm)
turn	(change; money earned and spent)		walk	(strike)
pass	(secondary road)		put	(information that is put in)
break	(start)		come	(conclusion)
let	(place to sell)		look	(forecast)
put	(production)			

#### EXERCISE 192\*

## What's the difference in meaning between the following pairs?

break-out <i>versus</i> outbreak
let-out versus outlet
hang-over versus overhang
Set-un versus unset

lay-out *versus* outlay look-out *versus* outlook take-over *versus* overtake

#### EXERCISE 193

## Combine the words in these two lists to make (primarily) uncountable compound nouns.

A. air capital cotton hay junk B.	barbed central data heart mail	birth chewing dress hire meat	blood common first income
aid design gum processing tax	conditioning failure heating punishment wire	control fever order purchase wool	delivery food pressure sense

#### EXERCISE 194

# Combine the words in these two lists to make (primarily) uncountable compound nouns.

A. meat remote sign table B.	office science social washing	old self soda writing	pocket show stainless
age determination money steel	business fiction powder tennis	control language paper water	delivery management security

Combine the words in these two lists to make plural compound nouns.

Note: these compounds are usually written as two words, without a hyphen.

A. armed high natural swimming	baked human race vocal	civil inverted road winter	current luxury social yellow	French modern social
B. affairs fries resources sports	beans goods relations studies	commas heels rights trunks	cords languages rights works	forces pages services

#### EXERCISE 196

Combine the nouns from list A with verbs from list B to make noun compounds.

e.g. head + ache = headache (i.e. the head aches)

A. bee foot night	blood hand rain	cat heart sun	day land tooth	earth lease
B. ache fall shake	beat hold shed	break quake slide	call print sting	fall rise

#### EXERCISE 197\*

Combine the verbs from list A with nouns from list B to make noun compounds.

e.g. watch + dog = watchdog (i.e. the dog watches)

_				
A. cut hang scare	dare pick tug	drift play turn	flash pop	glow rattle
B. boat light throat	boy man weed	corn pocket worm	crow snake	devil table

#### EXERCISE 198

Combine the adjectives from list  ${\cal A}$  with nouns from list  ${\cal B}$  to make noun compounds. Some adjectives/nouns combine with more than one noun/adjective.

Note: these compounds are usually written as one word, with no hyphens.

e.g. black + board = blackboard (i.e. the board is black)

A. black fresh live twelfth	blue grand long wild	double handy mad	dry high noble	free hot short
B. berry fire print	boat fowl school	cake house stock	dock man talk	father night way

#### EXERCISE 199

Complete the following sentences using the first part of compound nouns from the list below.

- 1. When you write, you use ... COMMAS for direct speech.
- 2. To open a ... ACCOUNT, please write your name, address and ... NUMBER.
- If someone breaks into the house, the ... ALARM will go off you'd better call the ... STATION.
- 4. You can see the ... PEAKS among the clouds in the distance
- We're going to Tunisia the travel agent's booked a ... HOLIDAY for us and we've already got our tickets and ...'S CHEQUES.
- We'll leave our car in the long stay ... PARK at the airport and the hotel sounds good —
  it's got ... CONDITIONING, so the rooms should be cool.
- He's still at ...-SCHOOL, studying ... LANGUAGES. He has to read a lot, so he'd probably
  appreciate a ... TOKEN for his birthday.
- 8. Buy the stamps at the ... OFFICE and pop the letters in the ... BOX outside.
- 9. I'm afraid I've chipped one of your ... CUPS.
- 10. The emigration of professionals to better paid jobs abroad is known as the ... DRAIN.
- 11. My aunt's daughter is my ... COUSIN.
- 12. Could I have some ... DRESSING to put on my salad, please?
- Scientists are very concerned about the results of deforestation, which has contributed to the ... EFFECT.
- 14. We haven't paid for the ... DISC player yet we've got it on ... PURCHASE it was £200 plus ... ADDED TAX, but we're paying over two years.
- 15. What's the ... FORECAST for tomorrow?

AIR	BANK	BOOK	BRAIN	BURGLAR
CAR	COFFEE	COMPACT	FIRST	GREENHOUSE
HIGH	HIRE	INVERTED	LETTER	MODERN
PACKAGE	POLICE	POST	SALAD	TELEPHONE
TD AVELLED	VALUE	WEATHER		

#### EXERCISE 200\*

In each of the following sentences is a blank with a word just before it. Fill each blank with a word that combines with the one given, making a new word that fits the sentence. The number of "-" corresponds to the number of letters.

e.g. Please put out your cigarette. There's an ASH - - - - over there. ASHtray

1. Fasten all your papers together with a PAPER - - - - .

2. The head of the HOUSE - - - - always has to fill in official forms.

3. They left at DAY - - - - and didn't stop to eat until noon.

4. Be careful! Don't spill that juice on my clean TABLE - - - - - .

5. You need another BOOK - - - - now you've bought all those new books.

6. The beam from the LIGHT - - - - warns ships of hidden rocks.

7. Mary's third novel is usually considered her MASTER - - - - - .

8. A lot of people enjoy watching SOAP - - - - S on television.

9. I won't buy the book until it comes out in PAPER - - - - .

10. There is a pink elephant painted in the FORE - - - - - of the picture.

11. After the rain there appeared a beautiful RAIN - - - on the sky.

12. The HILL - - - - was covered in beautiful wild flowers.

13. I could hear the sound of FOOT - - - - S. Someone was coming!

14. We collect honey from our own BEE - - - - S.

15. We had to take shelter during a severe THUNDER - - - - - .

## EXERCISE 201

Complete each sentence by providing the second half of the correct compound noun. Should you find the exercise too difficult, look for the right word in the list below.

1. There's a RABBIT - - - - in the corner of this field.

2. There were so many mice we had to buy a MOUSE - - - - .

3. I could hear the sound of GUN - - - - coming from the forest.

4. Nobody can read the doctor's HAND - - - - - - .

5. You look awful. Why don't you have a HAIR - -?

6. I wanted to do some washing but I've run out of SOAP - - - - - -

7. If you ride a motorbike you have to wear a CRASH - - - - - - .

8. In my living-room there is a lovely old stone FIRE - - - - - .

9. Jack built his own boat in a WORK - - - - in his garden.

10. She's not a very good TIME - - - - , she's always late.

11. That tall tower over there is a LAND - - - - in the countryside.

12. I found Sophia Loren's AUTO - - - - - - very interesting.

13. Some of the actors still did not know their lines at the DRESS -14. Writing a FILM - - - - - is rather like writing for the theatre.

BIOGRAPHY	DO	FIRE	HELMET	HOLE
KEEPER	LEATHER	MARK	PLACE	POWDER
REHEARSAL	S <i>C</i> RIPT	SHOP	TRAP	WRITING
		01101	1 INCHE	MKTITUG

#### EXERCISE 202

Complete each sentence by providing the second half of the correct compound noun. Should you find the exercise too difficult, look for the right word in the list below.

1. We got soaked to the skin in a sudden cloud... .

2. The floor of the workshop was covered in saw... and shavings of wood.

3. The children made a poster based in the shape of a snow... .

4. The average theatre ... will find this play completely incomprehensible.

5. Could you buy me a tube of tooth... at the supermarket?

6. I woke up screaming after having a terrible night....

7. The house was severely damaged by an earth... .

8. The United Nations tried to arrange a cease... but without success.

9. Don't forget to tell everyone about the meeting before... .

10. There was a long post ... at the end of the letter.

11. Don't worry if you don't have enough cash on you. We can use my credit ... .

12. He ate so much that he's got a stomach... now.

13. Have you met Peter's new girl...?

14. Roosters begin making noises just before day... .

15. St Mark's Piazza is one of the famous land... of Venice.

ACHE FIRE	BREAK	BURST	CARD	DUST
	FLAKE	FRIEND	GOER	HAND
MARE	MARKS	PASTE	QUAKE	SCRIPT

## EXERCISE 203

Complete each sentence by providing the second half of the correct hyphenated word. Should you find the exercise too difficult, look for the right word in the list below

Students going abroad should remember that in some countries hitch-... is forbidden.

2. The new teacher was keen on singing, story-... and reading poetry to her class.

3. How many ice-... would you like with your whisky?

4. One of the thieves acted as a look-... while the others counted the stolen money.

5. Greg forgot to give a traffic-... and two other cars crashed into his.

- 6. The car went out of control and crashed into a lamp-... .
- 7. I gave my old car as part-... for this new model, though I didn't get much for it.
- 8. I've got a painful mosquito -... right on the tip of my nose.
- 9. If you clean your teeth regularly, this will reduce tooth-....
- 10. I gripped the door-... and turned it but the door wouldn't open.
- 11. Put all the dirty knives and forks in the dish-....

BITE HIKING CUBES KNOB

DECAY OUT EXCHANGE POST

SIGNAL

TELLING

WASHER

## 2. COMPOUND ADJECTIVES

## EXERCISE 204

Fill the blanks with the right word to make a compound adjective.

A.

heart-... news

heart-... support

heart-... thinking BREAKING

SEARCHING

WARMING

B.

life-... classes

life-... disease

life-... rain

record-... results

BREAKING

GIVING SAY

SAVING

THREATENING

C

self-... accommodation

self-... door

self-... equipment self-... regulations

self-... explanation

self-... watch

CATERING CLEANING

DEFEATING

self-... organisation

JUSTIFYING

LOCKING

REGULATING

WINDING

## OKA140

## EXERCISE 205\*

Which word can come after each of the groups to make compound adjectives?

A, care dust- duty- guilt- lead- pollution- rent- tax- traffic- F...

B. kind- light- soft- tender- warm- H...

C. bomb bullet damp dust fire flame fool sound water P.

D. air car home 5...

E. well- plain- out soft-

5...

## EXERCISE 206\*

Join words from list A and B to form compound adjectives.

A, full low	heart second	life short	long
B. affirming breaking distance giving handed lost preserving saving standing	blooded class felt grown lasting tempered range searching suffering		blown cut flavoured hand lived paid rate sighted supporting

warming

### **EXERCISE 207**

threatening

Fill in the blanks with the right words to form compound adjectives. If you find the exercise too difficult, look for the right words in the list below.

absent professor	air apartment	audio aids
bitter taste	blood monster	brand car
breast infant	breath view	bullet jacket
clean man	cold criminal	duty shop
fact mission	far conclusion	first ticket
freeze coffee	front news	THE IN THERE

BLOODED FED GOING PROOF SWEET	CLASS FETCHED MINDED SHAVEN	DRIED FINDING NEW TAKING	CONDITIONED FREE PAGE THIRSTY
SWEET	VISUAL		

## EXERCISE 208\*

Which of the following participles would not combine with SELF- to make compound adjectives?

elected e	orewed	forsaken	confident	educated
	employed	imposed	inflicted	made
	oossessed	satisfied	tanned	taught

## EXERCISE 209\*

-BOUND can be used to make compound adjectives.

Divide the following adjectives into three groups:

- 1) when they indicate a restriction, e.g. duty-bound,
- 2) when they indicate a direction, e.g. Cracow-bound.
- 3) when they indicate the kind of book covers, e.g. paper-bound.

class-bound earthbound

cloth-bound eastbound

culture-bound fog-bound

home-bound leather-bound homeward-bound tradition-bound

honour-bound wheelchair-bound

## EXERCISE 210

Are there any nouns in the list below to which we could not add -FREE to make compound adjectives?

accident duty rent

care interest risk

crime lead stress

debt pain tax

disease pollution trouble

## EXERCISE 211\*

Join words from the list with the colours to form compound colour adjectives.

blood electric midnight

pearl

blue ice nut

royal

bottle iron ocean

sea

brick jet off

sky

coal lime pea snow

Colours: ...-BLACK

...-GREY

...-RED

...-BLUE

...-BROWN ...-WHITE

...-GREEN

## EXERCISE 212\*

Which word can come before each of the groups to make compound adjectives?

- A. D... fried frozen rooted seated
- B. F... baked chopped cut ironed
- C. F... board circle face grown length scale
- begotten damned fearing forsaken given inspired like
- E. H., brewed made sick spun

- F. S... dead deaf cold ground washed
- G. S... baked burnt dried lit tanned
- H. W... bred built cut dressed educated meant preserved spoken timed

#### EXERCISE 213

Fill in the blanks with the right words to form compound adjectives. If you find the exercise too difficult, look for the right words in the list below.

GREY

NEW

...-picked berries ...-made cake

...-hearted mood

...-forsaken town

...-warm attitude

...-worthy event

...-distance call

GOD

HOME

LAST

LONG

NARROW

...-cold beer

...-abiding citizen

...-haired grandpa ...-handed student ...-minute offer

...-hearted person ...-looking boy

...-advised decision ...-aged woman

...-minded view ...-watering dessert

...-laid egg

...-ending story

GOOD

**NEVER** 

ICE LAW LUKE

ILL LEFT MIDDLE

LIGHT MOUTH NOTE

HAND

KIND

## **EXERCISE 214**

Fill in the blanks with the right words to form compound adjectives. If you find the exercise too difficult, look for the right words in the list below.

...-made pattern

...-deep beauty

...-fashioned clothes

...-way ticket ...-famous singer

...-ended exercise ...-blue eyes ...-secret information

...-white shirt ...-time job

...-heavy structure ...-sided view

...-free zone

...-long commitment

...-faced liar

OLD PART SNOW TWO

ONE READY TOP WORLD

ONE SKIN TOP YEAR **OPEN** SKY TRAFFIC

## EXERCISE 215\*

Some compound adjectives are borrowed from foreign languages. Explain the meaning of the following compounds. Check their pronunciation.

a la mode avant-garde

a priori bona fide

ad hoc cordon bleu ad lib de facto

au fait de jure

## EXERCISE 216\*

Match the compound adjectives from list A with the right nouns from list B.

A. a la mode au fait de jure laissez-faire	a priori avant-garde de luxe per capita	ad hoc bona fide ex gratia prima facie	ad lib cordon bleu infra dig sub judice
B art comments income payment with the situation	court case	chores	clothes
	cuisine	evidence	hotel
	intentions	marriage	meeting
	player	policy	reasoning

## EXERCISE 217

In each of the following sentences there is a blank with a word just before it. Fill each blank with a word that combines with the one given in a way that fits the sentence. If you find the exercise too difficult, look for the right words in the list below.

- 1. He paid a lot of money for his FIRST-... ticket.
- 2. She hasn't much money to spend because she can find only a PART-... job.
- 3. She looks rather severe but she is really a very KIND-... woman.
- 4. My mother always gives her guests HOME-... cakes for tea.
- 5. What I'd really like for breakfast is a nice NEW-... egg.
- 6. We say that the 50-... "leader" of the group is just a petty tyrant.
- 7. I have never had any painting lessons. I am entirely SELF-....
- 8. Peter always wears very WELL-... shoes.
- 9. Our teacher isn't strict at all. She is very EASY-....
- 10. To be honest, I enjoy eating in HIGH-... restaurants.
- 11. Please enclose a SELF-... envelope.
- 12. Everyone began the holiday in a LIGHT-... mood.
- 13. This particular kind of LONG-... sheep can run quite fast.
- 14. I think you would be ILL-... to sell the house at the present time.
- 15. I much prefer having a drink in an OLD-... country club.

ADDRESSED	CALLED	CLASS
GOING	HEARTED	HEARTED
LAID	LEGGED	MADE/BAKED
POLISHED	PRICED	TAUGHT
TIME	ADVISED	FASHIONED

#### EXERCISE 218

In each of the following sentences there is a blank with a word just before it. Fill each blank with a word that combines with the one given in a way that fits the sentence.

- 1. If I were you, I'd spend a bit more and buy the HARD... version.
- 2. After seven months abroad, Andy was beginning to feel HOME....
- 3. The policeman was wearing a BULLET-... vest, which probably saved his life.
- Our household has a lot of LABOUR-... devices to make housework easier, and we usually take advantage of INTEREST-... credit so that we have longer to pay for them.
- Their first home was a PURPOSE-... flat, and now they're moving to a typical English RED-... terraced house.
- 6. We try to make good use of AUDIO-... aid in this school.
- 7. I'd rather you didn't make any LONG-... phone calls.
- 8. She bought a SECOND-... car, and it was converted so that it could run on LEAD-... petrol.
- 9. People often put on weight when they become MIDDLE-....
- 10. The market has been flooded with cheap MASS-... toys.
- 11. He could be briefly and accurately described as a TWO-... liar.

AGED DISTANCE HAND SICK	BACK FACED PRODUCED	BRICK FREE PROOF	BUILT FREE SAVING
SICK	VISUAL		

## 3. COMPOUND VERBS

Note: you cannot always guess the meaning of a compound verb if you are not already familiar with it. Always check the meaning of the new compounds in the dictionary.

## EXERCISE 219\*

Join words from list A and list B to form compound verbs (transitive).

A. blow double hand sand white	court double ill ship	cross dry nick spin	cross field proof spoon	cross force rubbe tape
B. check dry	clean examine	cross feed	cuff feed	dry glaze

martial name paper read record reference stamp test treat wash

## EXERCISE 220\*

Join words from list  ${\it A}$  and list  ${\it B}$  to form compound verbs (intransitive).

A. baby roller	hitch touch	honey water	ice window	lip
B. hike skate	maon skate	read ski	shop type	sit

## EXERCISE 221\*

Join words from list A and list B to form compound verbs (which can be used as both transitive or intransitive).

A. bottle deep sight	breast double spring	bulk double stir	chain mass	criss short
B. buy feed produce	check feed read	circuit fry smoke	clean fry	cross park

## Clipping and Blending

## 1. CLIPPING

Note: clipping means cutting off the beginning or the end of a word, or both, leaving a part to stand for the whole. The resultant form is called a clipped word. The jargon of the students is filled with clipped words: LAB, DORM, PROF, EXAM, GYM, MATH, etc.

As these examples suggest, the clipping of the end of a word is the most common, and it is mostly nouns that undergo this process.

However, be careful in using them in exams, theses, etc., as some examiners will not accept them, and you will lose a mark for their use. As a safe generalisation, use them only in spoken English.

#### EXERCISE 222\*

Give the original words from which these clipped words were formed.

<b>e.g.</b> ad —	advertisement			
bike —	bus	co-ed -	coke -	decaf —
doc —	exam —	flu —	fridge —	gas —
gent —	grannie –	lab —	maths —	mike —
mavie -	phone —	photo —	plane -	pop -
vet -	zoo			

#### EXERCISE 223\*

Give clipped forms of the following words.

memorandum Metropolitan Opera pantaloons perambulator permanent (hair wave) periwig poliomyelitis preparatory (school) professor	e.g. cabriolet — cab		
Sergeant taximeter cab violoncello	fanatic	graduate (student)	grandmother
	memorandum	Metropolitan Opera	pantaloons
	perambulator	permanent (hair wave)	periwig
	poliomyelitis	preparatory (school)	professor
	promenade dance	public house	San Francisco

#### EXERCISE 224\*

First names are, in spoken language, more often used in their clipped than in their original forms. Give clipped forms of the following names. In some cases more than one form is possible.

### e.g. Elizabeth - Betty

Albert

Alfred

Anthony

Benjamin Charles, Charlotte

Edmund, Edward, Edwin Nicholas

Elizabeth Philip Frederick Richard

Samuel

Thomas

A.

William

#### EXERCISE 225\*

Match the clipped forms in list A with the full names in list B.

 Aggie
 Andy

 Con
 Debby

 Lu
 Mabel

 Prue
 Ray

 Trixy
 Vee

Archie Dora Mae, May Tilda

Bella Gene Net Tina

B.

Mary

Agnes Antoinette Christina, Albertina Eugene Andrew Arabella Constance Herbert

Mathilda

Archibald Beatrice Deborah Letitia Amabel Charlotte Eleonora

Bert

Lottie

Nora

Tish

Letitia Prudence Eleonora Luisa Raymond

Theodora Veronica

#### EXERCISE 226\*

Clipped words are formed not only from individual words but also from grammatical units, such as modifier + noun. Paratrooper, for example, is a clipped form of parachutist trooper. Give the original of these clipped words.

Aframerican comintern

medicare

Amerindian Eurasia

newsboy

Australasia maitre d' paratrooper

## 2. BLENDING

Note: blending is the fusion of two words into one, usually the first part of one word with the last part of another, as in BRUNCH, from BREAKFAST and LUNCH. The resultant blend shares both original meanings. The two classes, blends and clipped words are not sharply separated, and some words may be put into either class.

#### EXERCISE 227\*

Give the originals of these blends.

e.g. BRUNCH = BReakfast + IUNCH

autobus cablegram Interpol

paratroops

Benelux Eurovision

Eurovision motel telecast breathalyser helipart newscast

smag

#### EXERCISE 228\*

Give the blends that result from fusing these words. If you find the exercise too difficult, match the blends given underneath with the right words.

e.g. BLOT = BLemish + spOT

binary digit motor + pedal(cycle) blare or blow + spurt transfer + resistor

dumb + confound splash + spatter

BIT

BLURT

DUMBFOUND

MOPED

TRANSISTOR

SPLATTER

## Acronyms

Note: acronymy is the process whereby a word is formed from the initials or beginning segments of a succession of words.

In some cases the initials are pronounced, as in MP [em'pi:] (military police, or Member of Parliament). In others, the initials and/or beginning segments are pronounced as the spelled word would be. For example, NATO (North Atlantic Treaty Organisation) is pronounced as ['neitou].

#### EXERCISE 229\*

Acronyms which are pronounced as sequences of letters are called *alphabetisms*. Pronounce these acronyms and give their originals.

AA	A-bomb	AC	A level	a.s.a.p.	b & b	
BA	BC	CIA	c/o	C.O.D	DC	
DC	DIA	DJ	D.Litt.	DNA	EE <i>C</i>	
FAO	FBI	GB	GMT	GP	HM	HRH

#### EXERCISE 230\*

Acronyms which are pronounced as sequences of letters are called *alphabetisms*. Pronounce these acronyms and give their originals.

ID	IMF	IOU	IQ	IRA	LA
LP	LSD	MA	MC	WD	MIT
MP	mph	M.Sc	OED	ono	PO Box
POW	PTO	s.a.e.	SF	TB	TV
UK	UN	US	V50	wc	YMCA

#### EXERCISE 231\*

Some acronyms are of Latin or French origin, but they are very common in English. Pronounce the following acronyms, give their originals and their English meanings.

AD	am	CD	D.G.	e.g.	etc.
i.e.	NB	p.a.	RIP	RSVP	

#### EXERCISE 232\*

Acronyms pronounced as a word are very often used without knowing what the letters stand for. Pronounce the following acronyms and give their originals.

e.g. NATO - ['neitou] - North Atlantic Treaty Organisation

Basic English	GATT	laser	radar
OPEC	SALT	UFO	UNESCO
UNITCEE	UNO	WASP	

#### Instruction to all exercises in this unit:

Using prefixes and/or suffixes, make words from the given root word to fit the sentences. You may use the same form of the derived word once only. But remember that sometimes words which look identical may belong to different word classes, e.g. ideal can be both a noun and an adjective, and then you can use it in both functions.

Some of you may find exercises in this section too difficult. If this is the case, look for prompts below each exercise (words needed to fill the sentences in each of the exercises are given there in alphabetical order) and simply match the right derivation with the right sentence.

Be certain you understand the differences between any of the "relatives" of the word family. If not, check the difference in a dictionary.

## e.g. ABHOR

- 1. The idea of killing animals for their fur is ... to many people.
- 2. Most people ... cruelty to animals.
- These new measures are regarded with suspicion and ... by the majority of the population.

prompts: ABHOR
ABHORRENCE
ABHORRENT

answer:

ABHORRENT

2. ABHOR

ABHORRENCE

## EXERCISE 233

#### ABSENT

- 1. I'm responsible for your welfare in your parents' ... .
- 2. Something which is still ... from your paper is any reference to Prof. Learned's book.
- 3. During the last week Minnie has ... herself from work three times.
- 4. Everybody was there, and the only ... was Mr Unreliable.

## prompts:

ABSENCE	ABSENT	ABSENTED	ABSENTEE

#### **ABSORB**

- 1. You'll need some ... cloth to clean up this spilt coffee.
- Kleenex manufacturers claim that their tissues have greater ... than the competing brands.
- 3. Managing his private business ... much of Mr Industrious's energy.
- 4. The book I was reading was so ... that I couldn't decide to put it down.
- 5. Prof. Monkey's ever growing ... in the study of natural history doesn't leave him any time to spend visiting with his family.

#### prompts:

**ABSORBENCY** 

**ABSORBENT** 

ABSORBING

ABSORBS

ABSORPTION

#### EXERCISE 235

#### ABSTAIN

- Mr Drunkard is trying to give up drinking, and he has managed to remain ... for three weeks now.
- 2. "I hope you voted against Mr Rude's election?"
  - "No, I voted neither for nor against. Actually, I ... ."
- 3. Since he became a Buddhist, he has led a very ... life, not allowing himself to drink any alcohol or eat any sea food which he had enjoyed so much.
- 4. Mr Proper is a total ... . He never smokes or takes any alcoholic drinks.
- 5. There were 452 votes in favour, 36 against, and 4 ....
- 6. ... from alcohol is essential while you are taking this medicine.
- 7. According to Jill the best way to avoid pregnancy is total ....

#### prompts:

ABSTAINED

ABSTAINER

ABSTAINING

ABSTEMIOUS

ABSTINENCE

ABSTINENT

ABST

ABSTENTIONS

#### **EXERCISE 236**

#### ABSURD

- 1. The package tour to Paris was ... expensive, so we decided to stay at home.
- 2. In Polish there are as many oddities and ... as in any other language.
- 3. It's an ... situation neither of them would talk to the other.

#### prompts:

ABSURD

ABSURDITIES

ABSURDLY

#### **EXERCISE 237**

#### ABUSE

- My boss is continually ... his position by getting me to do things for him which are not part
  of my lob.
- 2. Please, forgive him, he is always a little ... to everyone when he's had one too many.
- 3. More and more children are sexually ... by their parents.
- 4. She claimed to have been a victim of child ....
- 5. Drug ... would often commit crime to get the money needed for drugs.

#### prompts:

ABUSE

ABUSED

**ABUSERS** 

ABUSING

ABUSIVE

#### EXERCISE 238

#### ACADEMY

- 1. This course is a combination of ... and practical work.
- The mayor has set up a committee of industrialists and ... to advise him on the city development.
- 3. Only pupils who were well qualified ... were admitted to this school.
- 4. General Brave is a graduate of the Military ... at West Point.

#### prompts:

ACADEMIC

ACADEMICALLY

ACADEMICS

ACADEMY

## EXERCISE 239

#### ACCEPT

- 1. To my relief the professor found my paper  $\dots$  .
- 2. The government proposal met with general ... .
- 3. I am happy because my book has just been ... for publication.
- 4. If my ideas are ... to you, suggest something else.
- The term "Amerindians" used to describe the pre-Columbian inhabitants of America seems to have gained ... of both the academics and the ordinary people.
- 6. The disparity between what we demand and what we get has become ... high.
- 7. I am looking for a flat with an ... low rent.
- 8. The new government's future depends on the ... of their policies to the man in the street.

#### prompts:

ACCEPTABILITY ACCEPTANCE ACCEPTABLE ACCEPTATION ACCEPTABLY ACCEPTED

UNACCEPTABLE

UNACCEPTABLY

#### ACCESS

- 1. The publication of the documents will increase their ... to the public.
- 2. The only ... to my house is through a forest path.
- 3. Although the hotel is situated high in the mountains it is easily ... thanks to the chair-lift.
- 4. Queen Elizabeth II's ... to the throne took place in 1952.
- 5. In my opinion Penderecki's operas are completely ... to an ordinary listener.

#### prompts:

ACCESS

ACCESSIBILITY

ACCESSIBLE

ACCESSION

INACCESSIBLE

#### **EXERCISE 241**

#### BACK

- We are all very enthusiastic about the project, but we will still need a few financial ... if we are to succeed.
- Save this old piece of linen cloth, I will use it as (a) ... to protect and strengthen these wall maps.
- 3. If you don't sit at your desk properly, you'll soon get ....
- 4. For the party she wore a beautiful black ... dress.
- 5. In case of computer failure, it's advisable to make a ... of all the important data.
- 6. Can you count ...? Yes, ten, nine, eight ... .
- 7. They sometimes accuse me of ... because I never use any electric equipment.
- 8. Although Johnny doesn't learn as much as most children, he isn't really ... but simply lazy.

#### prompts:

BACKACHE

BACKERS

BACKING

BACKLESS

BACKUP

BACKWARD

BACKWARDNESS

BACKWARDS

## EXERCISE 242

#### BACTERIA

- 1. This infection is not viral but ....
- 2. Nowadays armies are not allowed to use either chemical or ... warfare.
- 3. He is a ... and he studies bacteria and other very small living organisms,

#### prompts:

BACTERIAL

BACTERIOLOGICAL

BACTERIOLOGIST

#### EXERCISE 243

#### BEAT

- 1. Take it! It's an ... price for two weeks in Turkey.
- 2. Go to bed to get some sleep. You've been working too hard recently and you look dead ... .
- 3. The young woman was ... up yesterday as she was returning home from work.
- 4. I must buy a new egg-..., as this one is broken.
- 5. If you continue to misbehave, I'll have to give you a severe ... .
- I wouldn't praise your team so much if I were you. They've taken four ... only in the last month.

#### prompts:

BEAT

BEATEN

BEATER

BEATING

BEATINGS

UNBEATABLE

#### **EXERCISE 244**

#### BEAUTY

- 1. Oh, what a ... morning! Oh, what a ... day!
- 2. Your house is really ... decorated.
- 3. My ... advised me how to put on make-up to cover the scar on my cheek.
- 4. ... is only skin deep.
- 5. Both your daughters are real ... .

#### prompts:

BEAUTICIAN

BEAUTIES

BEAUTIFUL.

BEAUTIFULLY

BEAUTY

#### **EXERCISE 245**

#### BELIEF

- 1. He holds strong ... and is ready to defend them anytime.
- 2. The way she acted was ... stupid.
- 3. I don't ... a word she says. She's such a liar.
- 4. As a physicist, I ... in things that can't be explained.
- 5. The main weakness of the drama is that the characters are not really  $\dots$  .
- 6. I am a great ... in the fundamental goodness of human nature.
- 7. On learning about her death, his response was one of complete ... .
- 8. The explanation of the motives of the crime seemed to me totally  $\dots$  .
- 9. Although he is an ..., he is still welcome to attend all the social gatherings at church.

## prompts:

BELIEFS

UNBELIEVABLY

BELIEVABLE

BELIEVE

BELIEVER

DISBELIEF DISBELIEVE

NON-BELIEVER

UNBELIEVABLE

#### BLAME

- 1. The parents often put the ... for their children's misbehaviour on school,
- 2. Although it is the result of a coincidence, he isn't completely ..., either.
- 3. Although everybody thinks him responsible, he does not feel he is ... .
- 4. Don't ... me for all your mistakes!

#### prompts:

BLAME (n)

BLAME (v)

BLAMELESS

BLAMEWORTHY

#### EXERCISE 247

#### BOMB

- 1. Heavy ... destroyed the area completely.
- 2. The attack by the navy was supported by ... in the air.
- 3. A ... exploded today in the city centre, killing three people.
- 4. When the pop-star left the court, the reporters ... him with questions.
- 5. Aerial ... is often used to destroy large areas.
- 6. Although he was in the army for over twenty years, he got no higher rank than a ... .
- 7. The minister issued a ... statement, which in reality didn't say anything new.

#### prompts:

BOMB BOMBASTIC BOMBARDED

BOMBARDIER

BOMBARDMENT

BOMBERS BOMBING

## EXERCISE 248

#### BOOK

- 1. She has this ... look about her; and always wants to discuss serious books,
- 2. There are over one hundred members on the ... in our club.
- 3. Although it is just a ... of 22 pages it gives you all the important facts about the castle.
- 4. Have you already ... the flight to Tunisia?
- 5. On the way home, stop at the ... office and buy the tickets for the opera.
- 6. He made his fortune as a ... accepting bets on horse races.

#### prompts:

BOOKED

BOOKING

BOOKISH

BOOKLET

BOOKMAKER

BOOK5

## EXERCISE 249

#### BOUND

- 1. I admire him, he has ... enthysiasm,
- 2. Be certain that everything you do is within the ... of the law,

- 3. The train crossed the state ... when we were sleeping.
- 4. She's ... to tell you the secret. She can't keep her mouth shut.

#### prompts:

BOUND

BOUNDARY

BOUNDLESS

BOUNDS

#### EXERCISE 250

#### ВОУ

- 1. In our form there are 15 girls and 12 ....
- 2. Winnetou was a ... hero of mine.
- 3. All the girls had their hair cut in a ... style so it was difficult to tell them from the boys.
- 4. Despite his age, with his blue eyes and blond hair, he is still ...:handsome.

#### prompts:

BOYHOOD

BOYISH

BOYISHLY

BOYS.

#### EXERCISE 251

#### BRIGHT

- 1. The Sun is the ... star in the solar system.
- 2. After the morning showers, it will ... up in the afternoon.
- 3. She bought herself a ... coloured shirt.
- 4. I looked at the sky and the ... of the sun made me blink.

## prompts:

BRIGHTEN

BRIGHTEST

BRIGHTLY

BRIGHTNESS

## EXERCISE 252

#### BRUTAL

- 1. Let me through, you ...!
- 2. He was found guilty of the ... murder of two children.
- 3. The ... of war are often not as weighty as political considerations.
- 4. I was attacked by three thugs and ... beaten.
- 5. Having themselves been ... the inmates treat newcomers in a cruel and violent way.

## prompts:

BRUTAL

BRUTALISED

BRUTALITIES

BRUTALLY

BRUTE

#### CALCULATE

- 1. I've ... that I would have to save for fifteen years to buy this house.
- 2. Can you lend me your pocket ... for a second; I need to add up a few figures.
- 3. I don't trust her good will; I'm afraid she is a mean and ... person.
- 4. I'm not specialising in geometry, but in ....
- 5. Congratulations, Mike! All the ... you made are correct.
- 6. There was a lot of food left after the party because we ... the number of quests.

#### prompts:

CALCULATED

CALCULATING

CALCULATIONS

CALCULATOR

CALCULUS.

MISCALCULATED

#### EXERCISE 254

#### CARRY

- 1. These parcels are too heavy for me to ... .
- 2. They have always wanted to have a baby, but Sue ... each time she got pregnant.
- 3. LOT is the largest Polish ... .
- 4. It is estimated that in some African countries three out of ten people are HIV ....
- 5. Sacco and Vanzetti are just one example of the ... of justice,

#### prompts:

CARRIER

CARRIERS

CARRY

MISCARRIAGE

MISCARRIED

## **EXERCISE 255**

### CELEBRATE

- 1. This news deserves a ...!
- 2. Cracow is ... for its fine old town.
- The ... of the Mass was Cardinal Smith.
- 4. She is going to ... her sixtieth birthday with a big party.
- 5. Tina Turner and Michael Jackson are the pop-music ... who visited Poland in 1996.
- 6. When she informed us about her engagement we all went for a ... drink.

## prompts:

CELEBRANT

CELEBRATE

CELEBRATED

CELEBRATION

CELEBRATORY

CELEBRITIES

## EXERCISE 256

## CEREMONY

- 1. After he was found guilty of the crime, he was ... expelled from the Society Club.
- 2. I loved their wedding ... .

- 3. The ancient ... of accepting new members of the order are still practised today.
- 4. The Queen ... opened the new session of the Parliament.
- 5. His ... behaviour gets on my nerves and is out of place.
- 6. The Queen's role nowadays is largely ... .
- 7. The Duke was astonished by their ... rejection of his invitation to join him for dinner.
- 8. He ... kissed hands of all the women present.

## prompts:

CEREMONIAL CEREMONIOUS

CEREMONIALLY CEREMONIOUSLY

CEREMONIALS CEREMONY

UNCEREMONIOUS

UNCEREMONIOUSLY

## EXERCISE 257

## CHARACTER

- 1. Chinese cooking can be ... as spicy.
- 2. This smell is ... of roses.
- 3. Masterful ... made many of Shakespeare's heroes timeless.
- 4. Amanda Leer sings in a ... deep voice.
- 5. Some of his best ... are: dignity, reliability and kindness.
- 6. Their house was completely ..., although it was big and expensively decorated.
- 7. The play has four main ....

## prompts:

CHARACTERISATION CHARACTERISTICALLY

CHARACTERISED CHARACTERISTICS

CHARACTERISTIC CHARACTERLESS

CHARACTERS

## EXERCISE 258

#### CITE

- 1. I will be using ... from the 1616 edition of Shakespeare's complete works.
- 2. He's an experienced actor but he always suffers from stage fright when he is ... in front of an audience.
- 3. My sister is giving a ... of Polish Romantic songs.
- 4. His ... of Norwid's poems was outstanding.
- 5. In her article she ... more than thirty authorities to support her argument.
- 6. I like Baroque operas but I would eliminate all the ... from them leaving only arias and music.

## prompts:

CITATIONS RECITATION

CITES RECITATIVES

RECITAL RECITING

#### CIVIL

- 1. Two soldiers and eighteen ... were killed during the air-raid,
- 2. Western ... is part of the world heritage.
- 3. After a few ..., we started discussing the issue.
- 4. The missionary set out to ... the ... Amazonian tribe.
- 5. The case will be tried in the ... and not the criminal court.
- 6. He behaved most ... calling your grandpa a senile man,
- 7. I know she doesn't like me, but that doesn't excuse her ...

#### prompts:

CIVIL

CIVILIANS

CIVILISATION

CIVILISE

UNCIVILISED

CIVILITIES

UNCIVILITY

UNCIVILLY

#### EXERCISE 260

#### CHILD

- 1. I spent my ... in the country.
- 2. It was so ... of her to break the engagement just because she didn't like the wedding dress he bought for her.
- 3. Don't behave so ...; you are an adult.
- 4. They have always wanted to have a big family and ... is their greatest tragedy.
- 5. How many .. do you have, Mrs Bunny?
- 6. My boyfriend's eyes are full of ... innocence and sweetness,
- 7. No, they don't have any children. They are ... .

## prompts:

CHILDHOOD

CHILDISH

CHILDISHLY

CHILDLESS

CHILDLESSNESS

CHILD-LIKE

CHILDREN

## EXERCISE 261

#### CHRIST

- 1. We ... our new baby Peter after his father.
- 2. What is your ... name?
- 3. The news about the Pope's death was received with grief throughout ....
- 4. ... is the religion based on the teachings of Jesus Christ.
- 5. Merry ... and a happy New Year!
- 6. This so-called Catholic party is characterised by ... ferocity.
- 7. This ecumenical organisation run by Protestants welcomes not only ... but also members of any ... religious groups.

#### prompts:

CHRISTENED CHRISTIANS

CHRISTENDOM CHRISTIANITY

CHRISTIAN CHRISTMAS

NON-CHRISTIAN UNCHRISTIAN

## EXERCISE 262

#### CLASS

- 1. Wow, your aunt is really a ... lady!
- 2. The ruling party insists on the ... of the documents from the communist period and on allowing historians to study them.
- 3. I found this offer among the ... ads in yesterday's paper.
- 4. My botany prof says that this plant is not easily  $\dots$
- 5. According to our ... it should be a 4-star hotel.
- 6. I can't afford even an economy ... air ticket, so I always travel by train.
- 7. Most military documents are ... after fifty years.
- 8. Communism is said to be a ... system.

## prompts:

CLASSIFIED

CLASS

CLASSIFIABLE CLASSLESS

CLASSIFICATION

CLASSY

DECLASSIFICATION

DECLASSIFIED

#### EXERCISE 263

#### CLASSIC

- 1. I like ... furniture combined with the avant-garde paintings.
- 2. Homer's masterpieces are among the ... of world literature.
- 3. I'm not really too fashion oriented and I prefer  $\dots$  clothes.
- 4. Her husband is an eminent ... who teaches Greek at Cambridge. 5. Baroque and ... are my favourite styles in architecture.
- 6. She has ... beautiful hands.

## prompts:

CLASSIC CLASSICIST

CLASSICAL CLASSICS

CLASSICALLY NEOCLASSICISM

## EXERCISE 264

#### CLEAR

- 1. The Trade Unions sought  $\dots$  on the government statement.
- 2. This maths textbook is not very colourful but its saving feature is its  $\dots$  .
- 3. It was ... your fault. There's no doubt about it.
- 4. I paid so little for this coat, because I bought it at a ... sale.

5. I'm ... as to whether I have to leave or stay.

6. Is everything ... or should I ... the more difficult points?

prompts:

CLARIFICATION CLEARANCE

CLARIFY

CLARITY

CLEAR

UNCLEAR CLEARLY

## EXERCISE 265

#### CLEAN

1. Cats are the ... animals I know.

2. She was desperate and she was forced to accept a job as an office  $\dots$  .

3. I have forgotten to pick up my fur coat from the ....

4. Whose turn is it to do the shopping, and whose to do the ...?

5. I like her, but I must admit that ... is not one of her best features.

6. "Clinique" is the best brand of ... creams and lotions for men.

7. You can criticise the food, but you must have been impressed by the ... of the restaurant.

8. They did win, but the match wasn't conducted very ... .

9. If you cut yourself with a knife, be sure to ... the cut thoroughly before putting a plaster on it.

10. Muslims do not eat pork, because they consider pigs ... .

11. Mr Proper is my favourite kitchen ... .

prompts:

CLEANER

CLEANER'S

CLEANEST **CLEANNESS**  CLEANING CLEANSE

CLEANLINESS

CLEANLY

UNCLEAN

CLEANSING CLEANSER

## EXERCISE 266

## **CLOSE**

1. You will find clean towels in the linen ... in the bathroom.

2. The coal mine ... was the immediate reason for the strike.

3. That's strange but the moment I met her I felt this special ... between us.

4. The sixteenth century ... of common land by sheep owners lead to hunger in many English villages.

5. Adam and Mary are ... related: their mothers are sisters.

6. They refused to ... any details of the investigation.

7. I do not remember the exact price but it must have been ... to \$500.00.

8. Please find ... my letter of application.

9. Any public ... of the names of the victims will be possible only after the trial is over.

## prompts:

CLOSE CLOSET DISCLOSURE CLOSELY CLOSURE **ENCLOSED** 

CLOSENESS DISCLOSE **ENCLOSURE** 

#### EXERCISE 267

#### COHERE

1. The Prime Minister's speech was boring and ....

2. You may not like everything in their programme, but they are a very ... group.

3. The Soviet Union collapsed because its many peoples didn't ... into a nation.

4. The essay would be good, but it lacks ....

5. Despite doubts about a few details, the plan was ... enough to be accepted.

6. The lack of ... of the right wing parties allowed the communists to win the elections.

7. The ... of his policy led to a misunderstanding with the Board of Trustees.

## prompts:

COHERE COHESIVE COHERENCE INCOHERENCE COHERENT

COHESION

INCOHERENT

#### EXERCISE 268

#### COLLECT

1. Stamps and postcards are the most common ... .

2. ... was the fundamental feature of the Soviet economy.

3. The Salvation Army are ... money for the homeless.

4. He has the largest ... of bottles in the world.

5. Monuments of the former communist leaders are highly ... at the moment.

6. This antique lamp is a rare ...'s item.

7. "Herd" or "congregation" are examples of ... nouns.

## prompts:

COLLECTABLE COLLECTIVE

COLLECTABLES COLLECTIVISM COLLECTING COLLECTOR'S COLLECTION

## EXERCISE 269

#### COLOUR

1. You can't see oxygen because it is ... .

2. I returned the dress to the cleaner's because I noticed some ... on the fabric.

3. Green is my favourite ....

4. The photograph has been ... from the long exposure to bright light.

5. This juice has no preservatives or artificial ... added.

6. The old town is the most ... part of Cracow.

7. The town hall was ... decorated for the festival.

8. The ... of Poland are white and red.

## prompts:

COLOUR COLOURLESS COLOURFUL COLOURS

COLOURFULLY DISCOLORATIONS

COLOURING DISCOLOURED

#### COMMUNE

- 1. The scientists experiment with the ... abilities of the dolphins.
- 2. He lived and died in close ... with nature.
- 3. It's really difficult to learn what he thinks. He's very ... .
- 4. Marx, Engels and Lenin were the fathers of ....
- 5. I'm sorry to admit but there's very little ... between myself and my son.
- 6. There were more than two-hundred ... during the High Mass.
- 7. I'm not a ..., but I was forced to join the party.
- 8. The latest government regulations caused outrage among the gay ... .
- 9. We ... with them in English.
- 10. In the dorm we live in two big rooms, but have to share a ... kitchen,
- 11. Public speakers should be good ... .

#### prompts:

COMMUNAL COMMUNICATION COMMUNITY COMMUNICANTS COMMUNICATIVE

COMMUNISM

COMMUNICATE COMMUNICATORS COMMUNIST

UNCOMMUNICATIVE

#### EXERCISE 271

#### COMPARE

- Well, yes, this house is ... big, but still not big enough for our needs.
- 2. His interpretation of Chopin was ... to anything I had heard before.
- 3 She looked ... better than last week. I'm sure she'll get over it.
- 4. This one is quite interesting, ... with his last book.
- 5. There is no ... between this meal and the one we had yesterday.
- 6. They are both of ... ages and abilities.
- 7. The ... of "long" is "longer".

## prompts:

COMPARABLE COMPARED CAMPARATIVE COMPARISON

COMPARATIVELY INCOMPARABLE

INCOMPARABLY

## EXERCISE 272

#### COMPETE

- 1. ... for this position is very tough.
- 2. Sportsmen from 98 countries were ... for the medals in the championships.
- 3. The government dealt with the tax issue so ... that it led to a general strike.
- 4. How many of the ... came from Poland?
- 5. He wasn't a native speaker, but he could speak German ....

- 6. I always do my shopping here because their prices are very  $\dots$  .
- 7. I'm not fond of her but her ... as a manager is unquestionable.
- 8. A ... secretary is 50% of a boss's success.
- They have demonstrated their ... so often that I am not even considering an extension of their contracts.

#### prompts:

COMPETENCE COMPETING COMPETITORS

COMPETENT COMPETITION INCOMPETENCE

COMPETENTLY COMPETENTLY INCOMPETENTLY

EXERCISE 273

#### COMPLETE

- Despite long lasting research, the ways of transmitting the HIV virus are only ... understood.
- 2. You'll get your diploma on ... of all the requirements.
- 3. How could she do this! She must be ... mad.
- 4. To ... the form write your name, age and address.
- 5. For the sake of ..., the disadvantages of the plan should also be mentioned.
- 6. I can't accept your application because your CV is ....

#### prompts:

COMPLETE

COMPLETELY

COMPLETENESS

#### EXERCISE 274

#### COMPOSE

- The stage of the ... of the corpse was so advanced that it was impossible to recognise the facial features.
- 2. Mozart is my favourite classical ... .
- 3. Our football team is ... of men over 50 years of age.
- 4. You are required to write a 500-word ... on your childhood memories.
- 5. During the funeral she didn't lose her ... even for a minute.
- 6. He is a very ... person, never losing his temper.
- The jungle smells of ... plants.
- 8. They produced a huge ... picture, by putting together over two hundred small portraits.

## prompts:

COMPOSED COMPOSITION

COMPOSED

COMPOSER DECOMPOSING COMPOSITE DECOMPOSITION

#### CONCLUDE

- 1. In ..., I'd like to thank all of you for your unending support.
- 2. The week-long discussions have ended ..., so everybody was disappointed.
- 3. He had ... proof of their illegal activities.
- 4. The play ... with the reunion of lovers.
- 5. He was unable to prove ... that all the blame should be put on his wife.
- 6. Because of the ... evidence, the jury decided to find the defendant not guilty.

#### prompts:

CONCLUDED

CONCLUSION

CONCLUSIVE

CONCLUSIVELY INCONCLUSIVE INCONCLUSIVELY

#### **EXERCISE 276**

#### CONDUCT

- 1. Copper is one of the metals with a high level of ....
- 2. Karajan, Marriner and Bernstein are my favourite ... .
- 3. Metals are ..., but plastic is not.
- 4. The teacher was fired, having been found guilty of sexual ....
- 5. The meeting will be ... by the staff manager.
- 6. He lectured on the ... of electricity.

#### prompts:

CONDUCTED

CONDUCTION

CONDUCTIVE

CONDUCTIVITY

CONDUCTORS

MISCONDUCT

## EXERCISE 277

#### CONSCIOUS

- 1. He died in a state of ..., without being able to say anything or see anyone.
- 2. I'm not certain whether her reactions are ... or ... .
- 3. He nodded his head ..., not being able to say why he was doing it.
- 4. She is very health ... and eats only natural foods.
- 5. On learning about her son's death, she lost her ....
- 6. Lip biting is often a ... reaction to stress.

## prompts:

CONSCIOUS

CONSCIOUS UNCONSCIOUS CONSCIOUSNESS

SUBCONSCIOUS

UNCONSCIOUSLY

UNCONSCIOUSNESS

#### **EXERCISE 278**

#### CONSIDER

- 1. The differences are so ... that we can forget about them.
- 2. After careful ... we have decided to get a divorce.
- 3. Your ... of other's needs and expectations is getting on my nerves.
- 4. ... the situation, you should accept their offer at once.
- 5. You should ... all the disadvantages of having a dog, before you decide to get one.
- 6. The flood caused ... damage to the area.
- 7. He is ... taller than his younger brother.
- 8. It was very ... of her not to ask for your opinion.

#### prompts:

CONSIDER

CONSIDERABLE CONSIDERING

CONSIDERABLY INCONSIDERABLE

CONSIDERATION **INCONSIDERATE** 

INCONSIDERATENESS

#### EXERCISE 279

#### CORRECT

- 1. Her death was caused by an ... diagnosis.
- 2. With over 1000 prisoners, this is the largest ... centre in the country.
- 3. If I have understood you ..., young man, you want to marry my daughter.
- 4. This anonymous play was ... ascribed to Shakespeare, but now it's certain that it was written by Ben Jonson.
- 5. ... me if I'm wrong, but I think she is over fifty.
- 6. She hasn't worn glasses ever since she had ... surgery on her eyes.
- 7. The student was very unhappy to see so many ... in her essay.
- 8. She always speaks with such ... that it's difficult to joke with her.

## prompts:

CORRECT CORRECTIVE

CORRECTIONAL

CORRECTIONS CORRECTNESS

INCORRECT

CORRECTLY INCORRECTLY

## EXERCISE 280

## CORRESPOND

- 1. He does make more money but he pays ... higher rent.
- 2. He started his career in our newspaper as a war ... in Vietnam.
- They have just re-published the ... of Jan III Sobieski with Marysieńka.
- 4. I'm sorry but what you are saying doesn't ... with the version your wife presented to the court.

CORRESPOND CORRESPONDENT

CORRESPONDENCE CORRESPONDINGLY

#### EXERCISE 281

#### COURAGE

- 1. The praise of his professor was a great ... to the student.
- 2. She behaved as ... as you would expect of a man.
- 3. Don't be ... by her reply and try again.
- 4. Parents should ... their children to learn foreign languages.
- Despite a series of ... she set her mind on becoming an actress.
- 6. The reviews of her first book were ..., but in the long run she became a well-known writer.
- 7. He was very ..., if foolish, to say to his boss what he really thought of her.
- 8. ... is what you expect of real heroes.
- 9. As I was about to enter the examination room my friends smiled ... at me.

#### prompts:

COURAGE DISCOURAGED **ENCOURAGE** 

COURAGEOUS DISCOURAGEMENTS COURAGEOUSLY DISCOURAGING

**ENCOURAGEMENT** 

ENCOURAGINGLY

#### EXERCISE 282

#### COURT

- 1. The poem is quoted by ... of Oxford University Press.
- 2. If she really said all this, it would be a regrettable act of ....
- 3. It's sad that many families must settle their disputes in a ... of law.
- 4. I love nature movies showing ... rituals of animals.
- 5. Whenever the headmaster entered the classroom all the pupils would stand up ... .
- 6. Catherine de Medicis used a group of high-born ... to get information about her political enemies.
- 7. He was the most ... man I have ever met.
- 8. It was very ... of your brother to leave without a word,
- 9. Sir Philip Sidney is the best example of an ideal ... .

## prompts:

COURT COURTESANS COURTSHIP

COURTEOUS COURTESY

DISCOURTEOUS

COURTEOUSLY COURTIFR DISCOURTESY

#### EXERCISE 283

#### COVER

- 1. The ... of electricity was a mile stone in the development of mankind.
- 2. We need to put just a thin ... of white paint to refresh this room.
- 3. Police ... the stolen goods within a few days.
- 4. This channel has excellent news ...
- 5. How big is the area of Poland ... with woods?
- 6. She bought a beautiful Mexican ... to put on her bed.
- 7. Who really ... America, Columbus or the Vikings?
- 8. Maria Skłodowska-Curie is the ... of radium.
- 9. We send her wishes of a speedy ... after the operation.
- 10. The reporter tried to ... some of the scandalous dealings of the minister.

#### prompts:

UNCOVER

COVERAGE COVERLET DISCOVERY

COVERED DISCOVERED RECOVERED

COVERING DISCOVERER

RECOVERY

## EXERCISE 284

#### CREATE

- 1. I usually spend any free time in this club because they have excellent ... facilities.
- 2. This dress is the ... of Calvin Klein.
- 3. He is a ... and takes for granted every word of the Genesis.
- 4. Christian Dior and Coco Chanel were among the famous fashion ... .
- 5. Walking and swimming are my favourite ... activities.
- 6. Don't ... difficulties when they don't really exist.
- 7. He's a man of great ... .
- 8. Your kitten is an amazing ... .

## prompts:

CREATE CREATORS

CREATION CREATURE

CREATIONIST RECREATION

CREATIVITY RECREATIONAL

## EXERCISE 285

## CREDIT

- 1. The President lost his ... when he lied about the issue.
- 2. Even as he was dying his ... waited outside his house waiting for money.
- 3. It's ... how quickly she has learned the language,
- 4. I was disappointed not to find my name among the ... at the end of the movie.
- 5. They let her go although her explanations were hardly ... .
- 6. My grandma is so ... that she believes everything ads say.

- 7. I must say to her ... that she is very hardworking.
- 8. She bought an ... big car.
- 9. The most ... reason for their decision was a willingness to help the homeless.
- 10. Most people were ... when it was announced that a cure for cancer was invented.

CREDIBILITY CREDITABLE CREDULOUS CREDIBLE CREDITORS INCREDIBLE CREDIT CREDITS INCREDIBLY

INCREDULOUS

### EXERCISE 286

#### CRIME

1. It was ... irresponsible to drive after drinking so much alcohol.

2. ... deals with the study of crime and ... .

3. His case will be tried in the ... courts.

4. Although selling drugs has been ..., it is still growing.

5. Shoplifting is considered a petty ....

6. He is one of the most eminent ....

#### prompts:

CRIME

CRIMINAL

CRIMINALS

CRIMINALISED

CRIMINALLY

CRIMINOLOGISTS

CKIMINOLOGY

## EXERCISE 287

## CRITIC

- 1. When we look at it more ..., we can see many disadvantages.
- 2. Don't be so ... of my work!
- 3. He's been a film ... for years.
- 4. Literary ... is what he is best at.
- 5. They ... me for asking them to change their attitudes.
- 6. It is the best ... of the system I've read in years.

## prompts:

CRITIC

CRITICAL

CRITICALLY

CRITICISE

CRITICISM

CRITIQUE

## EXERCISE 288

#### DEAD

- 1. My husband ... a natural ... .
- 2. I'll never forget the look of ... in the eyes of the cancer children in the Oncological Ward.

- 3. This nurse specialises in the care of the ... .
- 4 She went so ... pale, that we thought she'd faint.
- 5. The captain found out that four of his soldiers were ... and fifteen wounded,
- 6. They give her morphine to ... the pain.
- 7. They have been ... enemies ever since she refused to marry him.

#### prompts:

DEADNESS

DEADEN

DEADLY

DIED

DYING

#### EXERCISE 289

#### DECIDE

- 1. I have to make my final ... by next Monday.
- 2. We have a very ... idea on how to run the project.
- 3. Tomorrow I'm having the ... interview and I will finally learn if I am getting the job or not.
- 4. It's ... the most important day in my life.
- 5. She is ... so we don't know if she's going to accept or to reject the suggestion.
- 6. Have you ... yet where to go for your holidays?

#### prompts:

DECIDED DECISION DECIDED

DECIDEDLY

DECISIVE

UNDECIDED

## EXERCISE 290

#### DEFEND

- 1. From the moral point of view his ideas are ... wrong.
- 2. When I was attacked by hooligans, the police came to my ... .
- 3. How can you be so cruel to a ... puppy like this!
- 4. The plaintiff was present but the ... was still absent.
- 5. I'm just trying to ... my beliefs.
- 6. She is very ... about her marriage plans, so you can't learn what they are.
- 7. He's the most eminent ... of Darwin's theory.
- 8. In the Middle Ages they would build their castles on hills or islands to make them easily ... .
- 9. His ridiculous behaviour during the meeting was completely ... .

## prompts:

DEFENCE DEFENDANT DEFENCELESS DEFENDER

DEFEND DEFENSIBLE

DEFENSIVE

INDEFENSIBLE

INDEFENSIBLY

#### DELIVER

- 1. Jesus Christ is believed to be the ... of the people from the torments of hell.
- 2. The President promised a lot, but I'm afraid most of the things are not ....
- 3. When they searched the postman's house they found bags full of  $\dots$  letters.
- 4. You don't need any money now, you can pay for the TV set on  $\dots$  .
- 5. Brothers and sisters, let's pray for ... from our sins.
- 6. She's expected to ... her baby in two weeks.

## prompts:

DELIVER DELIVERER DELIVERABLE DELIVERY

DELIVERANCE UNDELIVERED

## EXERCISE 292

#### DENT

- 1. We've run out of ... floss so we must remember to buy some.
- 2. He's been a ... for over twenty years.
- 3. I said he specialises in ... and not in chemistry.
- 4. My grandpa got himself a new set of ... .

#### prompts:

DENTAL

DENTIST

DENTISTRY

DENTURES

## EXERCISE 293

### DEPEND

- $1.\,\mathrm{I}$  don't like the colour of the car, but I like the ... it gives you.
- 2. We are ... on you to finish the job by Monday.
- 3. The success of their show is always  $\dots$  on the weather.
- 4. My father has four ...: myself, my mother and my two sisters.
- 5. The results ... on your ability to think logically.
- 6. Whether I marry her or not is not ... on what she looks like but on what her character is.
- 7. In any private enterprise it is crucial to have ... partners.
- 8. The Declaration of ... is one of the most important documents in American history.
- 9. They discovered the drug ... from each other.
- 10. The government is trying to reduce the country's ... on imported gas and oil.
- 11. Poland has been ... for over sixty years now.

## prompts:

DEPEND DEPENDANTS DEPENDENT

DEPENDABILITY DEPENDENCE DEPENDING

DEPENDABLE DEPENDENT TNDEPENDENCE

INDEPENDENT

INDEPENDENTLY

#### **EXERCISE 294**

#### DETECT

- 1. There was a ... change in his behaviour after his wife left him.
- 2. Her life was saved thanks to the early ... of her breast cancer.
- 3. Cats are able to ... some sounds which people can't hear.
- 4. In Poland it is not legal to use lie ... .
- 5. Sherlock Holmes and Hercules Poirot are the most famous ... created by writers.

## prompts:

DETECT

DETECTABLE

DETECTION

DETECTIVES.

DETECTORS

## EXERCISE 295

#### DEVELOP

- 1. Although Albania lies in Europe it's really an ... country.
- 2. We are spending millions on the ... of new technologies.
- 3. I must have this film with my holiday photos ... as soon as possible.
- He specialises in ... psychology.
- Although Mary was a late ..., she is now as bright as other children her age.

#### prompts:

DEVELOPED

DEVELOPER

DEVELOPMENT

DEVELOPMENTAL

UNDERDEVELOPED

## EXERCISE 296

#### DIFFERENT

- 1. Nowadays I think ... from how I used to when I was younger.
- 2. There is too big a price ... between different brands of washing powder.
- 3. This Brazilian coffee tastes completely ... from the African brands, doesn't it?
- 4. I'm unable to ... between these perfumes, they all smell the same to me.
- 5. In the past no ... were made between children with inborn and acquired hearing problems.
- 6. How can you be so ... to all the poverty around youl

## prompts:

DIFFERENT DIFFERENTIATIONS DIFFERENTIAL DIFFERENTLY

DIFFERENTIATE INDIFFERENT

## EXERCISE 297

## DIRECT

- 1. I'm afraid we should have gone in the opposite ... .
- 2. I live in a flat ... above your mother's.

- 3. He talked to me with embarrassing ... .
- 4. Federico Fellini is my favourite film ... .
- 5. 'She said she liked cats' is an example of ... speech.
- 6. He has always dreamed about a ... of a large company.
- 7. The ... we received were frowned upon by all the employees.
- 8. You can call me by dialling this number ... .
- 9. Why don't you check the number in the telephone ... .
- 10. All you have to do is to follow the ... given on the back of the box.

DIRECTIVES

DIRECTION DIRECTLY DIRECTIONS DIRECTNESS

DIRECTOR

DIRECTORSHIP

DIRECTORY

INDIRECT

#### EXERCISE 298

#### DISTINCT

1. The ice-cream had a very ... taste of lemon.

2. There are at least two thousand ... varieties of this plant.

- 3. He has the ... of being the only man with a honorary citizenship conferred on him by our
- 4. The main ... feature of this cat breed is blue fur.
- 5, I ... remember the first time I saw her.
- 6. Can you ... the Japanese from the Chinese?
- 7. How ... are your ideas from Prof. Brown's?
- 8. Let's welcome our ... guests!
- 9. It's too dark and the colours are quite ... one from another.

## prompts:

DISTINCT

DISTINCTION DISTINGUISH

DISTINCTIVE DISTINGUISHABLE

DISTINGUISHED

DISTINGUISHING

INDISTINGUISHABLE

## EXERCISE 299

#### DOMINATE

- 1. Lech Walesa was the ... personality during the 1980 changes in Poland.
- 2. In the sixteenth century England took from Spain the ... over the seas.
- 3. She was too weak to oppose the ... of her husband.
- 4. He likes to ... all his workers and show all the time who the boss is.
- 5. Queen Elizabeth Tudor is sometimes described by the historians critical of her reign as a ....
- 6. Former ... and colonies of Great Britain are now members of the Commonwealth.

#### prompts:

DOMINATION

DOMINANT

DOMINATE

#### EXERCISE 300

#### DRAMA

- 1. My life changed ... when my wife died.
- 2. Have you bought the new edition of the complete ... works of Słowacki?
- 3. Don't ...! Nothing bad really happened.
- 4. Shakespeare is the most famous English ... .
- 5. There's no need to make a ... out of this little misunderstanding.
- 6. How did you like this ... of Pan Tadeusz?

### prompts:

DRAMA
DRAMATISATION

DRAMATIC

DRAMATICALLY

DRAMATIST

DRAMATISE

#### EXERCISE 301

#### EDUCATE

- 1. Most of the peasants have to be ... because they have forgotten how to read or write,
- 2. Good ... is the key to success.
- 3. The government has built many modern ... establishments.
- 4. ... may influence the future of their students to a large degree.
- 5. Although he was virtually ..., he became the president of the country.

## prompts:

EDUCATION REEDUCATED EDUCATIONAL UNEDUCATED

EDUCATORS

## EXERCISE 302

#### **EFFECT**

- 1. We are aiming at ... coopoeration between our firms.
- 2. What ... has the discussion had on your future plans?
- 3. Aspirin is an ... and cheap drug.
- 4. Because of ... leaders, the party lost its support among the people.
- 5. All I got after my father's death were his personal ... .
- 6. They organised an ... strike trying to overthrow the government.

## prompts:

EFFECT

EFFECTIVE

**EFFECTS** 

EFFECTUAL INEFFECTIVE

INEFFECTUAL

#### ELECTRIC

- 1. The ... of those mountainous villages is the greatest achievement of this government.
- 2. All our kitchen facilities are powered by ... .
- 3. My father is an ... engineer.
- 4. I prefer blades to ... shavers.
- 5. We must have an ... repair this heater.
- 6. He is such a good story-teller that his stories always ... the audience.

#### prompts:

FLECTRIC

ELECTRICAL

ELECTRICIAN

ELECTRICITY

ELECTRIFICATION

ELECTRIFY

#### EXERCISE 304

#### **EMPLOY**

- 1. Poland's ... rate rose to fifteen per cent of the labour force last year.
- 2. For the last five weeks I've been looking for ..., in vain.
- 3. I've been ... for over a year and I'm getting desperate.
- 4. How many ... have you in your firm?
- 5. He is a kind and understandable ..., caring for his workers.
- 6. Although she's got an M. A. in history she's taking a course in computers to become more ... in the job market.

#### prompts:

**EMPLOYABLE** 

**EMPLOYEES** 

**EMPLOYER** 

UNEMPLOYED **EMPLOYMENT** 

UNEMPLOYMENT

#### EXERCISE 305

#### **EXCEPT**

- 1. With the ... of the soup it was a wonderful meal.
- 2. They are a very nice, if ..., family.
- 3. Everybody was already present ... John.
- 4. I find this kind of language highly ... .
- 5. She's an ... painter.
- 6. I like your clothes ... for the colour of your tie.
- 7. We've had ... fine weather this summer.

## prompts:

**EXCEPT** 

EXCEPTING EXCEPTIONAL EXCEPTION

EXCEPTIONABLE UNEXCEPTIONAL

## EXCEPTIONALLY

## EXERCISE 306

#### EXIST

- 1. I doubt the ... of the Loch Ness monster.
- 2. There are a few ... paintings of Michelangelo but this one is the best.
- 3. Under the ... conditions in this country many children are unable to attend school regularly.
- 4. Sartre and Camus were the most famous of the ... philosophers.
- 5. This species of birds is almost ... in Poland.

## prompts:

EXISTENCE

EXISTENT

EXISTENTIALIST

EXISTING

NONEXISTENT

#### EXERCISE 307

#### **EXPAND**

- 1. The swimming suit is made with ... material.
- 2. It is so romantic to be surrounded by nothing but the vast ... of the desert.
- 3. The metal ... because you heated it.
- 4. I like the book although it is an ... of the short story I read earlier.
- 5. England's ... policy during the eighteenth and nineteenth centuries made her a lot of enemies.
- 6. He has written an ... review of the play to prove how bad it was.
- 7. The ... of this huge company is said to be dangerous to the smaller firms.
- 8. Don't show so ... or you'll break the vase.

## prompts:

EXPANDABLE EXPANSIONISM

**EXPANDED** EXPANSIONIST

EXPANSE EXPANSIVE EXPANSION EXPANSIVELY

## EXERCISE 308

## EXPECT.

- 1. The boy was about to go for a walk and the dog looked at him  $\dots$  .
- 2. You could actually feel the air of ... in the audience.
- 3. I'm happy to see that you are an ... mother.
- 4. What we saw was beyond all ... .
- 5. He surprised us with his ... visit.
- 6. I don't really ... you to do anything else.
- 7. The price of coffee went up ....

## prompts:

EXPECT EXPECTANTLY EXPECTANCY EXPECTATION

EXPECTANT UNEXPECTED

UNEXPECTEDLY

#### **EXPRESS**

- 1. We ... told you not to lend him any money. Why have you disobeyed?
- 2. What ... do you use in English when you want to greet somebody?
- 3. His face remained ... as he heard about his wife's death.
- 4. Munch is one of the most famous ....
- 5. I can't ... my gratitude well enough.
- 6. She listened to the verdict ...
- 7. Which style of art do you prefer ... or the Baroque?

#### prompts:

EXPRESS EXPRESSIONISTS EXPRESSION EXPRESSIONLESS

EXPRESSIONISM EXPRESSIONLESSLY

**EXPRESSLY** 

#### EXERCISE 310

#### **EXTEND**

- 1. I'm dreaming about an ... holiday.
- 2. When the child disappeared the police started to search ... .
- 3. I'm sorry but your loan is not ... and you have to pay it on time.
- 4. If you want to stay longer in England you need to apply for an ... to your visa.
- 5. I'd like to ... my cordial thanks to all of you who supported our cause.
- 6. How ... is your knowledge of art history?

## prompts:

EXTEND EXTENSION EXTENDABLE EXTENSIVE

EXTENDED EXTENSIVELY

## EXERCISE 311

#### FAITH

- 1. The priest reminded the ... about daily prayer.
- 2. She is trying to divorce him on the grounds of his ... .
- 3. She was promoted so quickly because of her hard work and ... to the company.
- 4. I don't believe in God and my ... is the result of my upbringing.
- 5. You've got to have ... that what you are doing is right.
- He promised ... not to smoke even one more cigarette.
- 7. I can forgive her anything as long as she is not ... to me.

## prompts:

FAITH

FAITHFUL

FAITHFULLY

FAITHFULNESS

FAITHLESSNESS UNFAITHFUL

UNFAITHFULNESS

## EXERCISE 312

#### FALL

- 1. Have you already been to the Niagara ...?
- 2. The park was covered with ... leaves.
- 3. It is a common ... that margarine is healthier than butter.
- 4. Being a historian, I find it hard to believe in the ... of the pope.
- 5. In his books he tries to expose the ... of some of the Creationist arguments.
- The Sacco and Vanzetti case is a clear example of the ... of the American legal system.The old man says he recognises the place but his memory is not as ... as it used to be.
- 8. I can't accept his arguments because they are supported by ... data.

## prompts:

FALLACIOUS FALLEN FALLACIOUSNESS FALLIBILITY

FALLACY

INFALLIBILITY

INFALLIBLE

FALLS

#### EXERCISE 313

#### FAVOUR

- 1. We are having ... reviews of our play.
- 2. Who's your ... pop-singer?
- 3. Polish washing powders compare ... with the leading foreign brands.
- 4. Could you do me a ..., please, and fetch me a cup of coffee?
- Our grant application has been ... evaluated by the committee and we did not get any money.

## prompts:

FAVOUR

FAVOURABLE

FAVOURABLY

FAVOURITE

UNFAVOURABLY

## EXERCISE 314

## FLAME

- 1. You can't smoke in here because those barrels contain a highly ... liquid,
- 2. Her hot red lips ... him with desire, and he felt he'd die unless he kissed her.
- 3. He put a match to the wood and the bonfire burst into ....
- 4. The ... of your eye must have been caused by swimming in salty water.
- 5. The firemen's uniforms are made of ... material.
- 6. The strike leaders were deliberately using ... language to incite the crowd.
- 7. They can't stand each other and all their meetings end in a ... row.
- 8. You'll need to take an ... drug to reduce the soreness and swelling of your eye,

ANTI-INFLAMMATORY

INFLAMED INFLAMMATORY FLAME

INFLAMMABLE NON-FLAMMABLE FLAMING

INFLAMMATION

## EXERCISE 315

#### FORM

1. Turkish Kappedochia is famous for its rock ... .

2 When I saw her after that accident I was terrified by the ... of her face,

3 The first seven years of child's life are the most ... .

4 Fill in the ... in capital letters.

5. Her child was born with terrible ... of his legs and hands.

6. She brought in some dark, ... mass which she called her chocolate cake.

7. Lack of toes and ... feet were the results of the mother's taking drugs during pregnancy.

8. My son is already a sixth-... and he is a very good student.

9. Although the baby was born with a severe ... of the lungs, the doctors said she would live,

#### prompts:

DEFORMATION FORMATIONS

DEFORMITIES FORMATIVE

FORM FORMER

FORMLESS.

MALFORMATION

MALFORMED

#### EXERCISE 316

#### FRESH

- 1. Before accepting the job I took a ... course on computer programming to bring myself up to date.
- 2. I'd rather have ... fish than frozen.
- 3. I should ... my German before going to Berlin.
- 4. I love ... baked yeast rolls.
- 5. My son is a ... at Oxford,
- 6. During the break light ... will be served at the bar.
- 7. After the hot day she enjoyed the ... of the evening breeze.

## prompts:

FRESH

FRESHLY

FRESHMAN

**FRESHNESS** 

REFRESH REFRESHER

REFRESHMENTS

## EXERCISE 317

#### FRUIT

- 1. This chewing gum has a nice ... taste flavour.
- 2. It was a very ... meeting and we've managed to solve many problems.

- 3. The  $\dots$  of this apple tree is astonishing this year we've picked up more than two hundred
- 4. You shouldn't be wasting your time but try to spend it more  $\dots$
- 5. He agreed to go to the interview, although he realised the ... of all his attempts to get
- 6. Which exotic ... do you like best?
- He had many grand projects but none has ever come to ...
- 8. Unfortunately, all the attempts at stopping the quarrel have been  $\dots$  .
- 9. My grandpa has been a ... all his life and his shop was known by everyone in the area.
- 10. I love this sorbet because of its refreshing mandarine ... .

#### prompts:

FRUIT **FRUITFULNESS** 

FRUITERER **FRUITINESS** 

FRUITFUL FRUITION FRUITFULLY

FRUITLESSNESS

FRUITY

FRUITLESS

#### EXERCISE 318

#### GOVERN

- 1. The new  $\dots$  promised they would improve the living standards in the villages.
- 2. He's always wanted to be a prison ... .
- 3. Closing of the mines was a ... decision.
- 4. It's not easy to ... such a big country.
- 5. The period of his ... was most profitable for the colony.
- 6. She never went to school but was educated by a  $\dots$  .
- 7. He is an ... of this colony, where he ruled for over twenty years.

## prompts:

EX-GOVERNOR GOVERNMENTAL

GOVERN GOVERNOR

GOVERNESS GOVERNORSHTP

GOVERNMENT

## EXERCISE 319

#### GRADE

- 1. 'Tall' is a ... adjective, because you can add -er and -est to it, but 'main' is ... .
- 2. The mountain is high but it's easy to reach by car because the ... of the road is very gentle.
- 3. Visiting him every week, I could observe the ... improvement in his health condition.
- 4. The ... ceremony is taking place next Sunday.
- 5. The politician was trying to ... his opponent by talking about his marital problems.
- 6. My son is in the fourth ... now. He is a forth-... .
- 7. Only ... did she become used to her new situation.
- 8. The ... of the environment is caused by ever growing pollution.
- 9. When is your daughter going to ... from the college?
- 10. New prisoners must often suffer very ... treatment by their inmates.
- 11. The smallest ... mark on this thermometer shows differences of 0.1 degree.

- 12. She is still an ..., but she wants to start her ... studies as soon as she gets her first
- 13. These boxes are made of ... materials.

DEGRADABLE	DEGRADATION	DEGRADE	DEGRADING
GRADABLE	GRADATION	GRADE	GRADER
GRADIENT	GRADUAL	GRADUALLY	GRADUATE
GRADUATION	POSTGRADUATE	UNDERGRADUATE	UNGRADABLE

## EXERCISE 320

#### HARD

- 1. Oak is valued for its ....
- 2. The judge described him as a ... criminal and sent him to prison.
- 3. It's ... to understand his behaviour.
- 4. The long train journey on a hot day was but the first of the many ... that awaited her. 5. I can ... understand what she is saying.

#### prompts:

HARD
HARDNESS

HARDENED HARDSHIPS

HARDLY

## EXERCISE 321

#### **HERO**

- 1. Redford plays the main ... and Jessica Lang the main ... in the movie.
- 2. Despite my ... attempts to make her laugh, she remained sullen.
- 3. He received several medals for his acts of ... during the war.
- 4. He was very fond of ... until he broke his leg in one of his foolish actions.
- 5. Our team fought ..., but the apponents were much better and we lost the match.
- 6. He plays the classic ..., who does not possess any praiseworthy qualities.

## prompts:

AL	TELIERA
ME	TIHERO
HE	ROICS

HERO HEROINE

HEROIC HEROISM

HEROICALLY

## EXERCISE 322

#### HORROR

- 1. After the operation she was left with a  $\dots$  scar on her face.
- 2. Oh, myl It's so ... hot today.
- 3. What a ... crime! Just imagine the whole family butchered with an axe.
- 4. Which is your favourite ... film?
- 5. The news of the aggression ... the nation.

- 6. He spent his childhood in ... conditions: no water, no electricity, nothing but rats, filth and
- What was to be just a practical joke ended ..., with four people dead.
- 8. Overpopulation, starvation and disease are but few ... that await people in the future.

HORRIBLE HORRIFIED

HORRIBLY HORRIFYING

HORRIFIC HORROR

HORRIFICALLY HORRORS

## EXERCISE 323

#### HUMAN

- 1. The twentieth century has greatly  $\dots$  educational methods.
- 2. The police are doing everything ... possible to find the lost children.
- 3. Cruel as he was to people, he treated his dogs in a ... way.
- 4. Home sum et nil humanum no me alienum esse puto' is the motto of the belief system 5. The monuments belong to the heritage of the whole of  $\dots$
- 6. The situation in Uganda has become so bad that ... aid is being sent there. 7. She is a student of the ....
- 8. The inmates in the concentration camps were ... by the Nazi oppressors.
- 10. I was accused of ... treatment of my staff.

## prompts:

DEHUMANISED HUMANISM HUMANLY

HUMAN HUMANITARIAN INHUMAN

HUMANE HUMANITIES

HUMANISED HUMANITY

## EXERCISE 324

#### IDEAL

- 1. The movie is only an ... of life in the Renaissance and has little to do with historical truth.
- It would be ... to save enough for both the new car and the holidays.
- 3. What is the ... of the Elizabethan courtier?
- 4. The tie matches ... the colour of the shirt and suit. 5. Don't ... him. He is a nice man but like everybody else he also has his weak points.
- 6. It's hard not to lose our youthful ... seeing the reality of everyday life.
- 7. Although we all considered his policy as too ..., it does work in practice.
- 8. The communist ... of the leftist party was quite alien to him.
- 9. If anything she is an ... rather than a realist.
- He is an ... believing strongly in his principles and trying to follow them carefully.
- 11. I'd like to have at least an ... of what would be expected from me.

IDEA **IDEALLY**  IDEAL IDEALISE IDEAL. IDEALISM IDEALISATION

IDEALISTIC

IDEOLOGUE

**IDEOLOGY** 

IDEALIST

## **EXERCISE 325**

#### IMAGINE

- 1. He's such an ... fellow, never allowing himself off the beaten track.
- 2. You can find in this bookshop every ... book printed recently.
- 3. Her fears are completely ..., having no base in reality and existing only in her mind.
- 4. Can you ... that she has married Peter?
- 5. Is it my ..., or have you actually cleaned your room?
- 6. I voted for him because I liked the ... approach to the problems of our economy.
- 7. After all the scandals, she must work hard to improve her ... in the media.

prompts:

IMAGE

**IMAGINABLE** 

**IMAGINARY** 

**TMAGINATION** 

**IMAGINATIVE** 

IMAGINE

UNIMAGINATIVE

### EXERCISE 326

#### **IMPRESS**

- 1. They have just opened a large exhibition of ... paintings.
- 2. He's had an ... rich life, full of adventures.
- 3. If you are trying to ... me, forget it. I've seen it all.
- 4. His new house with its twenty-eight rooms is truly ... .
- 5. What's your ... of Marge?
- 6. He is such an ... child, anybody can easily influence his behaviour.
- 7. The reporter gives you an ... view of life in modern Turkey.
- 8, Where did ... originate? In France in the 1860s.

prompts:

**IMPRESS IMPRESSIONISM**  IMPRESSION IMPRESSIONIST **IMPRESSIONABLE** IMPRESSIONISTIC

IMPRESSIVE

**IMPRESSIVELY** 

## EXERCISE 327

### INDUSTRY

- 1. When I entered the room, my son was working ..., preparing for the exam.
- 2. What branch of ... is best developed in your area?
- 3. I envy you such a competent and ... secretary.
- 4. She was born in the ... city and probably that's why she loves the countryside.

- 5. Although it is one of the ... most advanced countries, a lot of people live in poverty.
- 6. If they want to improve their standard of living they should ... their country.
- 7. The ... of this area is the greatest achievement of this government.

#### prompts:

INDUSTRIAL INDUSTRIALLY

INDUSTRIALISATION INDUSTRIOUS

INDUSTRIALISE INDUSTRIOUSLY

INDUSTRY

#### **EXERCISE 328**

#### INFORM

- 1. I'm positive that the misunderstanding was caused by ... .
- 2 This is an interesting piece of ... on the new president.
- 3 You should have ... me earlier that you were going to leave our firm.
- 4 The ... spread abroad was to confuse the enemy as to the real plans of the government.
- 5. Our ... tells us that the prices of sugar will rise again.
- 6. This is a very interesting and ... TV programme.
- 7. The police were told by their ... where to find the criminal.
- 8. I was ... as to the deadline for applications and that's why I brought mine too late.

#### prompts:

DISINFORMATION INFORMATIVE

INFORMANT INFORMED

INFORMATION INFORMER

MISINFORMATION

MISINFORMED

## EXERCISE 329

#### JOY

- 1. Knowing the holidays were almost over spoilt my ... of the last days.
- 2. For my parents the time of family reunions is the period of greatest ... .
- 3. Fishing is one of his greatest ....
- 4. It was a very ... evening. Thank you for inviting me.
- 5. The last time I saw her she was laughing so ..., not expecting the tragedy to come.
- 6. Since her husband died she's lead a solitary, ... life,
- 7. Are you ... yourself at our party?

## prompts:

ENJOYABLE

ENJOYING

ENJOYMENT

JOYFULLY

JOYFULNESS. **JOYLESS** JOYS

## EXERCISE 330

## JUDGE

- 1. Don't be too hasty to pass ... on other people.
- 2. My father is the Supreme Court ... .

- 3. He's so ..., always expressing his opinion about others.
- 4. I think that our ... system works better now than even a few years ago.

JUDGE

JUDGEMENT

JUDGMENTAL

JUDICIAL

#### EXERCISE 331

#### JUST

- 1. It seems that the workers were quite ... in criticising the management.
- 2. To do you ..., I must admit you worked very hard.
- 3. How can you ... your latest decisions?
- 4. Her pride in her son is quite ..., if we remember how much he's achieved in such a short time.
- 5. The cake was ... delicious!
- 6. Spending so much money on new office furniture would be ... in view of our other needs.
- 7. She hates me; and quite ... so, because I was the cause of much of her suffering.
- 8. I'm sorry, but I think that your opinion about our teacher is completely ... .
- 9. He was unable to provide any ... for his outrageous behaviour.

#### prompts:

JUST

JUSTICE

JUSTIFIABLE

JUSTIFIABLY JUSTIFY

JUSTIFICATION UNJUSTIFIABLE

JUSTIFIED UNJUSTIFIED

## EXERCISE 332

## KNOW

- 1. Since the dawn of mankind, the wise men have tried to determine what is ... and what is
- 2. She ... became a party to the crime and when she realised what it was all about it was too late to withdraw.
- 3. I was suspected of ... spreading false information.
- 4. He is so popular his music is ... to any teenager.
- 5. To the best of my ..., she's never been married.
- 6. Two months ago the Prime Minister's name was ... to practically anybody.
- 7. My colleague is more ... about the subject and will be happy to answer any of your questions.
- 8. The economist spoke ... about the pros and cons of the project.

#### prompts:

KNOWABLE KNOWLEDGEABLE KNOWINGLY

KNOWLEDGEABLY

KNOWLEDGE KNOWN

UNKNOWINGLY

**UNKNOWN** 

## EXERCISE 333

#### LIGHT

- 1. It was a very  $\dots$  discussion and I understand now the reasons for his behaviour.
- 2. His face ... up as soon as he saw his grandchild.
- 3. The ... in this library is not suitable for reading!
- 4. Suddenly the storm broke out, complete with ... and thunder.
- 5. May I use your ... to light my cigarette?
- 6. "Cogito ergo sum" is the motto of the ...
- 7. It was the middle of the night, but I could see her in the ... of the moon.
- 8. He tried hard to ... us about the customs of this American tribe, but his lecture was very confusing.

## prompts:

ENLIGHTEN LIGHT

ENLIGHTENING

ENLIGHTENMENT

LIGHTER

LIGHTENED LIGHTING

LIGHTNING

#### **EXERCISE 334**

#### LIKE

- 1. What's the ... of your going to Paris this year?
- 2. Running a hotel for rich people you must be careful to accommodate all their ... and ... .
- 3. How do you ... my new car?
- 4. It's been raining for over a week and it's ... that the weather will change by tomorrow.
- 5. Sue ... to be ... to Madonna, because the singer she says is much older and shorter.
- 6. My son has a strong ... to his grandfather.
- 7. I don't think he's ... to marry her; she's too old for him.
- 8. I never iron my blouses and ... my husband's shirts.

## prompts:

DISLIKES LIKENED

DISLIKES LIKENESS

LIKE LIKELY LIKELIHOOD LIKES

LIKEWISE UNLIKELY

## EXERCISE 335

## LITERACY

- 1. Despite obvious improvements, ... in the poorer areas still affects 25% of the population.
- 2. Don't even dream about finding a good job if you are not computer ... .
- 3. What's the ... meaning of the expression bon vivant?
- 4. They did go to school but in reality they are functionally ... .
- She specialises in ... criticism.
- 6. He could eat ... dozens of doughnuts.
- She has taught English medieval ... for ten years.

ILLITERACY LITERARY

ILLITERATE LITERATE

LITERAL LITERATURE LITERALLY

#### EXERCISE 336

#### LONG

- 1. Poland is at a ... east of the Greenwich meridian.
- 2. What is the ... of the Vistula River?
- 3. You need to ... your trousers; they are too short.
- 4. How ... have you been waiting for me?
- 5. Her skirt was ... and reached just below her knee.
- 6. Because of the snow storms the passengers may expect ... delays in train departures and arrivals.
- 7. Cut the carrots ... and put them into boiling water.
- 8. The people in the mountains, many of them over 95 years of age, attributed their ... to fresh air and hard work.

#### prompts:

LENGTH LONG

LENGTHEN LONGEVITY LENGTHWISE LONGISH

LENGTHY LONGITUDE

#### **EXERCISE 337**

#### MECHANIC

- 1. The ... of our agriculture is crucial if we want to produce more food.
- 2. Children nowadays have so many ... toys that they don't care for wooden cars or trains.
- 3. 'Morning,' the teacher greeted the students ... as she was walking along the school corridor.
- 4. Do you have any idea of the ... for running a restaurant?
- 5. My father is a car ....
- 6. The ... of this clock is too complicated for me to repair it.
- 7. If we could ... the picking of strawberries, we'd be able to lower their price.

#### prompts:

MECHANIC MECHANICS MECHANICAL

MECHANICALLY

MECHANISM

MECHANISATION

MECHANISE

## EXERCISE 338

#### MEDICINE

- I can't understand any of this ... language.
- 2. M.A.S.H. is a comedy showing everyday life of a group of ... in Vietnam.
- 3. Although she was ... fit, she suffered from mental disorders.

- 4. Waters from many of the springs in Krynica have ... properties.
- 5. For your hair loss you need to use ... shampoo.
- 6. What kind of ... am I to take to cure my liver problems?
- 7. My son studies ... to become a doctor.

#### prompts:

MEDICAL MEDICINAL.

MEDICALLY MEDICINE

MEDICATED MEDICS

MEDICATION

#### EXERCISE 339

#### MEMORY

- 1. His ring has been handed down in my family since time ... .
- 2. They have just published the ... of Barbra Streisand.
- 3. He collects war ... and his house is full of uniforms, medals and guns.
- 4. This will for ever remain the most ... night of my life.
- 5. I have an awful ... for names, so I call everybody 'my dear'.
- 6. She is the author of countless poems, most ... 'The Rose' written in 1894.
- 7. The ... was signed by all the parties aiming at the reduction of arm races.
- 8. Hundreds of friends came to John Lennox's ... service.
- 9. The teacher asked us to ... this poem for tomorrow.

#### prompts:

IMMEMORIAL. MEMORABLY

MEMOIRS MEMORANDUM

MEMORABILIA MEMORIAL

MEMORABLE MEMORISE

MEMORY

## EXERCISE 340

## METHOD

- 1. ... his lesson was barely acceptable, because you could clearly see that the students were
- .2. Prof. Order is a very ... person and he always knows where to find his things.
- 3. Which is your favourite ... of transport?
- 4. I always prepare my parties very ..., first writing down the list of guests and the menu.
- 5. Her father is a minister of the ... Church.
- 6. He is a nice man but he is not good at the ... of teaching English to foreigners.

## prompts:

WETHOD METHODIST METHODICAL METHODOLOGICALLY

METHODICALLY METHODOLOGY

### EXERCISE 341

#### MIGRATE

- 1. The ... workers arriving in tourist countries during the summer are often employed for
- 2. The largest ... of Poles to the United States took place in the nineteenth century.
- 3. Although salmon ... thousands of miles they are always able to return to their place of
- 4. Illegal ... are becoming a major problem in our country.
- 5. Her parents ... from Ireland to Canada in 1930.
- 6. ... rules forbid bringing any fruit or food into this country.
- 7. The stork and nightingale are examples of ... birds.

#### prompts:

EMIGRATED

EMIGRATION

**IMMIGRANTS** 

IMMIGRATION

MIGRANT

MIGRATE

MIGRATORY

### **EXERCISE 342**

#### MOBILE

- 1. Good education is for you the best chance of social ... .
- 2. As soon as he was ... he returned home trying to forget about the war.
- 3. She sometimes behaves very strange, sitting ... for hours, her eyes fixed on one point.
- 4. You need to ... all your energy to prepare for the exam.
- 5. The ... of our armed forces is the result of our neighbour's breaking the peace treaty.
- 6. After the accident she was ... for two months and could not leave her bed.
- 7. Harrods runs the last ... library in London.
- 8. His car was stolen despite the ... and the signal alarm fitted to it.
- 9. On hearing about the ... of the armed forces the families waited to welcome back home their brothers and fathers.

### prompts:

DEMOBILISATION IMMOBILISED

DEMOBILISED IMMOBILISER

IMMOBILE MOBILE

MOBILISATION

MOBILISE

MOBILITY

### EXERCISE 343

#### MOIST

- 1. What kind of ... do you use after swimming in the sea?
- 2. ... the cloth before polishing the furniture.
- 3. Plant the bulbs in ... soil and be careful not to overwater them.
- 4. There is so much ... in the air your spectacles get misty all the time.
- 5. In my opinion this is the best brand of ... cream.

### prompts:

MOIST

MOISTEN

MOISTURISING

MOISTURE

### EXERCISE 344

MOISTURISER

#### MORAL

- 1. She is a stern ... always telling you what is right and what is wrong.
- 2. It's sheer ... to cheat old and innocent people out of their life's savings.
- 3. His hero is an ... person guided not by any sense of ... but by a sheer instinct of survival.
- 4. Everyman is one of the most famous ... plays.
- 5. I can't stand her ... on every subject you bring up.
- 6. I think it's ... wrong to cheat credulous people.
- 7. Although she's a person of loose ..., she is admired by the public.
- 8. I loved him but I realised it was my ... obligation to tell the police the truth. 9. He is accused of living off ... earnings, by forcing five young girls to prostitute them-
- 10. The general was happy to see that ... was high among the soldiers.

### prompts:

AMORAL MORALE

IMMORAL MORALISING

IMMORALITY MORALIST

MORAL MORALITY

MORALITY

MORALLY

MORALS

### EXERCISE 345

### MUSIC

- 1. Yentle and The Fiddler on the Roof are my favourite ... .
- 2 The ... of Vanessa Mae is astonishing in such a young lady.
- 3 Although he is not ... gifted, by hard work he managed to learn the piano a little.
- 4 ... from twenty-three countries took part in the competition.
- 5. ... is the study of the history and theory of music,
- 6. I don't know much about Indian ... but I enjoy it a lot.
- 7. My father is a ... . He wrote a book on Bach's works.

### prompts:

MUSIC MUSICIANSHIP

MUSICALLY MUSICOLOGIST

MUSICALS MUSICOLOGY MUSICIANS

## EXERCISE 346

## NATION

- 1. All the ... of the world are represented in the United Nations Organisation.
- 2. ... of coal-mines was decided on by the new government.

- 3. What is the beginning of your ... anthem?
- 4. What's your ...?
- 5. They are supported by the majority of workers in this city, but ... they are not an important union.
- 6. The ... of the railway system was not so much an economical as a political move.
- 7. ... in its extreme form can be little different from racism.
- 8. Kurdish ... are fighting for their own independent country.
- It's difficult to discuss with them any political or economic issues because they view everything from a very ... point of view disregarding the opinion of other countries.
- 10. After fifty years of public ownership, the government decided to ... agriculture.
- 11. Do you think that the steel industry should be private or ...?
- 12. They organised a ... network of shops with branches in every major city.

DENATIONALISATION	DENATIONALISE	NATIONAL
NATIONALISATION	NATIONALISED	NATIONALISM
NATIONALISTIC	NATIONALISTS	NATIONALITY
NATIONALLY	NATIONS	NATIONWIDE

#### EXERCISE 347

#### NATURE

- 1. It's obviously ... behaviour for a son to marry his mother.
- After living here half a lifetime you should think about ... and becoming a citizen of the United States.
- 3. It's only ... to expect that she'd look old being over eighty.
- 4. ..., I'd rather go on holiday than stay at work.
- 5. What's the ... of your problem?
- 6. She wasn't born in Canada, she's a ... subject.
- 7. Émile Zola is a representative of ... in literature.

### prompts:

NATURAL	NATURALISATION	NATURALISED	NATURALISM
NATURALLY	NATURE	UNNATURAL	

## FXFRCISF 348

#### **OBSERVE**

- 1. The reading comprehension skills of your students are ... better than they were last year.
- 2. I might have an operation on my heart in the future but for the time being I'm going to hospital for a few days' ....
- 3. Please ... the behaviour of the monkey carefully.
- 4. Have you ever been to an astronomical ...?
- 5. He's just an ... and not an active delegate.
- 6. He's so ..., he always notices if you have a new dress or hairdo.
- 7. What is the traditional ... of Christmas like in your family?

#### prompts:

OBSERVABLY	ORCEDVANCE	OD SERVICE IN	
OBSERVABLY	OBSERVANCE	OBSERVANT	OBSERVATION
OBSERVATORY	OBSERVE	OBSERVER	

#### EXERCISE 349

#### OFFICE

- 1. In case you lose your way ask any police ... for help.
- 2. Five of the trade union ... went to the ministry to discuss the workers' problems.
- 3. It is easier to have your co-workers do what you want by being friendly than by being too ... .
- 4. I hate ... work and I'd rather do something more manual.
- 5. I learned ... about my appointment only yesterday.
- 6. Which priest ... at their wedding ceremony?
- 7. He seems nice, but his employees hate him because of his ... and self-importance.
- 8. In some countries ... makes it virtually impossible for ordinary people to have their matters settled quickly and effectively.

### prompts:

OFFICE	OFFICER	OFFICIALDOM	OFFICIALLY
OFFICIALS	OFFICIATED	OFFICIOUS	OFFICIOUSNESS

#### EXERCISE 350

#### ORIGIN

- 1. He is the ... of a series of Baroque opera festivals.
- 2. What were the ... of the Cracow dragon legend?
- 3. His was a highly ... play.
- 4. What's your friend's country of ...?
- 5. The ... of his work lies in the materials he uses.
- 6. ... I disliked him, but now I'm very fond of his company.
- 7. This custom ... among the pagan Slavs.

### prompts:

ORIGIN ORIGINAL ORIGIN ORIGINATED ORIGINATOR ORIGIN	
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### EXERCISE 351

### QUIET

- The growing public ... is caused by the failure of the government to come to terms with the trade unions.
- 2. He got out of bed ... so as not to wake up his wife.
- 3. Only after the applause ... down could they begin the concert.
- After the rush and noisiness of the city, he appreciated the ... and slow pace of the country life.

- 5. Children, be ...!
- 6. The ever-rising prices were ... even to the supporters of the government policies.

DISQUIET QUIETLY

DISQUIETING QUIETUDE

QUIET

QUIETENED

#### EXERCISE 352

#### PARENT

- 1. Since the beginning of her pregnancy she's been reading books on good ....
- 2. How old are your ...?
- 3. Her skin is dark because she is of mixed Indian and African ....
- 4. ... auidance is provided for mothers and fathers who have problems with their kids.
- 5. The pregnant woman talked with her husband about the responsibilities of their future ...

### prompts:

PARENTAGE

PARENTAL.

PARENTHOOD

PARENTING

PARENTS

EXERCISE 353

### PART

- 1. I can understand your arguments only ... .
- 2. She achieved success ... thanks to her family support.
- 3. We don't grow oranges in these ... .
- 4. In a judge ... is the most important characteristic.
- 5. Her recovery was only ... and she was never able to leave her bed.
- 6. News reporters should avoid ... at all expense.
- 7. Are you a member of any political ...?
- 8. He's a strong ... of socialist ideas.
- 9. The teacher must be ... when grading his students.
- 10. Poland was ... in 1772, 1793, and 1795.
- 11. Who is going to be your ... in tomorrow's tennis match?
- 12. We've gone into ... with our old friends and we started this business.

### prompts:

IMPARTIAL PARTIALLY

**IMPARTIALITY** PARTISAN

PARTIAL PARTITIONED PARTIALITY PARTLY

PARTNER

PARTNERSHIP

PARTS

PARTY

EXERCISE 354

### PAY

- 1. The concert tickets are \$40 ..., and \$50 at the door.
- 2. You can make your ... in cash or by credit card.
- 3. We owe the money to Mr Smith, so put his name where it says '...'.
- 4. The government was criticised for wasting ... money.
- 5. Make your cheque ... to J. C. Penny.
- 6. I will never be able to ... your kindness.

### prompts:

PAYABLE

PAYEE

TAXPAYERS'

PAYMENT

PREPAID

REPAY

#### EXERCISE 355

#### PERFECT

- 1. The way that the HIV virus is transmitted is only ... understood.
- 2. I understood what he said ... well,
- 3. The party was organised to ....
- 4. In my ... German I slowly tried to explain what I meant.
- 5. This is a ... example of Renaissance architecture.
- 6. She's a ... and immediately frowns at the smallest inaccuracy.

### prompts:

IMPERFECT PERFECTION **IMPERFECTLY** PERFECTIONIST PERFECT

PERFECTLY

### **EXERCISE 356**

### PERSON

- 1. How can you like her? She's such a cold and ... creature.
- 2. She ... all her towels by embroidering her initials on them.
- 3. Have you seen his ... of Lech Walesa? Wonderful.
- 4. Can I ask you a ... question?
- During her wedding you could meet several ... you'd read about in newspapers or seen on TV.
- 6. She's a nice ..., but it doesn't mean I must become her friend.
- 7. I just love his ...; he's so warm and friendly.
- 8, ..., I think he shouldn't marry her.
- 9. The actress ... the dreams of the teenagers.
- 10. If you are interested in our job offer, please, contact our ... officer.
- 11. Andrzej Zaorski is a popular TV ..., taking off many famous politicians.
- 12. For all of us MM was the ... of beauty.

IMPERSONAL

IMPERSONATION PERSONAGES

IMPERSONATOR PERSONAL

PERSON PERSONALLY PERSONIFIES

PERSONALISES
PERSONIFICATION

PERSONALITY PERSONNEL

### EXERCISE 357

#### PLEASE

- 1. The ... over, we started serious discussions with the delegates.
- 2. What a ... picture to see you happy together.
- 3. It was with great ... that I accepted your kind invitation.
- 4. Pass me the sugar, ...!
- 5. What a ... evening! I'm glad we went for a walk.
- 6. I'm ... to hear that you have accepted my plans.
- 7. She was ... surprised to receive so many presents.

prompts:

PLEASANT

PLEASANTLY

PLEASANTRIES

PLEASE

PLEASED

PLEASING

PLEASURE

#### EXERCISE 358

#### POINT

- 1. I ... showed him that I didn't want to talk to him again.
- 2. It's ... trying to persuade her to change her mind. She's already made her decision.
- 3. Could you give me some ... on what the best places to visit in Turkey are?
- 4. Can't you see the ... of your arguments in our situation?

prompts:

POINTEDLY

POINTERS

POINTLESS

POINTLESSNESS

### EXERCISE 359

### POLITIC

- 1. ... correct language should be devoid of any words offensive to any group of people.
- 2. What's the government's education ...?
- In China there are still many ... prisoners.
- 4. He is one of the country's most popular ... .
- 5. Some organisations are trying to ... the issue, although it has more to do with economics than with ... .

prompts:

POLICY POLITICISE POLITICAL POLITICS

POLITICALLY

POLITICIANS

### EXERCISE 360

#### PRACTICE

- 1. Her designs might look well on paper but they are quite ... .
- 2. I've already learned English grammar pretty well but I still need to ... speaking.
- 3. For this job ... experience is more important than theoretical knowledge.
- 4. ... makes perfect.
- 5. It's quite cheap but it's very ... because you have to iron it after each washing.
- 6. Your ideas sound interesting but I doubt their ...
- 7. ... all his books were a success.
- 8. I'm afraid it will not be ... to have your car repaired by Monday.
- 9. I don't buy these clothes for their fashionable looks, but for their ....
- 10. My brother is a general ... and he takes care of more than fifty families.

#### prompts:

IMPRACTICABLE PRACTICABLE

IMPRACTICAL PRACTICAL PRACTICABILITY PRACTICALITY

PRACTICALLY PRACTITIONER

PRACTICE

PRACTISE

### EXERCISE 361

### PREFER

- 1. Because I had worked here for over twenty years I get  $\dots$  prices on any item I want to buy,
- 2. It would be ... if we could start our dinner at a later hour.
- 3. What do you ...: tea or coffee?
- 4. Take this medicine ... before meals.
- Sexual ... of the applicants shouldn't be decisive in their being accepted for the job or not.
- 6. Nobody should be treated ... in the courts, as we are all equal in the eyes of law.

### prompts:

PREFER

PREFERABLE

PREFERABLY

PREFERENCE

PREFERENTIAL

PREFERENTIALLY

### EXERCISE 362

### PRESENT

- 1. She is always very well behaved in my ....
- 2. Miro was a modern painter and few of his paintings are ... in the traditional sense,

- 3. Were you ... at the party last night?
- 4. The ... of the Academy Awards is scheduled for next Monday.
- 5. He's a well-known TV ....
- 6. Our firm has ... in twenty-seven countries worldwide.
- 7. Darling, you need to make yourself more ... before my mother comes to dinner.
- 8. This famous sculpture is a ... of Apollo and Cupid.
- 9. She's ... working on a new book about cats.
- 10. Which company do you ...?

PRESENCE PRESENTATION PRESENT PRESENTER PRESENTABLE PRESENTLY

REPRESENT

REPRESENTATION

REPRESENTATIONAL

REPRESENTATIVES

### EXERCISE 363

#### PRETEND

- We loved his presentation because he was able to discuss important human issues in an ... and interesting way.
- They were afraid of their neighbours' gossip so they kept up a ... of normality as long as it was possible.
- 3. Aren't we all great ..., as Queen's song puts it?
- 4. She has ... to being the spokesperson for the young generation.
- 5. Don't ... to be different from how you really are. I know you too well.
- 6. He behaves so ... . I can't stand him longer than for a few minutes.

### prompts:

PRETENCE

PRETEND

PRETENDERS

PRETENSION

PRETENTIOUSLY

UNPRETENTIOUS

### **EXERCISE 364**

#### PRODUCE

- 1. Which firm ... this kind of TV set?
- This book contains more than three hundred colour ... of the masterpieces of European painting.
- 3. He's a famous Hollywood film ....
- 4. Have you seen the film showing the technology of silk ... .
- 5. ... in our firm has improved by 15% during the last decade.
- 6. He's researching the ... behaviour of those rare reptiles.
- 7. If we want to make money we need to work more ... .

### prompts:

PRODUCER PRODUCTIVITY

PRODUCES

PRODUCTION

PRODUCTIVELY

VITY REPRODUCTIONS REPRODUCTIVE

#### EXERCISE 365

#### PROPER

- 1. If used ... the drug may be dangerous to your health.
- 2. They accused the headmaster of financial ....
- 3. It's not, ... speaking, an omelette, but it looks and tastes the same.
- 4. No wonder she looks tired, she never has a ... meal or enough sleep.
- 5. Let me tell you, dear sir, that your way of addressing this young lady is quite ....

### prompts:

IMPROPER

IMPROPERLY

IMPROPRIETY

PROPER

PROPERLY

#### EXERCISE 366

#### PROTECT

- 1. Many former British dominions and ... are now members of the Commonwealth.
- 2. Our products offer the best ... against severe weather conditions.
- 3. You need to wear ... gloves when working in the garden.
- 4. The government policy of ... is aimed at helping the less developed industries.
- 5. She's said to be a convinced ... of animal rights.
- 6. You should ... your skin from too much sun,

### prompts:

PROTECTIVE PROTECTIVE

PROTECTION PROTECTOR PROTECTIONISM PROTECTORATES

### EXERCISE 367

### PROVIDE

- 1. Although she is only sixteen, she is the main ... for her large family.
- 2. Being an ardent believer in divine ... she did nothing herself to solve her problems.
- 3. We won't be able to ... all the equipment you requested.
- 4. My meeting you was really ... you are the only person who can help me.
- 5. The whole journey started by obtaining ... for all the people and horses.

### prompts:

PROVIDER PROVIDER PROVIDENCE PROVISIONS

PROVIDENTIAL

### EXERCISE 368

### PUBLIC

- 1. He ... renounced any knowledge of the illegal dealings.
- 2. If we are lucky the book will be ready for ... by May.

- 3. His drug problems attracted a lot of negative ... .
- 4. You need to employ a ... if you want to make sure that your book receives proper attention.
- 5. The politicians did everything to ... the achievements of their party.
- 6. He's been trying to ... some of his poems for years, but in vain.
- 7. The park is open to the ... daily, from 7 a.m. to 9 p.m.
- 8. CUP and OUP are the best known ... of coursebooks for learning English.
- 9. On the overthrow of the monarchy the country became a  $\dots$  .
- 10. The three last presidents have been members of the ... party.

PUBLIC PUBLICATION PUBLICISE PUBLICIST
PUBLICITY PUBLICLY PUBLISH PUBLISHERS
REPUBLIC REPUBLICAN

#### EXERCISE 369

#### RACE

- 1. He's such a ..., he wouldn't even listen to African or Asian music.
- 2. The media claim that the recent attacks on Judge Smith were ... motivated.
- 3. She's of mixed ...: her father is an African and her mother an Indian.
- The ... demonstration was organised to protest against unfair treatment of the Black minority.
- 5. A lot of ... prejudice could be stopped by teaching children more about various cultures.
- 6. Much more should be done to eliminate any examples of ... in our country.

### prompts:

ANTI-RACIST RACE RACIAL RACIALLY
RACISM RACIST

#### EXERCISE 370

#### REAL

- 1. Be a ... and don't deceive yourself that you can do this.
- 2. It was only ... to expect him to keep the job. After all, he is an excellent specialist.
- 3. The witness's account seemed to bear very little resemblance to ... .
- 4. ... speaking, she had no chance of living longer than two weeks, but she fought to the end.
- 5. Stop day-dreaming and go out to face the ... world with all its problems and worries.
- 6. Dreiser is one of the most eminent representatives of ... in literature.
- 7. There was an air of ... about the situation and I couldn't believe for hours I had suddenly become so rich.
- 8. Can't you ... how hopeless your situation is?
- 9. The ... that within a few minutes he would see his family again, made him reckless.
- 10. Do you ... mean it or are you just making fun of me?
- 11. Believe me, it seemed so ... to be there surrounded by all those famous people.

#### prompts:

REAL REALISATION REALISE REALISM
REALIST REALISTIC REALISTICALLY REALITY
REALLY UNREAL UNREALITY

#### EXERCISE 371

#### RELY

- 1. Being bed-ridden he's completely ... on his family.
- 2. I wouldn't accept him as my business partner because he's completely ... .
- 3. Trust him, he's a very ... person.
- 4. I've been ... informed that they are planning to get married.
- 5. Can I ... on your secrecy?
- 6. I can guarantee the ... of our new product.
- 7. I'm afraid you place too much ... on statistical data.

#### prompts:

RELIABILITY RELIABLE RELIABLY RELIANCE RELIANT RELY UNRELIABLE

#### EXERCISE 372

#### RELATE

- 1. What's the ... between his experiences and his book?
- To the best of my knowledge, the two cases are completely ..., and should not be discussed at the same time.
- 3. Is she your ...? Yes, she's my sister.
- 4. What's the ... between this young lady and yourself?
- 5. Our country tries to maintain friendly ... with all its neighbours.

### prompts:

RELATION RELATIONS RELATIONSHIP
RELATIVE UNRELATED

### EXERCISE 373

### RESIDE

- 1. I live in a peaceful and friendly ... area.
- 2. The power to make laws ... in Parliament.
- 3. Have you seen the Prime Minister's official ... .
- 4. My father is ... in London.
- 5. Our family took up permanent ... in England five years ago.

RESIDENCE

RESIDENCY

RESIDENT

RESIDENTIAL

RESIDES

### EXERCISE 374

#### RESPECT

- 1. Her position gained ... when she married the duke.
- She's a great ... of Polish folk customs.
- 3. The Japanese are very ... of the old.
- 4. He decided to realise his plans, ... of the costs.
- 5. Whenever I meet my old teacher I always greet him ... .
- 6. I have two cats, Dudley and Jumpy, and they are blue and black, ... .
- 7. In this ..., his book is better than yours.
- 8. I went to pay my last ... to my neighbour when he died in the accident.
- 9. He's a scion of the most ... family in our city.
- 10. Mary came from London and John from Bristol, and after the party they returned to their ... towns.

#### prompts:

IRRESPECTIVE RESPECTER RESPECT RESPECTFUL RESPECTABILITY RESPECTFULLY

TTY RESPECTABLE
RESPECTIVE

RESPECTIVELY RESPECTS

### EXERCISE 375

#### SCHOOL

- 1. Professor Wise is an eminent ...
- 2. His ... work on cats has been received with admiration by the university world.
- 3. She's very happy because she's won a ... to study at Cambridge.
- His ... achievements were not very impressive, but he's made a name for himself as a shrewd businessman.
- 5. In Poland compulsory ... lasts for twelve years.
- 6. For how many years did you go to ...?

### prompts:

SCHOLAR

SCHOLARLY

SCHOLARSHIP

SCHOLASTIC

**SCHOOL** 

**SCHOOLING** 

### EXERCISE 376

#### SECRET

- 1. The actor is very ... about his private life.
- All his ... is not needed anymore everyone knows that she accepted your proposal and agreed to marry you.

- 3. They pretend not to talk to each other, but they often meet  $\dots$
- 4. I've been sworn to ... so I can't say a word about it.
- I envy you such a ... efficient and beautiful at the same time.
- 6. But remember, it's a ..., so keep it to yourself.
- 7. She's going to apply for a job as soon as she graduates from this ... college.
- 8. He used to be an important member of the ... of the Communist party.
- She's behaving so ... to make you think she knows something interesting about the case.
- 10. The customs officers found two kilograms of gold ... in the wheels of his car.

### prompts:

SECRECY SECRETARY

SECRETED SECRETED

SECRETARIAL SECRETIVE

SECRETARIAT SECRETIVELY

SECRETIVENESS

SECRETLY

SECRETIVELY

### EXERCISE 377

#### SELF

- 1. Her ... in helping the poor earned her admiration in the neighbourhood.
- 2. You can't be so ... if you want people to like you.
- 3. Whatever they claim I'm positive they were motivated by ... and greed.
- 4. She's such an unusually ... person, always caring for others.
- 5. You'll be happy if you are true to your ....
- 6. The kid has ... eaten all the icecream.

### prompts:

SELF

SELFISH

SELFLESSNESS

SELFISHLY

**SELFISHNESS** 

### EXERCISE 378

SELFLESS

### SENSE

- 1. Why don't you dress more ... for such an occasion.
- 2. MM was famous for the ... of her performances.
- 3. We have five ...: smell, touch, taste, vision, and hearing.
- 4. Be ..., stop arguing and start looking for a solution.
- 5. We've just been shown another example of ... killing and violence.
- 6. There's no ... buying another loaf of bread because there is some left.
- 7. 'Sense and ...' is one of the most popular books of Jane Austen.
- 8. He's infamous for his ... towards the feelings of others.
- 9. Don't criticise her dress or her furniture because she's a very ... person.
- 10. You need more ... to deal with such delicate matter as people's feelings.
- 11. The new lotion ... my skin to salt therefore I can't swim in the sea.
- 12. How can you be so ... to the feelings of this poor widow.
- 13. Her ... permeated the whole room and they couldn't help staring at her.
- 14. When I called the agency a woman with a ... voice answered.
- 15. After a few hours it was obvious that he is not ... to her charms and people started gossiping.

INSENSIBLE	INSENSITIVE	INSENSITIVITY
SENSE	SENSELESS	SENSES
SENSIBILITY	SENSIBLE	SENSIBLY
SENSITIZES	SENSITIVE	SENSITIVITY
SENSUAL	SENSUALITY	SENSUOUSNESS

#### EXERCISE 379

#### SEPARATE

1. In a good song music and lyrics are ... .

2. The two boys had to be ... because they were fighting all the time.

3. They argued about the ... of church and state

4. The happiness of the mother is not ... from the happiness of the children.

5. I'm afraid it's a set and you can't buy one cup ... .

6. Kurdish ... organised a demonstration in Berlin last week.

#### prompts:

INSEPARABLE	SEPARABLE	SEPARATED	SEPARATELY
SEPARATION	SEPARATIST		

#### EXERCISE 380

#### **SEX**

- 1. Many ... still think that AIDS is dangerous only to gays or drug addicts.
- 2. I love my she-cat and I'm sorry she is ... and can't have kittens.
- 3. I like him a lot, but I'm not ... attracted to him.
- 4. John and Peter are ... and they have been lovers for over fifteen years.
- 5. According to Freud repressed ... is the cause of many psychological problems.
- 6. What a handsome and ... boyfriend you have!
- 7. He was accused of ... because he likes telling jokes about women.
- 8. It's often claimed that many of the Arab men are ... as they like having sex with both men and women
- 9. He's not much liked by his female co-workers because of his ... remarks.
- 10. He's a ... and he specialises in the ... behaviour of teenagers.
- 11. What ... is your puppy?

#### prompts:

BISEXUAL	HETEROSEXUALS	HOMOSEXUAL	SEX
SEXISM	SEXIST	SEXLESS	SEXUAL
SEXUALITY	SEXUALLY	SEXOLOGIST	SEXY

#### EXERCISE 381

#### SHARP

- 1. You need to ... your old knives, they are all blunt.
- 2. When I saw him for the first time I was surprised by the ... of his verbal attack,
- 3. Meet me outside the cinema at 7:47 ....
- The Prime Minister ... criticised some of the government officials for their irresponsible comments to the press.
- 5. Can I find a pencil ... somewhere in this library?
- 6. I'm catching the 5 o'clock train so I need to leave here pretty ... .

#### prompts:

SHARP	SHARPEN	SHARPENER	SHARPISH
SHARPLY	SHARPNESS		

#### EXERCISE 382

#### SHORT

- 1. He was wearing a T-shirt and a pair of ... .
- 2. The dress is too long, you need to ... it a bit.
- 3. Is her hair long or short? Well, I'd say it's ....
- Despite the ... of time, he did everything very slowly, which made me afraid we might not finish in time.
- 5. I met Bob ... after my return from London.

#### prompts:

SHORTEN	SHORTISH	SHORTLY	SHORTNESS	SHORTS
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#### EXERCISE 383

#### SIMPLE

- Your ideas are interesting but you need to ... the language because it's too sophisticated for a general reader.
- 2. For the sake of ..., let's use Polish in our discussion of Shakespeare.
- To summarise the discussion in a few sentences would be impossible without ... the problems dealt with during the meeting.
- Only after the professor's ... of the process was I able to understand its usefulness for industry.
- 5. His latest book is only a ... presentation of important theories.
- 6. Pete, you sometimes behave like a ...! I told you a hundred times not to touch my camera.
- 7. The exams were not as ... as I had expected and I failed them.
- 8. The book contains to many ... to be of any use to serious students.

OVERSIMPLIFICATIONS

SIMPLETON SIMPLIFY

OVERSIMPLIFYING SIMPLICITY

SIMPLISTIC

SIMPLE SIMPLIFICATION

### EXERCISE 384

#### SOCTAL

1. Pete is a very ... person and he's always going to a party.

2. She might be a great scholar, but ... she is a bore.

3. He decided to work ... hours to earn some more money for the holidays.

4. I went to this sophisticated party and met many of the celebrities and ... there.

5. He makes it a rule not to ... with his students.

6. She's a ... worker in one of the hospitals.

7. According to Marx ... is one of the stages in the development of society.

8. Because of my headache I was in a rather ... mood so I decided not to go to the party.

9. I've joined the ... party because I believed in the rights of workers.

10. He's a member of an amateur philosophical ....

11. Do you think that smoking in a room full of non-smokers is ... behaviour?

12. Which branch of ... do you specialise in? 13. Her father is a well-known ... of the family.

14. Various ... theories give different explanations of this phenomenon.

### prompts:

SOCIETY

ANTI-SOCIAL SOCIALISM

SOCIABLE SOCIALIST

SOCIOLOGICAL

SOCIAL SOCIALITES SOCIOLOGIST SOCIALISE SOCIALLY SOCTOLOGY

UNSOCIABLE

UNSOCIAL

### EXERCISE 385

#### SOFT

1. Sook the dried mushrooms overnight to ... them before cooking.

2. Which brand of the fabric ... do you use for your washing?

3. I appreciate the ... of this woollen material, but I can't afford to buy it.

4. He just looks tough, in reality he is a big ....

5. If you buy our computer you'll get our ... package as a bonus.

6. I like ... fruit best, such as strawberries or raspberries.

### prompts:

SOFT SOFTEN SOFTWARE

SOFTENER

SOFTNESS

SOFTY

## EXERCISE 386

#### SPECIAL

- 1. This coffee house ... in cream cakes.
- 2. This car was ... designed for use by the handicapped.

3. I like animals, ... cats.

4. What's your ...: British or American literature?

5. I like the house, but I can't see anything ... about it.

6. He's a ... in dental surgery. 7. Potato pancakes are a ... of the house.

8. My ... is the history of the Elizabethan period.

### prompts:

ESPECIALLY SPECIALISES

SPECIAL SPECIALISM

SPECIALISATION

SPECIALITY

SPECIALLY

SPECIALIST

### EXERCISE 387

#### STATE

- 1. Whatever the situation his behaviour was always ..., for which he was admired even
- 2. The history of Polish ... is said to have started in 966.

3. Education in Poland is ... funded.

4. Those refugees are now ..., because no country wants to accept them.

5. During the weekend we visited a couple of those beautiful ... homes in the Cotswolds.

6. Her grandfather was an eminent ... in pre-war Poland.

### prompts:

STATE STATESMAN

STATEHOOD STATESMANLIKE

STATELESS

STATELY

## EXERCISE 388

### SUCCEED

1. This has been a very ... year for our company. Let's celebratel

2. If at first you don't ..., try, try again.

3. Have you had much ... in getting from her what you wanted?

4. I've visited Tunisia for five ... years. And I am going there this year, too.

5. I've tried to call him several times but I've been ... so you must give him the message.

6. Michael Jackson is the ... of Elvis Presley as King of Pop Music.

7. The course is very difficult so only 70% of the students ... complete it.

SUCCESSIVE

SUCCESS SUCCESSOR

SUCCESSFUL UNSUCCESSFUL SUCCESSFULLY

### **EXERCISE 389**

#### SWEET

I like my coffee very ..., but I always take my tea ....

2. If you want to lose weight don't eat so many ... .

3. My mother always ... her tea with real honey.

4. Tell me, ..., where is your mummy?

5. She smiled so ... you'd never guess how malicious she really is.

6. The fruit had the ... of honey and the smell of roses.

7. Do you use real sugar or some of that artificial ...?

prompts:

SWEET

SWEETENER

SWEETENS

SWEETTE

SWEETLY SWEETNESS

ess sweets

UNSWEETENED

#### EXERCISE 390

#### TECHNIC

1. It would be easier to read if the language were not so ... .

2. Her ... is amazing, but she doesn't have the imagination of a great pianist.

Our grandparents didn't even dream about the ... advances we are witnessing today.

4. Let's leave all the ... to the specialists and tell me simply how to turn this machine on

5. ... speaking NESCAFÉ is just a brand name and not any instant coffee.

6. Our factories have been modernised and now we are using only advanced ... equipment.

prompts:

TECHNICAL TECHNIQUE

TECHNICALITIES TECHNOLOGICAL TECHNICALLY TECHNOLOGY

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## KEY

1						
displace/misplace	/undo/undress					
2*						
1) decode	delouse	demist		dethrone		
2) decentralise dehumanise demilitarise destabilise	declassify dehydrate depoliticise	decolonis deindustr depopula	ialise	decompre demateria deregulat	lise	
3						
DE- deactivate demobilise demist	declassify destabilise dethrone	decolonis defrost	se	demilitar delouse	ise	
DIS- disagree disbelieve disinherit displace disqualify	disappear disconnect dislike displease disatisfy	disapprod discontin disobey disposses distrust	uc	disarm disinfect disorgani disprove	se	
4	2103111219					
DĒ-						
deactivation decommission dehydration demobilisation	decentralisation decompression deindustrialisati destabilisation		declassif deconges demateri	stion		decolonisation decontamination demilitarisation
DIS- disadvantage discourteous dishonour disproportionate	disbelief disfavou disloyal disreputa	ır.	discomfo disharmo disobedi disrespec	ony ence	disconten dishonest disorder dissimilar	
5						
Note: use /L- befo /R- befo /M- bef						
IL- illegality	illegibility	Megitima	icy	Miberalit	y	illiteracy

IR- irrationality	irreg	ularity	irresponsibility			10				
IM- immaturity immortality impoliteness impropriety	immobility importiality impossibility impurity	immoderation impatience impotency	immodesty imperfection impracticability	immorality impicty improbabili	ty	IN- Indefinite Indisputable Inestimable UN-	independent indistinctive infallible	indestructible inedible infinite	indirect ineffective Inflexible	indiscreet ineligible informal
6 //L- illegal illiterate //M- immaterial immodest	illegible illogical immature immoral	illegitimate  immeasurable  immortal	illiberal	Hlimitable immoderate		undeniable undistinguished unexpected unfair unforgettable ungrateful unimportant	undesirable underinkable uneven unfaithful unfortunate unhealthy unintentional	undeterminable unedited unexceptional unfamiliar unfriendly unidentified unjust	undignified uneducated unexpected unfashionable unfulfilled unidiomatic	undisciplined unequal unexplored unfavourable ungrammatical unimaginable
impartial impious impractical  IR- irrational	impatient implaceable improbable	imperfect impolite improper	immovable imperishable impossible impure	immutable impersonal impotent		11 //v- inoffensive insufficient Invisible	insecure intangible	insensible intolerant	inseparable intransitive;	insincere invalid
7 apolitical	irregular asensual irreplaceable	asocial	irreplaceable  disreputable	disloyal	irresponsible	UN- unknown unnecessary unpolluted	ualikely unnoticeable unpopular	unlucky unobtainable unpractical	unmerciful unofficial	unmixed unpleasant
8 disrespect illiberality	disservice	irresponsible unattractiveness immortality	unambiguous unbeliever/ne	unattractive		unpenctual unripe unsympathetic unwilling	unquestionable unstressed untidy unworthy	unreadable unsure untrustworthy unwise	unprepared unrecognisable unsuspected unusual	unprofitable unreliable unsuspicious unwelcome
9 Note: sometimes	the two professes sh	,				12 disreputable inaccurate	Miterate	illogical	immodest	immovable
Nouns inability inequality Injustice inquietude	Adjectives unable unequal unjust unquiet	nracterise different y	vord classes:			Both nonbeliever an  A- asymmetry  DIS- disadvantage, of  IL- illegitimacy				maziiovanie
/N- imaccessible imapplicable imcapable inconclusive incredulous	inaccurate inappropriate incomparable inconsiderable incurable	inactive inapt incompatible inconsistent	inadequate inaudible incomprehensible inconstant	inadmissible incalculable inconceivable inconvenient		IM- immorality, im  14  DIS- disagree, disapp IL- illegal, illegible IR- irregular, irrele	, illiterate			
UN- unaccustomed unattempted unbearable unceremonious unclear unconscious	unadaptable unattractive unbeatable uncertain uncomfortable unconstitutional	unaffected unauthorised unbelievable uncharitable uncommunicative unconventional	unambiguous unavoidable unbiased uncivilised unconditional uncountable	unanswerable unaware uncensored unclassified unconnected uncritical		IM- Inscurate, imm IN- Inscurate, inco UN- uncomfortable,  15 Inability/disability discomfort	oral, impatient, impe	ersonal, impossible, in indirect, intolerant, in- liar, unkind, unknown Inaction inefficiency	visible , unlucky, unpopul disady	antage
170						illegibility	impossibility	Irresponsibi	transmit in the second of the	

unaware non-existent uninteresting illogical unnatural impractical impure irreplaceable insufficient	illegal immobile unnecessary unproductive irrational	illegible immoral impatient non-profit n unreliable	naking	
disappear disconnect defuse unstick	disapprove discontinue disobey untie	declassify undo displease		
6. un 10. uni	imaginatively button	<ol> <li>disliked</li> <li>informal</li> </ol>		4 innecessible 8. unexpected 12. inedible
6. unk 10. unf	indness ashionable	7. unreliabilit 11. undamaged	y I	unendurable     unavoidable     impolite
-: disbelief = not beli misbelief = believi	ieving ng, but something	Wrone		
		g		
misjudge misrepresentation			misquote	
disagree dislike	disappear disobey	discontinue displease	discredit dishonest	
misbehaved     mispronounced				
- 10				
	non-existent uninteresting illogical unnatural impractical impure irreplaceable insufficient  disappear disconnect defuse unstick  2. ina 6. un 10. uni 14. dis  2. unf 6. unk 10. uni 14. inex  disbelief = not beli misbelief = believi  misjudge misrepresentation  disagree dislike  2. misbehaved	non-existent inexplicably uninteresting illegal illogical immobile unnatural unnecessary impractical impure irrational irreplaceable insufficient unsure  disappear disapprove discontinue defuse disobey untic  2. inability 6. unimaginatively 10. unbutton 14. disorganised  2. unforgettable 6. unkindness 10. unfashionable 14. inexpensive  -: disbelief = not believing misbelief = believing, but something mispudge misrepresentation insural	non-existent inexplicably unfair uninteresting lilegal illegal illegal illegal illegal illegal illegal illegal illegal illegal immoral unnatural unnecessary impatient imparecical unproductive impare irrational irreplaceable irresponsible irreverent insufficient unsure  disappear disapprove declassify undo disconnect discontinue undo defuse disobey displease unstick untie  2. inability 3. unemploy 7. distiked 10. unimaginatively 7. distiked 11. informal 14. disorganised 15. unconvince 15. unconvince 16. unkindness 7. unreliability independent 16. unkindness 16. unfashionable 16. unkindness 7. unreliability independent 17. informal 18. inconvince 19. unfashionable 19. undamaged 19. undamaged 19. undersponsib 19.	non-existent inexplicably unfair illegal illegal illegal immobile immoral immoral immoral impractical improductive impractical improductive impure irrational irresponsible irreverent insufficient unsure  disappear disapprove declassify undo displease unstick untie  2. inability 3. unemployed defuse disobey displease unstick untie  2. inability 3. unemployed of displease unstick untie  2. inability 3. unemployed of displease unstick untie  2. inability 3. unemployed of displease unstick untie  2. unforgettable 3. unsuitable 11. informal 14. disorganised 15. unconvincing  2. unforgettable 3. unsuitable 15. irresponsibly  3. unsuitable 16. unkindness 7. unreliability 10. unfashionable 11. undamaged 14. inexpensive 15. irresponsibly  3. unsuitable 3. unsuitable 11. undamaged 14. inexpensive 15. irresponsibly  4. disbelief = not believing misbelief = believing, but something wrong instrumentation misunderstand insurproportion insurpr

MIS- misbehave misinform misplace mistreat	miscalculate misinterpret misprint mistrust	misjudge misquote misunder		misdirect mismanage misread misuse		
Both MIS- an	d MAL-: mistreatmen	nt, maltreatment				
MAL- matabsorption malfunction	misinforma	tion, malinformati nt maladmin	istration n	naklistribution		
MIS-	THE PARTY NAMED IN	malpractic	e			
misapprehensi misconduct mispronunciati misuse	misfortune	miscalcula misjudgem misreprese	ent m	disconception ismanagement isunderstanding		
PSEUDO-				: "		
pseudo-democr	racy pseu	ido-friend p	seudo-mark	da		
24*		,	Scardo-Haire	ele pseudo-p	arent	pseudo-science
misspelt     misundersto     misundersta     maladminist	od 5. ps nding 8. ps	alnutrition cudo-intellectuals cudo-science	6. )	misconception nalfunction nalinformed/mis	nformed	
25*						
1) behold beset 2)	bemoan besiege	bequeath bestow	beso bew			
becalmed bemused betrothal	belie bereaved bewildered	belittle besotted	belo betra			
3) bejewelled	bewigged					
26*	2000					
besieged     becalmed     bequeathed	2. befriended 6. belittle 10. bereaved	3. begrudge 7. beloved 11. beguiled; b	ewitching	4. belied 8. bemused		
27*			Б			
embark	embed	embitter				
enable encourage enslave	encase endanger enthrone	encircle enforce entomb	empov enclos enlarge	c en	ode ich	
becalm bemuse besiege	behold bequeath bestow	belie bereave betray	belittle beseect bewait	her 1 bes	toan	

28 disconnect countermens 29*	independent ure untie	de-ice			35*  1) half-buried half-empty	half-cooked	half-deac	l ha	lf-dressed
1) anti-abortion anticommunis antigovernme antireligious 2)	anti-apartheid antidemocratic anti-marriage anti-war	anti-British antifascist anti-racist			half-open half-wild 2) half-acre half-dozen	half-finished half-realise half-century half-length	half-forg balf-smil half-circle half-meas	otten ha ing ha  bai	If-grown If-starved
anti-pollution anti-cancer anti-infection anti-seasicknes	antibacterial auti-freeze anti-pollution ss anti-submarine	anti-burgiar antifungal anti-rust			half-moon half-price 3) half-Indian	half-page half-strength half-Polish	half-pay half-year half-Germ	hai	f-mile f-pint
30 disagree unhappiness distrust	counterbalance unintelligent	anti -tank misbehaviour malpractice			4) half-sister 36*			•	: -
31 disbelief asymmetry	unusual discomfort untidiness	instability			2) [size] mega-acquisition	mega = a million ti megacycle mega	megahertz	meg;	
32	The state of the s	unwillingness			mega-documentar megastar		c .	egaloss	mega mega
ANT?- anti-abortion anticommunist anti-war anti-freeze anti-seasickness	anti-aggression anti-government antibacterial anti-infection anti-submarine	antinuclear antire anti-burglar anti-c	American ligious ancer Ollution		37 1. outdone 4. outlasted 38*	2. outbid 5. outclassed	3. outsmarter 6. outlived	d/outwitted/ou	t-talked
COUNTER- counteraccusation counterbalance counterexample counterproposal	counteract counterblow countermeasure counterreaction	counterargument counterclaim countermove counterreform	counterattack counterespionage counterplot counterrevolution	000 tr 12 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11	overabundance     overcharge     overdemanding     overdue     overfed	overan: overcoi overde: over-ca	ofident /eloped ger	overbu overco overdo overeat	ok
33* I) archangel	archbishop archdeact		- Condition		oversleep  2)	overhea overpro overwei	tective	overrea overwo	ct
2)		on archduchess	archduke		Overthrow	override	overrule	overrun	
arch-capitalist arch-fiend arch-rival	arch-manipulator	arch-criminal arch-opponent arch-villain	arch-enemy arch-rebel		3) overflow	overturn  overhanging  overshoot	overwhelm overland overtake	overseas	
34 1. Archduke 4. archdeacon	2. arch-enemies 5. archangels	3. Archbishop 6. arch-opponent			4) overcoat 5) over-eighteens				
174					- organicens 0	ver-fives	over-sixties	over-twer	ity-ones

overcautious

evercrowded

overestimate

overdose

overload

oversized

overworried

half-eaten

half-truth

half-melted

half-distance

half-million

half-pound

megawatt

mega-bureaucracy

mega-production

t) smaller part of sub-class subdivision subsection subtement	a larger whole; secor sub-committee sub-editor sub-species sub-total	ndary sub-continent sub-heading sub-station	sub-contractor sub-paragraph substructure	subculture sub-plot sub-system
2) beneath; lower sub-basement subsea	down subcurrent sub-surface	submarine subtitle	submerge	suboceanic
<ol> <li>lesser; smaller, sub-freezing subsonic</li> </ol>	inferior subhuman sub-zero	sub-humid	sub-literacy	subnormal
4) power and contr subjugation	rol; exert power over submissive	or control subordinate	subservient	
40*				
surmounted     surfeit	surplus     surcharged	surreal     surpassed		
41*				
superabundant super-dominant superheated supermodern super-sensitive	super-cheap super-efficient super-hygienic super-quick	super-clever superfine super-intelligent super-rich	super-conscious super-friendly superintense super-secure	
2) super-athlete super-leader superstar superwoman	superbrain supermarket superstore	super-computer super-organism supertanker	super-hero superpower super-union	
3) superhuman	supernational	supernatural	supernormal	
42*			31	
1) underdeveloped under-financed underprepared understatement underweight	under-equipped undergrown underpriced undersubscribed	underestimate under-manned undersize under-trained	under-exercise undernourished understaffed undervalue	
2) underarm underground undersigned	undercarriage underline under-soil	underfloor underpass undersurface	underfoot undersea underwater	
3) underblanket	underclothes	undergrowth		
4) undergraduate	under-librarian	undersecretary		

5) under-fives	under-eighteen:	s under-twe	enty-twos	under-seventies	
43				and the same of th	
1) over/under-eig overground/und overweight/und	derground over	erestimate/unde ersized/undersi	erestimate zed	overfed/underfed overdeveloped/un	
2) øverabundance	overa	nxious	everdo	overworried	
3) underclothes	under	secretary	376100	overworned	overseas
44		,			
MICRO- microbiology micro-environm	microc ent microf	omputer ilm	micro-economics microsecond		
OVER- overcharge overeat overland overrule	overcoat overestimate overpower overseas	overcome overhanging overprotecti oversleep	overcrow overnight	ı	ucture
SUR- surmount	surpass	surplus	over take		
ULTRA- ultra-cautious ultra-light	ultra-conservative	ult	tra-intelligent tra-orthodox		
45					
ARCH- archdeacon	archduke	arch-enemy			
HYPER- hyper-cautious	hypercreative	hypercritical			
MEGA- megabyte SUB-	megacycle	megahertz			
sub-committee subdivision	subcontinent sub-freezing	sub-contractor	subculture		
UNDER- underclothes undergarments	underdeveloped undergraduate	under-equippe underground	ed underestim	ate	
46					
ARCH- arch-opponent	arch-rebel	arch-rival	arch-villain		
HYPER- hypernatural	hypersensitive				

MEGA-				
megaloss	mega-production	n megav	unit	
SUB-		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	vatt	
submerge	subnormal	subsection		
subtenant	subtitle	sub-total	substandard	substructure
UNDER-		24th-10(1)	subway	
underline				
understatement	undernourished underwater	underpay	undersigned	undersize
	underwater	underweight		
47				
HYPO-				
hypodermic				
MACRO-				
macroeconomics				
	macro-graph	macromolecular	macro-scale	macro-structure
MINI-				on detaile
mini-budget	mini-camera	mini-computer	mini-documentary	mini-expedition
mini-golf	mini-lecture	mini-market	mini-series	mini-skirt
OUT-				many-akut
outbid	outjump	outlast	outlive	
outrun	outsell	outswim	out-talk	outmanocuvre outwit
SUPER			- at talk	OUIWIE
super-active	superbrain	superconductor	eunau-E	
super-hero	superhuman	super-hygienic	superfine super-intelligent	super-friendly
supermarket	supermodern	supernatural	superpower	superman
48*		•	super power	superstar
40"				
<ol> <li>underpaid</li> </ol>		2, sub-zero		2
<ol><li>macro-economic</li></ol>	28	5. overcome		3. everhanging
7. hypersensitive/u	Itrasensitive	8. hyper-modern/u	ltra-modern	6. miniskirts
10. underestimated		11. megahertz	- Industry	9. megastars 12. microfilm(s)
<ol><li>overconfident</li></ol>		14. mini-bus		15. outfought
49*				.s. outlough
••				
I. subway		2. overcharged	3. hypero	ritical
4. superman/superv 7. supermarket	woman	<ol><li>overdue</li></ol>		osm/macracosm
10. supernatural		8. underwear	9. under-	fives
13. microfiche		11. mini-tour	12. underv	
The street of the street		14. subtitles	15. surplus	;
50*				
1. hyper-cautious				
3. hypothermia		2. subhuman		
5. outran		4. overall		
7. overgrown		6. overworked		
9. overpopulated; un	<b>GCC</b> DODUIated	8. under-eighteens; o	ver-eighteens	
<ol><li>understaffed; und</li></ol>	erpaid: overworked			
<ol> <li>subdivided; subco.</li> </ol>	mmittees			
<ol><li>overcat; overweight</li></ol>	ht			

51 1) pre-birth pre-election pre-industrial pre-revolution prewar 2) pre-arranged pre-digested pre-planned 52 PRE-	pre-Christmas pre-examinatio premarital pre-Roman pre-1950  pre-booked prefabricated pre-prepared	bt. u bt.	re-dawn eluman e-reformation e-school pre-cut pre-packed pre-selection	pre-delivery pre-independence pre-retirement pre-sixteenth century  predestination pre-payment preset
pre-date FORE-	predecease	predetermine	prejudge	preview
forecast 53*	foresee	foreshadow	foretell :	forewarn
1) forecast foresee 2) forearm forelimb	foredoomed foreshadow forefoot forepart	forefathers foresight forehead foreshore	foreknowledge forewarn	
54		ioresnore	foreskin	
ANTE- antechamber PRE- pre-birth	antedate	antenatal	sateroom	
pre-outh premarital pre-date FORE-	pre-Christian pre-school predecease	pre-dawn pre-war	pre-examination pre-1900	
forecast foresee ANTE- ANTE- and PRE- date – antedate natal – antenatal	foredoomed foreteil pre-date pre-natal	forefathers forewarn	foreknowledge	
55 1) Post-ceremony Post-Impressionism Post-modernism Post-eighteenth-centu	post-electio post-indepe post-natal ry	n пdенсе	post-examination post-liberation post-Renaissance	post-Shakespearean post-medieval post-1930s

SEMI-2) postbox postcard postcode postmark semi-annual postbag semi-circle semi-detached semi-tone postmaster postoffice 60\* 56 1) semi-annual semicircle semi-detached semi-tone 1) PREpre-booked pre-arranged 2) pre-cooked preconception semi-automatic semi-retired semi-skilled pre-date predecease predetermine predestination 61\* prefabricated prehuman POLYpre-natal premeditation polyglot polygraph polyphony polysyllabic preview pre-planned polytechnic polytheism 2) POST-MULTIpostcode postbag multi-coloured multicultural multi-dimensional post-Impressionism multi-flavoured post-cooked multilateral multilingual multinational multi-racial post-modernism multi-storey multi-talented 3) PRE- and POSTpre/post-election 62\* pre/post-independence pre/post-examination MONOpre/post-Renaissance pre/post-Reformation pre/post-revolution pre/post-retirement monoculture monoplane monotone monoxide pre/post-Roman pre/post-school POLYpre/post-sixteenth-century pre/post-Shakespearcan polyglot polygon polytechnic pre/post-war pre/post-1950s POLY- and MONOmono/polygamy 57\* mone/polygram mono/polygraph meno/pelyphonic mono/polysyllabic mono/polytheism release - set free recover - get back research - get additional information remove - take off or away 63 resolve - determine reserve - store for later use UNIrestrain - hold back uniform unilateral unisex 58 MONOmonochrome monoculture monosyllabic monotheism 1) bilingual bicentenary błgamy biláteral bicarbonate 644 hisect binary binoculars 2) omnipotent - having complete power to do anything that is desired bimonthly biannual omnipresent - present everywhere at the same time It can mean: omniscient - having unlimited knowledge 1) "The film (estival takes place twice in one year" omnivorous - able to eat all kinds of food 2) "The film festival takes place once in two years". unicorn - a horse-like creature with a single horn If we mean "taking place twice each year" we can say "biannual"; uniform - the same, not varying in any way if we mean "taking place once every two years" we can say "biennial". unify - to bring together unilateral - involving only one group or country 59± unique - being the only existing one of its type unisex - intended for use by both men and women DEMI-Unitarian - believing that God is one person and rejecting the dogma of the Trinity demi-monde demi-world demi-god

monotone

```
C.
tricentennial - lasting for, happening or done every three hundred years
triangle - a geometrical figure with three straight sides
trilogy - a series of three books
trio - a group of three
triplet - three children born at one birth
triplicate - of which three copies are made
triptych - a painting consisting of three parts
triumvirate - a group of three leaders
65*
```

bilateral, bicentennial = two, twice centigrade, centimetre = hundred decagon, decalitre = ten kilocalorie, kilowatt = thousand megabyte, megahertz = million octagon, octave = eight pentagon, pentameter = five polytheism, polysyllabism = many quadrangle, quadrilateral = four triangle, trilogy = three unilateral, unisex - single

#### 66

BI - bicentennial, bicycle, biennial, bigamy, bilateral, bilingual, bimonthly DECA - decagon, decametre DECI - decibel, decimetre DEMI - demi-devil, demi-god DI - dioxide MILLI - millidegree, millimetre, millipede, millisecond MONO - monogamy, monolingual, monoplane, monotheism, monoxide MULTI - multilateral, multilingual OMNI - amnipotent, amnipresent POLY - polygamy, polygon, polythcism SEMI - semicircle, semi-detached TRI - tricentennial, tricycle, triennial, trilateral, trilingual UNI - unilateral, unisex

#### 67\*

1) after-effects after-smell 2)	after-glow aftertaste	after-image	after-pain	affershock
after-dinner after-school	after-hours after-work	after-lunch	after-sales	
68*				
1) auto-defrost auto-reverse	auto-play auto-rotate	auto-record auto-timer	autoredia!	

2) auto-industry autesport 3) autobiography autograph auto-suggestion 69<sup>1</sup> 1) ever-closer ever-colder ever-faster ever-greater ever-higher ever-shorter ever-stronger 2) ever-changing ever-efficient ever-faithful ever-growing ever-increasing everlasting ever-popular ever-present ever-smiling ever-willing 70 1) up-country up-current updraught upland upriver upside upstage upstairs upstream upwards 2) uproar uproot upset

#### 71\*

anteroom, antedate = before anti-war, antibiotic = against archbishop, arch-enemy = first, chief autograph, auto-pilot = of or by oneself bicycle, bilingual = two, twice copilot, cooperate = with decrease, describe = down; negative disown, disconnect = do the opposite of excommunicate = out of foretell, foreground = before/in front of international, interpose = between malformed, maltreat = badly microwave, micro-computer = small misunderstand, misinform = badly/wrongly

monotonous, monosyllabic = one/single multiracial, multi-purpose = many nonsense, non-smoker = not outnumber, outlive = more than oversleep, overeat = too much postwar, postgraduate = after preface, pre-war = before pro-government, pro-abortion = in favour of pseudo-intellectual, pseudo-scientific = false rewrite, rewind = again or back semicircular, semi-detached = half subway, submarine = under transatlantic, transplant = across

#### 73\*

antivirus, antitoxic = against
bllingual, biweekly = two, twice
copilot, cooperate = with
disbelief, disconnect = do the opposite
ex-wife, ex-President = former
impossible, impolite = not
irresponsible, irrational = not
microchip, microcosm = very small
monograph, monologue = one, single
overcrowded, overcharge = too much
pseudo-intellectual = false
postmortem; postgraduate = after
replay, rewrite = again
transcontinental, transatlantic = across
underweight, undercook = not enough

#### 74\*

asexual, apolitical = not, without aerodynamic, aeroplane = air agronomy, agrochemical = soil (agriculture) anthropology, anthropomorphism = people aquarium, aqualung = water astrology, astrophysics = star, space audio-visual, audio-cassette = sound, hearing beneficial, benefactor = good bilateral, bicentennial - two, twice biography, biology = life cardiograph, cardiologist = heart centigrade, centimetre = hundred chronological, chronometer = time cinematography, cinema = film circumcise, circumnavigate = around crypto-communist, crypto-fascist = concealed decagon, decalitre = ten demi-god, demi-world = half dermatologist, dermatitis = skin diagonal, diameter = across dysfunction, dyslexia = abnormal

#### 75\*

equivalent, equinox = equal
geography, geopolitics = earth
haematology, haemophilia = blood
heterosexual, heterogeneous = different, another
homosexual, homogenous = same
hydrology, hydrothermal = water
hypercritical, hypersensitive = too much
hypodermic, hypothermia = below, lower
infrastructure, infra-red = below, beneath
intravenous, intracellular = within
isobar, isotope = equal, identical

kilocalorie, kilowatt = thousand macrocosm, macroeconomics = large matriarchal, matricide = mother megablock, megastar = huge megabyte, megahertz = million microscope, microbiology = tiny neurobiology, neuropsychiatry = nerve octagon, octave = eight omnipotent, omnipresent = all

#### 76\*

pan-American, pan-continental = whole paramilitary, para-professional = similar pentagon, pentameter = five phonology, phonetics = sound photograph, photosensitive = light polytheism, polysyllabis = many prototype, proto-coalition = in the early stage psychology, psychoanalyst = mind quadrangle, quadrilateral = four quasi-academic, quasi-official = not quite retrospective, retrogressive - back(wards) semi-divine, semi-automatic = partly surcharge, surplus = over, above symmetrical, symbiosis = with, together television, telescope = distant theocracy, theology = god thermometer, thermonuclear = heat triangle, trilogy = three ultra-rich, ultra-modern = extremely unilateral, unisex = single

#### 77\*

aerodynamic, aeroplane = air
agronomy, agrochemical = soil (agriculture)
anthropology, anthropomorphism = people
aquarium, aqualung = water
astrology, astrophysics = star, space
audio-visual, audio-cassette = sound, hearing
beneficial, beneactor = good
biography, biology = life
cardiograph, cardiologist = heart
chronological, chronometer = time
cinematography, cinema = film
circumcise, circumnavigate = around
demi-god, demi-world = half
dermatologist, dermatitis = skin
geography, geopolitics = carth

#### 783

haematology, haemophilia = blood heterosexual, heterogeneous = different, another

homosexual, homogenous = same hydrology, hydrothermal = water hypodermic, hypothermia = below, lower matriarchal, matricide = mother megablock, megastar = huge neurobiology, neuropsychiatry = nerve paramilitary, para-professional =similar photograph, photosensitive = light psychology, psychoanalyst = mind retrospective, retrogressive = back(wards) television, telescope = distant theocracy, theology = god thermometer, thermonuclear = heat

#### 79\*

unimaginatively     preoccupied     disorganised     unexpectedly     uncompromising	2. forthcoming 5. unforgettable 8. unbelievable 11. unrecognisable 14. outspoken	unendurable     irresponsible     unhealthy     toreseeable     disorganised
80*		

80*		
A. 1. deformities     B. 1. misinformation     C. 1. emigration     D. 1. non-flammable	deformation     disinformation     immigration	3. malformation
non-inflammable E. 1. immoral	inflammable     amoral	
81*		
A. 1. immobilised	2. demobilised	

T. IIIIIIIOOIIIaca	2. Gemobilised	
B. 1. senscless	2. insensible	<ol><li>insensitive</li></ol>
C. 1. homosexual	2. bisexual	3. heterosexual
D. 1. unsocial	2. anti-social	J. Meter Osexual

### 82

#### ADJECTIVES brilliance - brilliant

fragrance – fragrant significance – significant	importance – important	extravagance – extravagant reluctance – reluctant
VERBS		

appearance – appear	assistance – assist	assurance - assure
attendance – attend entrance – enter performance – perform	clearance – clear insurance – insure resistance – resist	endurance – endure observance – observe

### 83

-ANCE arrogant – arrogance	brilliant – brilliance	alamat at
ignorant – ignorance -ENCE	reluctant - reluctance	elegant – eleganee
absent – absence	confident - confidence	diligent – diligence

indifferent – ind patient – patiene violent – violene	e ne	nocent – innocence rmanent – permanence	obedient – obedie silent – silence	2nce
-CY accuracy fluency pregnancy	consistency frequency privacy	delicacy illiteracy proficiency	efficiency inconsistency redundancy	expectaney intimacy secreey
84				secrety
-/TY absurdity generosity security -NESS	authenticity hostility sensitivity	creativity originality superiority	equality popularity	familiarity productivity
awareness consciousness illness selfishness	bitterness foolishness kindness weakness	blindness friendliness loneliness	carelessness gentleness madness	cleverness helpiessness sadness
85			•	
brond – breadth high – height true – truth	dead – death hot – heat warm – warmth	deep – depth long – length wide – width	dry - drought strong - strength young - youth	
86			young - young	
anxious - anxiety candid - candour confident - confident crude - crudity/crude dry - dryness false - falsehood/fals gallant - gallantry high - height/Highne humid - humidity independent - independent - lovely - loveliness	eness ity/falseness ss	broad broadness/b cheap cheapness conservative conse damp dampness elegant elegance free freedom general generalisati hollow hollow/holli illiterate illiteracy jealous jealousy mean meanness	ervatism	
patient – patience perfect – perfection poor – poverty quiet – quiet/quietude/ relevant – relevance savage – savage/savage secure – security sober – sobriety splendid – splendour suspicious – suspicious		peculiar – peculiarity pleasant – pleasantry/p proud – pride real – reality rich – richness scarce – scarcity short – shortage/shortn solid – solidity/solidnes sudden – suddenness	ess	

tolerant - tolerance/toleration

sweet - sweetness

vain - vanity

wise - wisdom

suspicious -- suspicion

tranquil - tranquillity

timid - timidity

vast - vastness

1 monolativia.	2 1			
1. sensitivity	2. shyness	<ol><li>certainty</li></ol>	<ol><li>widening</li></ol>	<ol><li>stubbornness</li></ol>
6. misery	7. bore	<ol><li>youngster</li></ol>	<ol><li>generosity</li></ol>	10. shortage
11. difficulty	<ol><li>sharpening</li></ol>	<ol> <li>13. Ioneliness</li> </ol>	<ol><li>14. weakness</li></ol>	15. warmth
89*				
Note: be certain	to check the diffe	rences in meaning of	the nouns tested in th	e dictionary.
<ol> <li>I. expectancy</li> </ol>		2. expectation		,,
B. 1. hardness		2. hardships		
C. 1. humanities		2. humanism	3. humanity	
D. I. idealism		2. idealisation		
E. 1. longevity		2. longitude	3. length	
F. 1. mechanism		2. mechanic	3. mechanics	4. mechanisation
G. 1. quiet		2. quietism	3. quietness	4. medianisation
H. 1. representation	on	2. presence	3. presentation	
<ol> <li>1. secret</li> </ol>		2. secretiveness	3. secrecy	
J. 1. simplicity		2. simplification	3. simpleton	
K. 1. specialisatio	n/speciality	2. speciality	<ol> <li>specialism/spec</li> </ol>	riglisation
		. ,	- whateverious sheet	-mination
90*				
1) -ETTE				
cigarette	kitchenette	laundcrette		
	A TOTAL CONTROLLE	taunucrette		
2) -LING				
duckling	nestling	seedling	suckling	weakling
<ol><li>-LET</li></ol>				
booklet	coverlet	droplet	eaglet	
islet	piglet	starlet		
91*				
1)				
booklet	coverlet	cutlet	draulat	
froglet	owlet	piglet	droplet rivulet	caglet
streamlet		pigiot	TIVUIEC	starlet
2)				
armlet			*	
armet	bracelet	circlet	wristlet	
92*				
1)				
kitchenette	launderette	maisonette		
2)				
majorette	suffragette			
3)	g			
cashmerette	Later			
casanicrette	leatherette	muslinette	satinette	
93				
Anne – Anny	Doroth	y - Dolly	Frances - Fanny	
George - Georgie	Henry	- Harry	Jack - Jacky	
James - Jimmy	Juliet -	Julie	Margaret - Maggie	
Robert - Bobby	Thoma	s – Tommy	William - Billy	

bird – birdie	dad – daddy	
dog - doggie/doggy	grandmother – grannie/granny	dark – darkie
lass – lassie	mother - mummy	lad – laddie
soft - softy	SWeet - sweetie	smart – smarty

### 95\*

1) -ESS	
actor – actress	duke – duchess
emperor – empress	god – goddess
host – hostess	prince – princess
steward – stewardess	waiter – waitress
lion – lioness	tiger – tigress

### OTHER

bachelor – spinster king – queen monk – nun usher – usherette bull – cow duck – drake	bridegroom bride lord lady nephew nicce widower widow cock hen fox vixen	hero – heroine major – majorette [i.e. drum majorette] uncle – aunt wizard – witch dog – bitch
stallion - mare	rox - vixen	gander – goose

### 97

Argentina – Argentine, Argentinian Burma – Burmese Cyprus – Cypriot Hungary – Hungarian Israel – Israeli Korea – Korean Malta – Maltese Norway – Norwegian Portuguese Liviland – Thei		Brazil – Brazilian China – Chinese Greece – Greek Iraq – Iraqi Japan – Japanese Malaya – Malay Nepal – Nepalese Peru – Peruvian Switzerland – Swiss
Korea – Korean	Kuwait - Kuwaiti	Malaya
Malta – Maltese	Mexico - Mexican	Nepal –
Norway – Norwegian	Pakistan - Pakistani	Peru – I

### 98\*

Afghanistan - Afghan, Afghani/Afghanistani
Bangladesh - Bangladesh, Bangladeshi, Bangladeshi
Croatia - Croatian, Croat
Denmark - Danish, Dane
Finland – Finnish, Finn
France - French, Frenchman/Frenchwoman/Frenchmen
Holland - Dutch Dutchman/Penchwoman/Frenchmen
Holland - Dutch, Dutchman/Dutchwoman/Dutchmen
Ireland - Irish, Irishman/Irishwoman/Irishmen
Laos – Laotian, Lao, Lao
Luxemb(o)urg - Luxemb(o)urg, Luxemb(o)urger
Mongolia - Mongolian, Mongol
the Philippines - Philippine, Filipino
roland - Polish, Pole
Scotland - Scottish, Scots Scot/Scots(Face 120)
Scotland - Scottish, Scots, Scot/Scotsman(Scotch)/Scotswoman/Scotsmen(Scotchmen) Spain - Spanish, Spaniard
Sweden - Swedish, Swede
Turkey - Turkish, Turk
/ MINISH, LUIK

United Kingdom - British, Briton (Britisher) Wales - Welsh, Welshman/Welshwoman/Welshmen Yugoslavia - Yugoslavian, Yugoslav

### 99

accounting – accountant chemistry – chemist	assistance – assistant comedy – comedian	biology – biologist drama – dramatist
drug – druggist	drunk – drunk/drunkard	electric – electrician
engine – engineer	cssay - essayist	fire - fireman
grammar – grammar <b>ion</b>	guard – guardian	humanity – humanitarian
humour humourist	library – librarian	

### 100

magic – magician	mathematics - mathematician	novel - novelist
parliament – parliamentarian	pharmacy - pharmacist	physics - physician
philosophy – philosopher	piano – pian <b>ist</b>	poetry - poet
police – police <b>man</b>	science - scientist	senate - senator
serving – servant	shoe – shoemaker	simple - simpleton
surgery - surgeon	type – typist	•

101			
botanist dentist novelist scientist	biologist dramatist pharmacist typist	cartoonist economist psychiatrist	chemist journalist satirist
2) anarchist feminist nationalist	capitalist idealist realist	communist industrialist socialist	extremist Methodist
3) bassoonist pianist	cellist saxophonist	guitarist trombunist	oboist
102			

Piatuse	saxopnomse	trombunist	
102			
1) -(I)AN beautician librarian paediatrician theologian	comedian magician physician	dietician mathematician politician	electrician musician technician
2) -IST botanist dentist environmentalist satirist	biologist dramatist pharmacist scientist	columnist economist physicist	cyclist educationist psychiatrist

#### 3) -(1)AN and -IST

A physician is a doctor, especially one who treats diseases with medicines, as opposed to a surgeon, who performs operations.

A physicist is a person who studies physics.

### 103\*

A. I. critique	2. critic	
B. I. idealist	<ol><li>ideologue</li></ol>	
C. 1. informer	<ol><li>informant</li></ol>	
D. 1. parenthood	<ol><li>parenting</li></ol>	<ol><li>parentage</li></ol>
E. 1. personages	<ol><li>personnel</li></ol>	
F. 1. relative	2. relation	<ol><li>relationship/relation</li></ol>

### 104

-ERY: jewellery -SHIP: citizenship -ACY: aristocracy -ISM: terrorism

105*			
i) battleship	gunship	spaceship	warship
<ol> <li>ambassadorship citizenship</li> </ol>	authorship membership	chairmanship	; 7
3) horsemanship sportsmanship	musicianship statesmanship	salesmans <b>hip</b> workman <b>ship</b>	seamanship
4) companionship kinship	comrades <b>hip</b> partners <b>hip</b>	friendship	

### 106

-DOM: -ERY: -HOOD: -ISM: -SHIP:	boydom creamery adulthood — ambassadorship friendship kingship	chiefdom adultery boyhood battleship gunship	dukedom foolery fatherhood companionship horsemanship	earldom machinery girlhood comradeship kinship	fooldom manhood	kingdom
107 -DOM:	martyrdom	princedom	professordom	stardom		
-ERY:	nursery	orangery	snobbery	winery		
-HOOD: -ISM:	motherhood	parenthood	widowerhood	wifehood	woman	hood
-1314; -SHIP;	symbolism membership	musicianship	ownership	professorship	salesm	anship

portsmanship

statesmanship

### 108

scamanship

workmanship

1)				
blockage	breakage	coverage	drainage	leakage
marriage	shortage	storage		

spaceship

warship

2) acreage	percentage	tonnage	voltage	
109*				
1) bribery forgery snobbery	cookery mockery	discovery recovery	embroidery robbery	flattery savagery
2) browery rofinery	creamery	distillery	nunnery	nursery
3) artillery jewellery	crockery machinery	drapery	greenery	ironmongery
110				

boy - boyhood	brother - brotherhood	coward - cowardice
craftsman - craftsmanship	carl - earldom	hero - heroism
infant - infancy	leader - leadership	monarch - monarchy
partner - partnership	patriot - patriotism	slave - slavery
snob - snobbery	star - stardom	

### 111\*

- A. I. anarchy 2. anarchism
- B. 1. conscience 2. consciousness
- C. 1. fruition 2. fruitiness
- D. 1. gradient 2. gradation
- E. 1. heroism 2. heroics
- F. 1. residence 2. residency/residence
- G. 1. medicine 2. medic 3. medication
- H. 1. memorabilia 2. memorandum 3. memorial 4. memoirs
- I. 1. morals 2. morale
- J. 1. practice 2. practicability 3. practicality
- K. 1. representation 2. presence 3. presentation
- L. 1. pretence 2. pretension
- M. 1. secret 2. secretiveness 3. secrecy
- N. 1. self 2. selfishness/selflessness
- O. 1. sensitivity 2. sensibility 3, sensuality 4. sensuousness
- P. 1. technique 2. technicalities

#### 112

act - actor	buy - buyer	clean - cleaner	direct - director
edit – editor	farm – farmer	fight - fighter	inspect - inspector
paint - painter	plant – planter	play – player	print - printer
profess - professor	sail – sailor	swim - swimmer	wait - waiter
win - winner			

### 113\*

1)				
addressee	appointee	deportee	detainee	employee
evacuee	internee	examinee	interviewee	licensee
nominee	payee	trustee		

cohabitee	devotee	divorcee	retiree
114			
auctioneer elitist mountaineer	columnist emigrant mutineer	combatant gangster tesident	drunkard modernist
115			
appointee dictician respondent	bruggart fighter traince/trainer	conformist inspector	correspondent payer/payee
116			
Note: check the diff	ferences in pairs in t	be dictionary.	
-ANT applicant assistant consultant defender/defendant			: *
-EE addressee employee/employer absentee cohabitee/cohabitant			
-ENT correspondent			
-ER adviser baker cleaner commander composer/composito driver employer/employee -OR collaborator conductor creator	r		**
117			
Note: check the diffe	erences in pairs in th	e dictionary.	

### 11

2)

-ANTinformer/informant occupant -EE examinee/examiner

interviewee/interviewer payee/payer trainee/trainer

-ENT resident	student			
-ER	Student			
farmer	leader	lecturer		
runner	winner	writer		
-OR				
inspector sailor	instructor visitor	inventor		
118				
composure/composure/composure/ blockade/blockag		approval management	survival marriage	deformity wastage
119				
action conclusion decision imagination protection	addition connection education operation reaction	collection contribution examination organisation realisation	combination creation explanation production reduction	
120				
-ION				
action	addition	collection	combination	conclusion
connection	contribution	creation	decision	education
-MENT achievement announcement attachment -AGE	acknowledgement argument commitment	adjustment arrangement development	agreement assessment	amusement assignment
blockage	breakage/(break)	coverage/(cover)	drainage/(drain)	
121 -ION				
examination production -MENT	explanation protection	imagination reaction	operation realisation	organisation reduction
improvement	management	replacement	requirement	retirement
-AGE marriage	storage	wastage	wreckage	
122*				
dry – drought give – gift	fly – flight grow – growth	foul – filth sec – sight	freeze – frost weigh – weight	
123*				
advise – advice approve – approval betray – betrayal		appear – believe – bury – bu		
104				

commit – comm conspire – const decrease – decre deliver – deliver depart – departu dismiss – dismis	ase y re	dece de fo deny dise	uplain – complaint cive – deceit orm – deformity y – denial over – discovery ose – enclosure	
124*				
expand — expansifail — failure hate — hate/hatrec mix — mixture please — pleasure prosper — prosper survive — survival	ity	expend – expen feel – feel/feelii hope – hope oblige – bligatio portrait – portra receive – recept withdraw – with	ng on it/portraiture ion	expose – exposure grow – growth know – knowledge paint – paint proceed – procedure renew – renewal
125				
assistance     punishment     retirement	2. enga 6. adve 10. earni	rtising	discussion     likeness     resignation	acquaintance     employees     application
126*			2	· ». appreation
A. I. advancement     B. I. expansion     C. I. fallacy     D. I. observation     E. I. personification     F. I. providence     G. I. reliability	2. expa 2. fallii 2. obse	inse bility rvance rsonation isions	3. expansionism	
127				
1. training 6. implications 11. cleaners 128*	photography     solution     parting	neighbourhoo     s. appearance     recognition	d 4. innocence 9. allegations 14. housework	5. absences 10. admission 15. translation
attention     admiration     competitor	2. theft 7. destruction 12. competition	acquisition     gratitude     requirements	4. belief 9. cooks 14. equipment	5. failure 10. shortage 15. resolution
129*				
acquaintance     length     injuries	assumptions     sale     likelihood	collision     qualification     descent	4. relief 9. unselfishness/s 14. payment	5. probability elflessness 10. collision 15. cancellation
130*				
shipment     description, child     cowardice     theft     production	2. comp blood 5. loan 8. reduct 11. offend 14. defend	tions	3. rainfall 6. height 9. wisdom 12. criminal 15. unification	

### 131\*

investment     illustrations     qualifications     advertisements     eriminologist  13.2*	occupation     applause     addiction     production     ehildhood	performance     c. entertainment     troublemakers     t. scenery     t. loneliness
132"		
destruction     detention     pride     sharpening     scientist	2. childhood 5. maintenance 8. equipment 11. engineering 14. loneliness	3. violence 6. bravery 9. products 12. electricity 15. carpentry
133*		
misunderstanding     unkindness     replacement     unemployment     inability	disagreement     upbringing     misconception     imprisonment     loss	3. upstairs 6. impatience 9. unreliability 12. unemployed 15. derailment

#### 134\*

134"				
-ARY arbitrary extraordinary temporary	auxili <b>ary</b> literary	contemporary necessary	contrary preliminary	culinary solitary
OTHER complement fragment planet	compliment honour rudiment	custom legend second	diet moment supplement	discipline parliament
135				
golden dusty	leaden thirsty	silken/silky accidental	wooden/woody dietary	woollen/woolly tiresome

### 136

-AL: geographic/geographical -IC: poetic/poetical -ABLE: fashionable, knowledgeable	-ARY: legendary -OUS: mysterious	-EN: golden -Y: dirty, foggy
---	-------------------------------------	---------------------------------

### 137\*

# Note: check the difference between the forms in the dictionary.

an	alytic/analytical - no difference
CO	mic/comical - no difference
ge	ographic/geographical - no difference
my	thic/mythical - no difference
pos	etic/poetical - no difference
syr	nbolic/symbolical - no difference

classic/classical - differ electric/electrical - no difference historic/historical - differ pedagogic/pedagogical - no difference rhythmical - no difference

1) amateurish foolish 2)	babyish hellish	boyish nightmarish	brutish snobb <b>ish</b>	devilish
bluish tallish	darkish warmish	dullish youngish	longish	smallish
139				
1) characterless hopeless speechless 2)	childless meaningless spotless	endless motherless useless	harmless powerless	heartless seedless
ageless	countless	numberless	timeless	
140			* **	
homeless     speechless     penniless	worthless     restless     careless	3. meaningless 8. harmless 13. jobless	4. useless 9. ceaseless 14. cloudless	5. breathless 10. stateless 15. tactless
141				. s. tachess
-LIKE animallike descritike	babylike dreamlike	birdlike ladylike	catlike	childlike
-SOME adventuresome quarrelsome	awesome threesome	burdensome tiresome	fearsome troublesome	lonesome wearisome
-WORTHY creditworthy	newsworthy	noteworthy	praiseworthy	trustworthy

### 142

Note:  $^{\circ}$  adjectives are formed by adding -LY to nouns, and only occasionally to other adjectives. \* Adverbs are formed by adding -LY to adjectives, with the exception of the few nouns referring to periods of time (hour-ly, week-ly etc.).

trustworthy

ADJECTIVES brotherly friendly lovely shapely worldly	costly heavenly manly sickly	easterly lively orderly westerly	elderly lonely saintly womanly
ADVERBS badty equally cappily quickly usually	clearly exactly immediately recently	directly finally obviously seriously	casily frequently perfectly suddenly

	BOTH ADJECTIVE deadily hourly	S AND ADVERBS kindly monthly	leisurely adj(+adv) weekly	daily yearly		
	143					
advantageous – advantage ambiguous – ambiguity anonymous – anonymity cautious – caution conspicuous – conspicuousness continuous – continuity courteous – courtesy dangerous – danger famous – fame gracious – grace/graciousness mysterious – mystery nutritious – nutrition religious – religion serious – seriousness spontaneous – spontaneity suspicious – suspicion virtuous – virtue		adventurous – adventure ambitious – ambition anxious – anxiety conscious – consciousness contemptuous – contempt courageous – courage curious – curiosity enormous – enormity furious – fury marvellous – marvel nervous – nerve previous – preview righteous – righteousness spacious – space/spaciousness superstitious – superstition various – variety				
	144  -ABLE comfortable  -AL accidental  -ARY complimentary -FUL beautiful	additional	conventional	conversational		
	-IC acidic	alcoholic	angelic	atomic		
	-LESS airless	bloodless	brainless	characterless	childless	cloudless
	-OUS advantageous -Y	ambigueus	ambitious	anxious	cautions	continuo
	bloody	bulky	bushy	cloudy		
	-ISH amateurish	childish				
	145 -ABLE fushionable -AL educational	emotional	experimental	fanatical		
			•			

-ARY	AT-harm	4			
customary	dietary	disciplinary			
-FUL deceitful	delightful	dutiful			
-IC democratie	enthusiastie				
-LESS					
effortless	emotionless	endless	fatherless	flawless	
-Y					
costly	fatherly				
-OUS					
courageous	dangerous	famous			
-Y					
dirty	dusty	fatty			
- <i>WARD</i> eastw <b>ard</b>					
-ISH			3 "		
devilish	feverish				
146					
-ABLE					
honourable	knowledgeable				
-AL					
geographical	global	governmental	historical	instit	utional
-ARY					
fragmentary	inflationary	legendary			
-EN					
golden					
-FUL formatul					
forceful	graceful	harmful	helpful	hopefui	joyful/joyous
-IC heroic idiotic					
-LESS flowerless	friendless	graceless	hairless	ht	
helpless	homeless	hopeless	humourless	harmless leafless	heartless
-1.Y			11411104114033	reat ress	
friendly	heavenly	kindly			
-OUS					
furious	gracious				
- )'					
flowery	foggy	hairy	leafy		
-WARD					
homeward					
-ISH					
foolish	liftyish				

147 -AL logical occasional	mechanical parental	musical professional	national			-WARD seaward -ISH snobbish
-ARY momentary	parliamentary	planetary				149*
-FUL merciful -IC	painful	peaceful	playful	powerful		1. confide 6. thought 11. identica
linguistic	patriotic	photographie	poetie			150
-LESS lifeless motionless -LY leisurely	loveless nameless	merciless painless manly	meaningless powerless orderly	motherless		-ABLE acceptable enjoyable noticeable variable
-OUS marvellous -Y	mysterious	nervous	nutritious			-IBLE accessible defensible
muddy						151*
-ABLE pleasurable						-IBLE
148						audible feasible possible
-ABLE valuable -AL regional	tradition <b>al</b>					accessible – a deductible – d digestible – d permissible –
-ARY supplementary						152
-EN/-Y wooden/woody -FUL	woollen/woolly					1. remarkabl 4. contemptil 7. comfortab 10. disagreeab
shameful -/C	successfu!	useful	youthful			153*
rhythmic						 aggressive luc
-LESS restless speechless worthless	seedless spotless	sexless thoughtless	shameless useless	shapeless woodless		active - act attractive - attr constructive - defensive - def
-LY saintly	shapely	sisterly	womanly	worldly		extensive – extensive – offensive – offe
-OUS religious	spacious	spontaneous	superstitions	suspicious	virtuous	154
-1' rainy	sexy	snowy	sunny	thirsty	worthy	-ABLE acceptable dependable

-WARD scaward -ISH snobbish	twenty	ish			
149*					
confidential     thoughtlessly     identical	2. faiti 7. qua 12. con		3. advertising 8. valuable 1 13. fashionable	9. skilful	10. homeless
150					15. Circumstantial
-ABLE acceptable enjoyable noticeable variable	advisab identifia profitab	ble	comparable imaginable recognisable	dependable irritable remarkable	desir <b>able</b> manage <b>able</b> understandable
-IBLE accessible defensible	compreh divis <b>ibl</b> e		convertible permissible	corruptible resistible	deductible
151*					
-IBLE audible feasible possible	compatib legible sensible	le	credible negligible visible	edible perceptible	elig <b>ible</b> plaus <b>ible</b>
accessible – access deductible – deduct digestible – digest bermissible – permit	ı	defensible discernible resistible	- discern	corruptible - destructible - divisible - di	- destruct
152					
remarkable     contemptible     comfortable     disagreeable		2. likeable 5. preferab 8. sensible		digestible     collapsible     responsible	
53*					
ggressive lucrative					
tive – act tractive – attract instructive – constru fensive – defend tensive – extend fensive – offend	ici	compet creative destruct imagina	ive – alternate itive – compete - create ive – destruct tive – imagine ive – produce	con dec effc neg	rehensive — apprehend sprehensive — comprehend sive — decide ctive — effect stive — negate ective — protect
54					• 00 000000
	dmirable esirable			advisable enjoyable	comparable

-ARY				
complementary	complimentary	disciplinary		
-IBLE accessible				
digestible	comprehensible divisible	convertible	deductible	defensible
-IVE	GIVIANDIE			
active	alternative	apprehensive	attenuth.	
comprehensive	constructive	creative	attractive decisive	competitive defensive
effective	extensive			uciensive
155				
-ABLE				
imaginable preferable	irritable	manageable	noticeable	predictable
understandable	profitable variable	recognisable	remarkable	tolcrable
-ARY	variable	wash <b>able</b>		
fragmentary	honorary	supplementary		
-IBLE		sopposite italy		
permissible	resistible			
-IVE				
imaginat <b>ive</b>	negative	offensive	productive	protective
156*				promotive
l. acceptable	2. requisite	3. talkative	4. blameless	
6. voluntary 11. ceaseless	7. evasive	8. profitable	9. training	<ol><li>photographic</li><li>successful</li></ol>
	12. striped	13. suitable	14. worn	15. infectious
157*				
A. I. defensive	2. defen	sible		
B. 1. definite C. 1. expandable	2. defini			
D. I. extended	expan     extens	•		
E. 1. fallacious	2. fallibl	D. DATE	sive	
F. 1. favourable	2. favour			
G. 1. gradable/ungra H. 1. imaginative	0			
I. 1. judgmental	<ol> <li>imagiz</li> <li>judicia</li> </ol>		ıary	
J. I. knowable	2. known			
K. I. pleasing	2. pleasur		nt 4, pleas	ed
L. I. practical M. 1. preferable	2. practic	able	p.c	
N. I. reliable	<ol> <li>prefere</li> <li>reliant</li> </ol>	ntial		
O. 1. respectful	2. respect	able 3. respect	ive	
158	-			
-AL				
regional alphabetical n	ational professional	l traditional		
acceptable breakable comfortable enjoyable obtainable washable -EN				
golden wooden				
202				

```
-ICAL
 biological geographic/al grammatical mathematical
 -FOLD
 twofold threefold twentyfold
 careful colourful fearful hopeful painful restful successful thoughtful
childish foolish greyish oldish smallish tallish twentyish whitish youngish
auditory introductory
 -WARD
eastward homeward westward
- Y
hairy draughty noisy rainy sleepy smelly sunny woody
```

1. economic 6. adorable 11. careless	2. painful 7. mistaken 12. thoughtful	graceful     gifted     musical	4. careless 9. acceptable 14. childish	5. electrical 10. secretarial 15. sunny
--	---	---------------------------------	--	---

### 160

ambitious     comparatively     industrialised	2. tactless 7. frozen 12. lonely	removable     imaginative     stolen	adjustable     secondary     secidentally	5. memorable 10. worthless 15. businesslike
--	--	--------------------------------------	---	---

### 161\*

spacious     economical     luckily	speechless     enjoyably     photographic	daily     swollen     comparatively	beneficial     employed     toublesome	5. disastrous 10. accessible 15. increasing
			a choresonie	<ol> <li>Increasing</li> </ol>

### 162\*

A. 1. adopted B. 1. adventurous C. 1. alternative D. 1. Arab E. 1. authoritative F. 1. childish G. 1. civic H. 1. classical 1. 1. comic	2. adoptive 2. adventitious 2. alternate 2. Arabic 2. authoritarian 2. childlike 2. civil 2. classic 2. comical/comic	3. Arabian
J. 1. conscious	2. conscientious	
K. 1. contemptuous L. 1. continuous	<ol> <li>contemptible</li> <li>continual</li> </ol>	
M. 1. corporeal N. 1. credulous	<ol><li>corporal</li></ol>	
O. 1. deceptive	credible     deceitful	<ol><li>creditable</li></ol>

2. deceitful

### 163\*

В,	fruity     horrid     humane	fruitful     horrific     humanitarian	horrible     human	4. horrifying
----	------------------------------	--	--------------------	---------------

D. 1. impressive E. 1. industrious F. 1. joyful G. 1. literate H. 1. lengthy I. 1. medicated J. 1. migratory K. 1. officious L. 1. sensitive M. 1. sexless N. 1. unsociable O. 1. successful P. 1. technologica	<ol> <li>sexy</li> <li>unsoci</li> <li>succes</li> </ol>	rial able h al nt ul scrisuous ial	<ol> <li>impressionistic</li> <li>literary</li> <li>medicinal</li> <li>sensible</li> <li>sexist</li> </ol>	4. sexual
-EN				
blacken harden strengthen	brighten lengthen sweeten	broaden loosen widen	darken sharpen	freshen shorten
-IFY				
beautify intensify	clarify notify	dignify personify	falsify purify	horrify signify
inicisity	nothy	personny	party	aiginiy
165				
VERBS				
blacken	brighten	broaden	darken	deepen
fatten	freshen	lengthen	lessen	lighten
moisten	quicken	redden	sharpen	shorten
straighten	strengthen	sweeten	thicken	tighten
weaken	whiten	widen		
ADJECTIVES				
golden	leaden	wooden	woolles	
166*				
1)				
apologise	criticise	emphasise	fantasise	jeopardise
memorise	moralise	philosophise	revolutionise	subsidise
summarise	symbolise	sympathise		
2)				
colonise	democratise	dramatise	generalise	harmonise
hospitalise	industrialise	institutionalise	legalise	mobilise
modernise	neutralise	publicise	rationalise	stabilise
standardise	sterilise	terrorise	visual <b>ise</b>	
167*				
advertise	advise [but: advice]	arise	chastise	circumcise
compromise	despise	devise	disguise	exercise
excise	improvise	inclse	merchandise	promise
supervise	surmise	surprise	televise	

1) generalise publicise	industrialise sterilise	modernise standardise	moralise visualise	ncutralise
2) activate	captivate	domesticate	regulate	

#### 169

SUBJECT	PERSON	ADJECTIVE
ART	artist	artistle
analysis	analyst	analytical
biology	biologist	biological
economics	economist	economic
electricity	electrician	electric, electrical
geography	geographer	geographical
grammar	grammarian	grammatical
history	historian	historic, historical
language	linguist	linguistic
logic	logician	logical
machine	mechanic	mechanical
physics	physicist	physical
science	scientist	scientific

### 170\*

oligarchy anarchy= rule, government fungicide regicide = killing aircraft spacecraft = vehicle appendectomy tonsillectomy = surgical removal countryfolk kinsfolk = people octagon decagon = angle photograph autograph = record, writing hepatitis appendicitis = inflammation decalogue monologue = speaking, discussion barometer chronometer = device for measuring democracy technocracy = rule humanoid fungoid = resemble methodology theology = study of tuberculosis sclerosis = illness Anglophile bibliophile = lover of claustrophobia xenophobia = fear of microphone earphone - device to transmit sound poverty-stricken terror-stricken = affected by

### 171\*

-age	-14!	~an	-ance		-ation	-ean	-00	-cnce
-cr	-ful	-hood	-ian	-ion	-ition	-ision	-ism	-ist
-ity	-ment	-ness	-Ot	-ship				

172	skr						
ADJ	ECTIVE SU	FFIXES:					
-able -ish	-al -ist	-an -ive	-can -less	-en -ly	-ful -ous	-ian -ward	-ible
1731	t						
VERE	SUFFIXE:	S:					
-en	-ify	-ise					
174*							
NOUN -AL -AN -EAN -ESE -FUL -IAN -IST	adj: bru adj: bru adj: sub ad: Eurn adj: Jap adj: bea adj: Cha adj: Bud	atal ourban opean anese utiful oucerian	JFFIXES legal	n: arrival n: Ameri n: Europe n: Japane n: spoonf n: historia n: Buddhi	can can se iot an	refusal	
175*							
-EN ADJECT -WARD -LY	adj: woo v: weake IIVE AND adj: home adv: home adj: heave adv: loud	n ADVERB S eward eward(s) enly	SUFFIXES				
176							
drinkable furious	d/childish/cl	nildless	c e: hi m pa sc	rrival loudy/cloud xcitement armless/har nodernise roductivity arcity ofinist		ż	beautify delicious flexible hopeful/hopeless motherless/motherhood/motherly readable terrorism/terrorist washable
177							
1) armful mouthful		pful ateful		ssful cketful		andful xxonful	houseful tablespoonful
cheerful	de	ccitful	de1	ightful	dı	tiful	grounds.

1/0							
Note: check	the differences in m	caning but					
ROOT	+ ADJECTI	VE(S)	between various forms in the dictionary.  – ADJECTIVE(S)				
ART	artful						
	artistic	art	less				
COLOUR	colourful	anl	our land				
	coloured		ourless coloured				
DOUBT	doubtful		loubted				
FAITH	***		ubtless)				
rann	faith <b>ful</b>		hless				
FAULT	faulty		aithful				
FRUIT	fruitful		tless				
	fruity	fruit					
GRACE	graceful		uit <b>ful</b>				
III inn			eless aceful				
HEART	hearty	hear					
HUMOUR LAW	humorous		ourless				
2/3//	lawful	lawie	ess				
SENSE	sensible	unlay					
	sensual	sense	senseless				
	sensuous	i					
	sensitive	insen: insen:					
CI EUD	sensory	macus	saive				
SLEEP SPOT	sleepy	sleepl	ess				
51-01	spotted	spotle					
TASTE	spotty tasty						
	tasteful	tastelle	SS				
VALUE	valuable						
179		valuele	ess				
1. friendly	2						
6. slippery	<ol> <li>imaginative</li> <li>geographical</li> </ol>	3. readable	4. memorable	5. unsuitable			
<ol> <li>reddish</li> </ol>	12. unpredictable	8. qualified	9. amusing	10. homeless			
180*	- Promoted in	<ol> <li>encouraged</li> </ol>	14. artistic	15. influential			
<ol> <li>obedient</li> </ol>	2. incurable	3. poisonous					
6, foreseeable	7. dishonest	8. unhelpful	4. unemployable	<ol><li>untrustworthy</li></ol>			
<ol> <li>unprintable</li> </ol>	<ol><li>unskilled</li></ol>	13. unexpectedly	<ol><li>disobedient</li></ol>	<ol><li>unmistakable</li></ol>			
181*		protecting					
1. impolite	2. inexpensive						
<ol><li>unsuccessful</li></ol>	7. overconfident	3. unreliable	<ol> <li>unsuitable</li> </ol>	<ol><li>cncouraged</li></ol>			
<ol> <li>enforced</li> </ol>	12. uncompetitive	<ol> <li>undamaged</li> <li>underpaid</li> </ol>	9. inconvenient	10. competitive			
182*	7	ro, underpaid	<ol><li>Ioneliness</li></ol>	<ol><li>15. conscientious</li></ol>			
1. talkative	<ol><li>unreasonable</li></ol>	3. hardened	4. inefficient				
6. unforgettable 11. muscular	7. impressive	<ol><li>exhausted</li></ol>	9. heartened	5. unfashionable			
· · · muscular	<ol><li>payable</li></ol>	<ol><li>unavoidable</li></ol>	14. unsuitable	10. irresponsibly 15. inaccessible			

178\*

hopeful

powerful

joyful

thankful

merciful

useful

dutiful

painful

youthful

graceful

peaceful

Note: check the meanings in the dictionary.

BED

bed bath camp bed water bed bed-wetting

oyster bed

river bed

twin bed

BOOK address book bookcase book token

cheque book guest book phone book

figurehead

coffee-table book reference book

cookery book book stall

DAYbirthday daybreak daydream HEAD

head office

flagday headdress

daytime payday

big-head HOUSE

talking book

coffechouse houseboat publishing house housewife LAND

household housekeeper

lower house

magnetic head

fatherland land slide

grazing land landmark

landlord

Promised Land

MASTER

master bedroom headmaster masterpiece master plan TABLE

high table

master list old master

master key

table manners

schoolmaster

table tennis

dressing table table wine

TIME time bomb time lag prime time question time

time limit time zone

table linen

time machine

heels

séason

timetable

jump

speed

tide

light

street

weight

WORK work day

social work stonework

work permit

team work

workshop

## 184

HIGH church noon

tide

class court rise school treason way

LOW church

MIDDLE

life

class

season

finger

speed

name

school

age 185\*

Check in the dictionary.

### 186\*

FIRST/SECOND

class, cousin, floor, language, name, prize, sight

208

FIRST

born - the eldest child in the family

lady - wife of the nation's political leader

light - the first appearance of the sun in the morning

SECOND

best - not very good or desirable

childhood - behave like a child because of senility

Coming - the return of Jesus Christ to Earth from heaven

nature - something you are so familiar with you don't have to think much while doing it thoughts - a change of opinion

wind - return of strength and energy

#### 187

compact disc fairy tale human race human being open air personal computer safe deposit short circuit

general public instant coffee polar bear solar system :

high school long jump public sector

188

adding machine drawing pin freezing point sewing machine washing machine

baking powder drinking cup frying pan spending money working party

cleaning woman driving license hiding place typing paper wrapping paper

diving board firing squad living room walking stick writing desk

189

alarm clock burglar alarm fire brigade labour market space ago tomato soup

assembly line colour bar generation gap railway station tea bag

bank account death penalty health centre recipe book television set

blood donor film star intelligence test sound barrier tennis court

190

1. 100 degrees Centigrade is the boiling point.

3. Could I borrow a frying pan?

Yesterday I bough a new pair of running shoes.

9. I need some writing paper, please.

12. Put it away, it is not drinking water.

#### 191\*

breakdown [failure] breakthrough [important discovery] by-pass [secondary road] crack-down [action against]

drawback [negative aspect] fallout [radioactive dust] input [information that is put in]

outbreak [start] outlet [place to sell] output [production]

break-out [escape] break-up [finish] check-out [cash-desk] cutback [reduction]

dropout [person who rejects society] feedback [comment]

lay-by [parking at the side of a road] outcome [conclusion]

outlook [forecast] printout [printed information]

				[change] [change; n	noney earno	ed and spe	ent]	
192*								
Check up the mea	nings in th	e dictiona	ry.					
193								
air conditioning capital punishment cotton wool hay fever junk food		barbed w central he data proc heart fail mail orde	eating cessing ure	birth con chewing dress-des hire purc	gum sign	blood pro common first aid income t	sense	
194								
meat delivery remote control sign language table tennis		office ma science fi social sec washing	curity		old age self-deten soda wate writing pa	er		pocket money show business stainless steel
195								
armed forces high heels natural resources swimming trunks	baked be human ri race relat vocal cor	ghts ions	civil right inverted c road work winter spo	ommas	current af luxury go social serv yellow pa	ods vices	mode	ch fries ern languages I studies
196								
bee-sting footprint nightfall	bloodshe handshak rainfall		catcall heartbeat sunrise		daybreak landslide toothache		earth leasc	quake hold
197								
cut-throat hangman scarecrow	dare-devi pickpock tugboat		driftwood playboy turntable		flashlight popcorn		-	worm snake
198								
blackberry freshman hothouse shortcake	blueprint grandfath livestock twelfthnig		double-tal handyman longboat wildfire		dry-dock highway madman wildfowl		freem highs noble	chool
199								
inverted comma:     bank account     burglar alarm     mountain peaks     package holiday		telephone police stat traveller's	tion					
6. car park 7. high-school 8. post office		air conditi modern la letter box	ioning		book toker	n		

9. coffee cups 10. brain drain 11. first cousin 12. salad dressing 13. greenhouse effe 14. compact disc 15. weather forecas	hire pure	chase	value added tax	
200*				
paperclip     f. lighthouse     The rainbow	household     masterpiece     hillside	daybreak     soap operas     footsteps	tablecloth     paperback     bechives	5. bookshelf 10. foreground 15. thunderstorm
201				
rabbit hole     soap powder     landmark	mousetrap     crash helmet     autobiography	gunfire     fireplace     dress rehearsal	4. handwriting 9. workshop 14. filmscript	5. hairdo 10. timekeeper
202				
cloudburst     nightmare     credit card	2. sawdust 7. carthquake 12. stomachache	3. snowflake 8. ceasefire 13. girlfriend	theatre goer     beforehand     daybreak	5. toothpaste 10. postscript 15. landmarks
203				
1. hitch-hiking 6. lamp-post 11. dish-washer	2. story-telling 7. part-exchange	3. ice-cubes 8. mosquito-bite	4. look-out 9. tooth-decay	5. traffic-signal 10. door-knob
204				
A. heart-breaking nev	vs heart-sea	rching thinking	heart-warming supp	port
B. record-breaking re life-threatening dis-	*	ng rain	life-saving classes	
C. self-catering accoms elf-justifying explanations self-winding watch		self-cleaning equip self-locking door		ating regulations lating organisation
205*				
AFREE carefree dust-free BHEARTED	duty-free guilt-	free lead-free po	ollution-free rent-fi	ree tax-free traffic-free
kind-hearted	light-hearted	soft-hearted	tender-hearted	warm-hearted
CPROOF bombproof flameproof DSICK	bulletproof foolproof	damp <b>proof</b> sound <b>proof</b>	dustproof waterproof	fireproof
airsiek carsiek	homesick			
ESPOKEN well-spoken	plain-spoken	outspoken	soft-spoken	

- 44	74	

FULL-	full-blooded	full-	blown full	l-flavoured	full-grow	n'n
HEART-	heartbreaking	, he:	rtfelt her	art-searching	heartw	/arming
LIFE-	affirming	giving	preserving	saving	supporti	ing threatening
LONG-	-distance	-lost	-standing	-range	-lasting	-suffering
LOW-	-cut -paid	l				
SECOND-	-class -ra	te -l	nand			
SHORT-	-handed	-lived	-sighted	-tempered		

absent-minded professor	air-conditioned apartment
audio-visual aids	bitter-sweet taste
blood-thirsty monster	brand-new car
breast-fed infant	breathtaking view
bullet-proof jacket	clean-shaven man
cold-blooded criminal	duty-free shop
fact-finding mission	far-fetched conclusion
first-class ticket	freeze-dried coffee
front-page news	

### 208\*

brewed forsaken tanned

### 209\*

1) class-bound home-bound	culture-bound honour-bound	earthbound tradition-bound	fog-bound wheelchair-bound
2) earth <b>bound</b>	eastbound	home-bound	homeward-bound
3) cloth-bound	leather-bound		

### 210

No. We can add -FREE to any of the nouns.

### 211\*

-BLACK -BLUE -BROWN	blue-black electric-blue	coal-black ice-blue	jet-black midnight-blue	royal-blue	sky-blue
-GREEN	nut-brown bottle-green	lime-green	ocean-green	pea-green	sea-green
-GREY	iron-grey	pearl-grey	green	pen groom	oon groom
-RED	blood-red	brick-red			
-WHITE	off-white	snow-white			

### 212\*

A. DEEP deep-fried	deep-frozen	deep-rooted	deep-seated
B. FRESHLY freshlybaked	freshlychopped	freshlycut	freshlyironed

C. FULL fullboard	fullcircle	full-face	full-grown	full-leng	gth full-scale	
D. GOD godbegotten E. HOME	goddamned	god-fearing	god-forsaken	godgiven	godinspired	godlike
homebrewed F. STONE	homemade	homesic	ck ho	mespun		
stone-dead G. SUN	stone-deaf	stone-co	old sto	ne-ground	stone-washed	
sunbaked H. WELL	sunburnt	sun-drie	ed sur	lit	suntanned	
well-bred well-meant	well-built well-preserve	well-cut ed well-spe		II-dressed II-timed	well-educated	

### 213

god-forsaken town	good-looking boy	grey-haired grandpa
hand-picked berries	home-made cake	ice-cold beer
ill-advised decision	kind-hearted person	last-minute offer
law-abiding citizen	left-handed student	light-hearted mood
long-distance call	lukewarm attitude	middle-aged woman
mouth-watering dessert	narrow-minded view	never-ending story
new-laid egg	noteworthy event	

### 214

old-fashioned clothes	one-sided view	one-way ticket
open-ended exercise	part-time job	ready-made pattern
skin-deep beauty	sky-blue eyes	snow-white shirt
top-heavy structure	top-secret information	traffic-free zone
two-faced liar	world-famous singer	year-long commitment

### 215\*

a la mode = in the most modern style
a priori = using general principles to suggest likely effects
ad hoc = made only for a particular purpose or need
ad lib = said without any preparation
au fait = familiar with
avant-garde = highly original
bona fide = not false
cordon bleu = cookery of the highest standard
de facto = existing in fact, though not necessarily legal or intended
de jure = having legal existence
de luxe = of very high quality
de rigueur = demanded by custom, fashion
de trop = unnecessary or unwanted
ex gratia = not necessary, but showing good intentions
infra dig = demeaning
laissez-faire = unwilling to influence other people's activities
per capita = for each person
prima facie = obvious at first sight
sub judice = in the process of trial
The second secon

### 216\*

a priori reasoning a la mode clothes ad lib comments ad hoc meeting avant-garde att au fait with the situation cordon bleu cuisine bona fide intentions de luxe hotel de jure marriage infra dig chores ex gratia payment per capita income laissez-faire policy sub judice court case prima facie evidence

#### 217

1. first-class 2. part-time
4. home-made/baked 5. new-laid
6. so-called 7. self-taught
8. well-polished 9. easy-going
10. high-priced 11. self-addreessed
12. light-hearted 13. long-legged
14. ill-advised 15. old-fashioned

3. kind-hearted

## 218

- 1. hardback
- 2. homesick
- 3. bullet-proof
- 4. labour-saving; interest-free
- 5. purpose-built; red-brick
- 6. audio-visual
- 7. long-distance
- 8. second-hand; lead-free
- 9. middle-aged
- 10. mass-produced
- 11. two-faced

### 219\*

blow-dry cross-reference	court-martial double-cross	cross-check double-glaze handcuff	cross-examine dry-clean ill-treat
field-test nickname	force-feed proof-read	rubber-stamp	sandpaper
shipwreck	spin-dry	spoon-feed	tape-record

### 220\*

baby-sit	hitch-hike	honeymoon	ice-skate
lip-read	roller-skate	touch-type	water-ski
window-shop			

#### 221\*

A 40 E			
bottle-feed criss-cross mass-produce stir-fry	breast-feed deep-fry short-circuit	bulk-buy double-check sight-read	chain-smoke double-park spring-clean

# 222\* bike –

bike – bicycle	bus - omnibus
co-ed - coeducational (American)	coke - coca-cola
decaf - decaffeinated (coffee/tea)	doc - doctor
exam - examination	flu – influenza
fridge - refrigerator	gas - gasoline (American)
gent – gentleman	grannie - grandmother
lab – laboratory	maths - mathematics (math - American)
mike - microphone	movie - moving picture (American)
phone – telephone	photo - photograph
plane – acroplane	pop popular (music)
vet – veterinarian	zoo - zoological garden

### 223\*

bra – brassiere	cello – violoncello
commie - communist (American)	dorm - dormitory
fan – fanatic	grad - graduate student (American)
grannie - grandmother	lab - laboratory
memo – memorandum	Met - Metropolitan Opera (America)
pants - pantaloons (American)	perm - permanent (hair wave)
polio – poliomyelitis	pram - perambulator
prep - preparatory (school)	prof - professor
prom - promenade dance (America	nn) pub – public house
Frisco - San Francisco	sarge - scrgeant
taxi, cab - taximeter cab	wig - periwig

#### 224\*

Elizabeth - Bess, Betty, Liz	Albert - Al, Bert
Alfred - Al, Fred	Anthony - Tony
Benjamin – Ben	Charles, Charlotte - Charlie
Edmund, Edward, Edwin - Ed, Eddie	Frederick - Fred
Nichofas - Nick	Philip – Phil
Richard - Rick, Dick	Samuel – Sam
Thomas – Tom	William - Will

#### 225\*

Aggie – Agnes	Andy – Andrew
Archie - Archibald	Bella – Arabella
Bert - Herbert	Con - Constance
Debby – Deborah	Dora - Theodora
Gene - Eugene	Lottie - Chatlotte
Lu – Luisa	Mabel – Amabel
Mae - Mary	May Mary
Net - Antoinette	Nora - Eleonora
Pruc – Prudence	Ray - Raymond
Tilda – Mathilda	Tina - Christina, Albertina
Tish - Letitia	Trixy - Beatrice
11	

		Citistila, Attortilla
Tish – Letitia	Trixy	- Beatrice
Vee - Veronica		
226*		
Aframerican - African	American	Amerindian - American Indian
Australasia - Australia	and Asia	comintern - communist and international

maitre d' - maitre d'hotel Eurasia - Europe and Asia medicare - medical care newsboy - newspaper boy paratrooper - parachutist trooper 227\* Benefux - Belgium, the Netherlands, and Luxemburg autobus - automobile + onnibus cablegram - cable + telegram breathalyser - breath analyser Eurovision - European television heliport - helicopter + (air)port motel - motor + hotel Interpol - international police paratroops - parachute troops newscast - news broadcast smog - smoke + fog telecast - television broadcast 228\* blurt - blare or blow + spurt bit - binary digit dumbfound - dumb + confound moped - motor + pedal (cycle) splatter - splash + spatter transistor - transfer + resistor 229\* A-bomb - atomic bomb AA - Alcoholics Anonymous Alevel - advanced level (examination) AC - alternating current b&b - bed and breakfast a.s.a.p. - as soon as possible BA - Bachelor of Arts; British Airways BC - before Christ; British Council CIA - Central Intelligence Agency c/o - care of DC - District of Columbia (US); direct current C.O.D - cash on delivery DJ - disc jockey; dinner jacket DIY - do it yourself DNA - deoxyribonucleic acid D.Litt. - Doctor of Letters/Literature EEC - European Economic Community FAO - Food and Agricultural Organisation GB - Great Britain FBI - Federal Bureau of Investigation GP - General Practitioner (Medicine Doctor) GMT - Greenwich Mean Time HM - Her/His Majesty HRH - His/Her Royal Highness 230° ID - identification card IMF - International Monetary Fund 10U - I owe you 10 - intelligence quotient IRA - Irish Republican Army LA - Los Angeles; Legislative Agency LSD - lysergic acid diethylamide (a drug inducing LP - long-playing (record) hallucinations) MA - Master of Arts MC - master of ceremonies MD - Doctor of Medicine MP - Member of Partiament; Military Police MIT - Michigan Institute of Technology MSc - Master of Science mph - miles per hour OED - Oxford English Dictionary ono - or nearest offer PO Box - post office box POW - prisoner of war PTO - please turn over s.a.e. - stamped addressed envelope SF - Science Fiction TB - tuberculosis VIP - very important person TV - television

UN - United Nations

VSO - Voluntary Service Overseas YMCA - Young Men's Christian Association

e.g. = exempli gratia - for example etc. - et cetera - and the rest i.c. = id est - which is to say NB = nota bene - take special note of p.a. = per annum - per year RIP = requiescat in pace - rest in peace RSVP = répondez s'il vous plait - please reply 232\* Basic English - ['bessk] - British, American, Scientific, International, Commercial English GATT - [gAt] - General Agreement on Tariffs and Trade laser- ['leisə] - lightwave amplification by stimulated emission of radiation OPEC ~ ['pupek] - Organisation of Petroleum Exporting Countries radar- ['reida:] - radio detecting and ranging SALT - [so:lt] - Strategic Arms Limitation Talks UFO - ['ju:fou] - unidentified flying object UNESCO - [ju:'neskou] - United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organisation UNICEF - ['ju:nisef] - United Nations Children's Fund UNO - ['ju:nou] - United Nations Organisation WASP - [wbsp] - White Anglo-Saxon Protestant 233 1. absence 2. absent 3. absented 4. absentee 234 absorbent absorbency absorbs/absorbed absorbing absorption 235 abstinent abstained absternious abstainer abstentions abstaining abstinence 236 absurdly absurdities absurd 237 abusing abusive abused abuse abusers 238 1. academic 2. academics 3. academically 4. academy 239 L acceptable 2. acceptance 3. accepted 4. unacceptable 5. acceptation 6. unacceptably 7. acceptably 8. acceptability 240 accessibility access accessible accession inaccessible 241 1. backers 2. backing 3. backache 4. backless 5. backup 6. backwards 7. backwardness 8. backward

CD = Corps Diplomatique - Diplomatic Service

D.G. - Dei Gratia - by the Grace of God

UK - United Kingdom

US - United States

we - water closet

AD = Anno Domini - in the year of the Lord am = ante meridiem - before noon

216

242					
1. bacterial	2. bacteriological	I 3. bac	cteriologist		256
243					1. uncen 5. cerem
<ol> <li>unbeatable</li> <li>beater</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>beat</li> <li>beating</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>beaten</li> <li>beatings</li> </ol>			257
244					1. charac 5. charac
1. beautiful	2. beautifully	<ol><li>beautician</li></ol>	4. beauty	5. beauties	258
245 1. beliefs	2 unhalianakh	2.1.11			1. citation 4. recitati
6. believer	<ol> <li>unbelievably</li> <li>disbelief</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>believe</li> <li>unbelievable</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>disbelieve</li> <li>nonbeliever/e</li> </ol>	5. believable anbeliever	259
246					l. civilian 5. civil
1. blame	2. blameless	<ol><li>blameworthy</li></ol>	4. blame		260
247 1. bombing	2. bombers	3. bomb	4. bombarded		1. childho 5. children
5. bombardment	<ol><li>bombardier</li></ol>	<ol><li>bombastic</li></ol>			261
248					1. christen
1. bookish 4. booked	2. books 5. booking	<ol> <li>booklet</li> <li>bookie/bookma</li> </ol>	dene		5. Christma
249	S. C. C. C. C.	o. bookie/bookina	iker		262
1. boundless	2. bounds	3. boundary	4. bound		I. classy (A 5. classifica
250					263
1. boys	2. boyhood	3. boyish	4. boyishly		classical     classicist
251					264
1. brightest	2. brighten	3. brightly	<ol><li>brightness</li></ol>		1. clarificati
252					4. clearance
1. brute	2. brutal	3. brutalities	4. brutally	5. brutalised	265
253					I. cleanest 6. cleansing
calculated     calculus	calculator     calculations	calculating     miscalculated			11. cleanser
254					266
1. carry	2. miscarried	3. carrier	4. carriers	5. miscarriage	1. closet (Am 5. closely 9. disclosure
255					267
celebration     celebrate		celebrant     celebratory			I. incoherent S. coherent

256				
unceremonious     ceremonious		emony emonial	ceremonials     unceremonious	4. ceremonially
257			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	8. ceremoniously
characterised     characteristics		racteristie racterless	characterisation     characters	4. characteristically
258				
citations     recitation	2. reciting 5. cites	recital     recitatives		
259				
civilians     civil	2. civilisation 6. uncivilly	3. civilities 7. uncivility	4. civilise; unciv	vilised
260				
1. childhood 5. children	childish    child-like	3. childishly 7. childless	4. childlessness	
261				
christened     Christmas	Christian     unchristian	Christendom     Christians; no	4. Christianity	
262				
I. classy (America 5. classification	n) 2. decl: 6. class	assification	classified     declassified	4. classifiable 8. classless
263				o. classiess
. classical . classicist	classics     (neo)classicism	3. clas 6. clas	ssic ssically	
64			-	
. clarification(s) . clearance	2. clarity 5. unclear	3, clea 6, clea	arly r; clarify	
65				
. cleanest 5. cleansing . cleanser	cleaner     cleanness	3. cleaner's 8. cleanly	4. cleaning 9. cleanse	5. cleanliness 10. unclean
56				
closet (American) closely disclosure	2. closure 6. disclose	3. close 7. close	** encios	ure(s)
***				

3. cohere

7. incoherence

4. coherence

2. cohesive

cohesion/cohesiveness

268					
collectables     collectable	collectivism     collector's	<ol> <li>collecting</li> <li>collective</li> </ol>	4. collection		
269					
1. colourless 5. colouring(s)	discolorations     colourful	3. colour 7. colourfully	4. discoloured 8. colours		
270					
communicativ     communism     communist     communist	2. communion 5. communication 8. community 11. communicators		uncommunicative     communicants     communicate/communicated		
271					
comparatively     comparison	2. incor 6. comp	nparable parable	incomparably     comparative	4. compared	
272					
competition     competitors     competence	2. comp 5. comp 8. comp	etently	incompetently     competitive     incompetence		
273			,		
incompletely     complete	2. completion 5. completeness		completely     incomplete		
274			,		
decomposition     composure	2. comp 6. comp		composed     decomposing/decomposed	composition     composite	
275			,,	o. composite	
conclusion     concluded	2. incone 5. conclu		conclusive     inconclusive		
276					
conductivity     misconduct	2. condu 5. condu		conductive     conduction		
277					
unconsciousness     conscious	consci     consci	ous; unconscious ousness	unconsciously     subconscious		
278					
inconsiderable     consider	consideration     considerable	inconsiderateness     considerably	4. considering 8. inconsiderate		
279					
incorrect     correct	correctional     corrective	correctly     corrections	incorrectly     correctness		

200				
1. correspondi	ngly 2.	correspondent	<ol> <li>corresponden</li> </ol>	ce 4. correspond
281				
cncouragem     cncourage     courageous	5. 0	courageously discouragements courage	discouraged     discouraging     encouragingly	
282				
courtesy     courtship     courteous	5, c	iscourtesy ourteously iscourteous	court     courtesans     courtier	
283				
discovery     coverlet	covering     discovered	recovered     discoverer	4. coverage 9. recovery	5. covered 10. uncover
284				
recreation     create	creation     creativity	creationist     creature	4. creators	5. recreational
285				
credibility     credulous	creditors     credit	3. incredible 8. incredibly	credits     creditable	5. credible 10. incredulous
286				ro. incredulous
criminally     criminalised	2. criminology; of 5. crime		minal minologists	
287			orogiata	
1. critically 4. criticism	(un)critical     criticise	3. critic 6. critique		
288				
died/death     dead	deadness     deaden	3. dying 7. deadly	4. deathly	
289				
decision     decidedly	decided     undecided	decisive     decided		
290				
indefensibly     defensive	defence     defender	defenceless     defensible	defendant     indefensible	5. defend
291			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
L deliverer 4. delivery	deliverable     deliverance	undelivered     deliver		

292							
I. dental	2. dentist	3. dentis	oten	4.4			
293		J. Gent.	suy	4. dentui	res		
dependability     depend     depend     independently	depending     dependent     dependence	/dependency	3. deper 7. deper 11. indep	ndable	4. dependants 8. independence	ż	
294							
1. detectable	2. detection	3. detect		4. detecto	ors 5 det	ectives	
295					<i>5,</i> det	cettvea	
1. underdevelopee	d 2. dev	elopment	3. develo	ped	4. developmenta	J 5. develope	
296					четоринена	J. develope	er.
differently     differentiate	differential     differentiation	ıs	differer     indiffer				
297							
direction     directorship	directly     directives	3. directno 8. direct	ess	4. director 9. director		lirect ections	
298					, 10. dti	ections	
distinctive     distinctly     indistinguishable	6. disti	inguishable inguish	distincti     distinct		4. distinguishing 8. distinguished		
299							
dominant     dominate	dominance     dominatrix	dominat     dominat					
300							
dramatically     dramatist	dramatic     drama	dramatis     dramatis					
301							
1. reeducated	2. education	3. education	nal 4	. educators	5. unedu	sont and	
302				· valiento()	J. unequ	icated	
effectual     ineffectual	2. effect 5. effects	effective     ineffective					
303							
electrification     electric	electricity     electrician	3. electrical 6. electrify					
304							
	employment     employer	unemploy     employab					
222							

305				
<ol> <li>exception</li> <li>exceptiona</li> </ol>	2. unexceptio 6. except	nal 3. excepting 7. exceptions	4. exceptiona	ble
306		· · sweeptions	ary .	
1. existence	2. existent	3. existing	4. existentialis	st 5. nonexistent
307				3. nonexistent
<ol> <li>expandable</li> <li>expansionis</li> </ol>	expanse     6. expansive	expanded     expansionis	4. expansion	
308	•	, expansions	m 8. expansively	
expectantly     unexpected	expectancy     expect	expectant     unexpected!	4. expectation	
309		periodi	,	
1. expressly 5. express	expression(s)     expressionles	0.04	pressionless pressionism	4. expressionists
310			;	
extended     extension	extensively     extend	extendable     extensive		
311				
1. faithful 5. faith	unfaithfulness     faithfully	faithfulness     unfaithful	4. faithlessness	
312				
falls     fallaciousness	fallen     fallibility	fallacy     infallible	4. infallibility	
313		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	8. fallacious	
1. favourable	2. favourite	3. favourably	4. favour	5. umfavourably
314				5. dula vottraniy
inflammable     non-flammable	(non-inflammable)	inflamed     inflammatory	3. flame(s) 7. flaming	4. inflammation
315				8. anti-inflammatory
formations     formless	deformation     malformed	formative     former	4. form 9. malformation	5. deformities
316			2. manormation	
1. refresher 5. freshman (freshe	2. fresh 6. refresh	3. refrest ments 7. freshn		
317				
. fruity . fruit	fruitful     fruition	3. fruitfulness 8. fruitless	fruitfully     fruiterer	5. fruitlessness 10. fruitiness

318				
government     governorship		3. governm 7. ex-gover	ental 4. gove	rn
319				
gradable; u     degrade     graduate     degradable	6.	grade/grader	3. gradual 7. gradually 1. gradation	graduation     degradation     degradation     undergraduate; postgraduate
320				
1. hardness	2. hardened	3. hard	4. hardsh	nips 5. hardly
321				5. natury
hero/heroine     heroics	heroic     heroically	heroism     antihero		
322				
horrible     horrified	2. horribly 6. horrifying	<ol> <li>horrific</li> <li>horrifically</li> </ol>	4. horror 8. horrors	
323				
humanised     humanitarian	2. humanly 7. humanities	humane     dehumanise	4. humani ed 9. human	2. Homanny
324			> noman	IO. inhuman
idealisation     idealism     idea	2. ideal 7. idealistic	3. ideal 8. ideology	4. ideally 9. idealist	5. idealise 10. ideologue
325				
unimaginative     imagination	imaginable     imaginative	imaginary     image	4. imagine	
326			¥-	
impressionist     impression	impressively    impressionable		press pressionistic	4. impressive
327			,	8. impressionism
industriously    industrially	industry     industrialise	industrious     industrialisati	4. on	industrial
328				
misinformation     informant	information     informative	3. informed 7. informer	4. disinforma 8. misinform	ation
329			- weinom	
enjoyment     joyfully	joyfulness     joyless	3. joys 7. enjoying	4. cnjoyable	

330			
1. judgement	2. judge	3. judgmental	4. judicial
331			
l. justified 6. unjustifiable	2. justice 7. justifiably	3. justify 8. unjustified	justifiable 5. just     justification
332			
knowable     knowledge	<ol> <li>unknowingly</li> <li>unknown</li> </ol>	knowingly     knowledgeat	4. known sle 8. knowledgeably
333			o. Milowicageably
enlightening     lighter	lightened     enlightenment	3. lighting 7. light	4. lightning 8. enlighten
334			
<ol> <li>likelihood</li> <li>dislikes/likene</li> </ol>	2. likes; d 6. likenes	01.11	ke 4. unlikely kely 8. likewise
335			o. menae
illiteracy     literary	literate     literally	literal     literature	4. illiterate
336			
longitude     longish	length    lengthy	lengthen     lengthwise (lengthwise)	4. long gthways) 8. longevity
337			o. longevity
mechanisation     mechanic	mechanical    mechanism	mechanically     mechanise	4. mechanics
338			
medical     medicated	medics    medication	medically     medicine	4. medicinal
339			
1. immemorial 5. memory 9. memorise	memoirs     memorably	memorabilia     memorandum	4. memorable 8. memorial
340			
methodologically     methodically	2. method 5. Method		
341			
migrant     emigrated	emigration    immigration	3. migrate 7. migratory	4. immigrants

7. migratory

2.42									
342 1. mobility	2. domol/Pland	2				354			
5. mobilisation 9. demobilisation	demobilised     immobilised	3. immobile 7. mobile	mobilise     immobiliser			1. prepaid 5. payable	<ol> <li>payment</li> <li>repay</li> </ol>	3. payee 7. pay	4. paye
343						355			
1. moisturiser(s)	2. moisten	3. moist	4. moisture 5. i	moisturising		imperfectly     imperfect	2. perfectly 5. perfect	perfection     perfectionist	
344						356			
moralist     morally	2. immorality 7. morals	amoral; morality     moral	4. morality 9. immoral	5. moralising 10. morale		1. impersonal 5. personages	6. p	ersonalises/personalise erson	ed 3. is
345						9. personifies/pe	rsonified 10. p	ersonnel	11. ir
<ol> <li>musicals</li> <li>musicology</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>musicianship</li> <li>music</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>musically</li> <li>musicologist</li> </ol>	4. musicians			357			
346		Thumbong in				pleasantries     pleasant	<ol> <li>pleasing</li> <li>pleased</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>pleasure</li> <li>pleasantly</li> </ol>	4. please
1. nations	2. nationalisation	3. natio	··· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	,		358			
<ol> <li>nationally</li> <li>nationalistic</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>denationalisationalise</li> </ol>	n . 7. nation 11. nation				1. pointedly	<ol><li>pointless</li></ol>	3. pointers	4. pointh
347			The latter with	•		359			
1. unnatural	2. naturalisation	3. natural	4. naturally			1. politically	2. policy	3. political	4. politici
5. nature	<ol><li>naturalised</li></ol>	7. naturalism	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			360			
348 1. observably	2. observation	3. observe	4.1			impracticable     f. practicability	practise     practically	practical     practicable	practice     practice
5. observer	6. observant	7. observe	4. observatory			361			
349		8.				preferential     preferably	preferable     preference(s)	prefer     preferentially	
officer     officially	officials     officiated	officious     officiousness	4. office 8. officialdom			362		,	
350						presence     representatives	representatio     presentable	nal 3. present 8. represent	tation
1. originator 5. originality	2. origins 6. originally	original     originated	4. origin			363		o represent	
351		, <u>.</u>				unpretentious     pretension	pretence     pretend	pretenders     pretentiously	
disquiet     quietude	quietly     quiet	quietened     disquieting				364		,	
352						produces     productivity	reproductions     reproductive	producer     productively	4. producti
I. parenting	2. parents	3. parentage	4. parental 5. par	renthood	į.	365	- Productive	7. productively	
353						1. improperly	2. impropriety	3. properly	4
1. partially	2. partly	3. parts	4. impartiality			366		2. property	4. proper
5. partial 9. impartial	6. partiality 10. partitioned	7. party 11. partner	8. partisan 12. partnership			protectorates     protectionism	protection    protector	3. protective	
226							s. protector	6. protect	

presenter

10. represent

4. payers'

3. impersonation

7. personality 11. impersonator

4. please

4. pointlessness

4. politicians

4. practice

4. production

9. practicality

personal
 personally

5. politicise; politics

5. impractical

10. practitioner

4. presentation

5. improper

9. presently

12, personification

367				
<ol> <li>provider</li> </ol>	<ol><li>providence</li></ol>	3. provide	4. providential	5. provisions
368				5. provisions
publicty     bublish	publication     public	3. publicity 8. publishers	4. publicist 9. republic	5. publicise
369			or optione.	<ol><li>republican</li></ol>
1. racist	2. racially	3. race 4	anti-racist 5 raci	
370			anti-racist 5. raci	al 6. racism
1. realist 5. real 9. realisation	2. realistic 6. realism 10. really	3. reality 7. unreality 11. unreal	4. realistically 8. realise	
371				
1. reliant 5. rely	unreliable     reliability	reliable     reliance	4. reliably	
372				
1. relation	2. unrelated	3. relative	4. relationship	5 lutions
373			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	5. relations
1. residential	2. resides	3. residence	4. resident	6 14
374			The state of the s	<ol><li>residency/residence</li></ol>
respectability     respectively	respecter     respect	3. respectful 8. respects	irrespective     respectable	5. respectfully
375			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	<ol><li>respective</li></ol>
scholar     scholastic	scholarly    schooling	scholarship     school		
376				
secretive     secret	secretiveness     secretarial	secretly     secretariat	4. secrecy 9. secretively	5. secretary 10. secreted
377			,	10. secreted
selflessness (unselfishness)     selfless (unselfish)		2. selfish 5. self	3. selfishness 6. selfishly	
378			,	
sensibly     sense     sensitises	sensuousness     sensibility     insensitive	3. senses 8. insensitivity 13. sensuality	sensible     sensitive     sensual/sensuous	5. senseless 10. sensitivity
379				15. insensible
. inseparable . separable	separated     separately	separation     separatists		

3	80
1.	heter
5.	sexus

heterosexua     sexuality     sexist	ls 2. sexless 6. sexy 10. sexologisi	3. sexu 7. sexis /sexua/ 11. sex		nosexual(s) exual
381		11, 304		
1. sharpen 4. sharply	<ol> <li>sharpness</li> <li>sharpener</li> </ol>	3. sharp 6. sharpish		
382		,		
1. shorts	2. shorten	3. shortish	4. shortness	5 about
383			31101 111003	5. shortly
I. simplify 5. simplistic	2. simplicity 6. simpleton	3. oversimplifying 7. simple	4. simp	lification
384			0. 0747	simplifications
1. sociable 6. social 11. anti-social	2. socially 7. socialism 12. sociology	unsocial     unsociable     sociologist	4. socialites 9. socialist 14. sociological	5. socialise 10. society
385			· · · sociological	
1. soften 4. softy	softener     software	3. softness 6. soft		
386				
specialises     special	specially     specialist	3. especially 4. 7. speciality 8.	specialisation specialism	
387			-p-oration	
statesmanlike     stateless	statehood     stately	state     statesman		
388				
successful     unsuccessful	succeed     successor	3. success 7. successfully	successive	
389		,		
sweet; unsweeten     sweetly	ed 2. sweet: 6. sweet:		4. sweetie	
390		. a woodener		
technical     technicalities	2 technique 5. technically	3 technological		

technical     technicalities	2 technique	3 technological
	<ol><li>technically</li></ol>	6. technology